

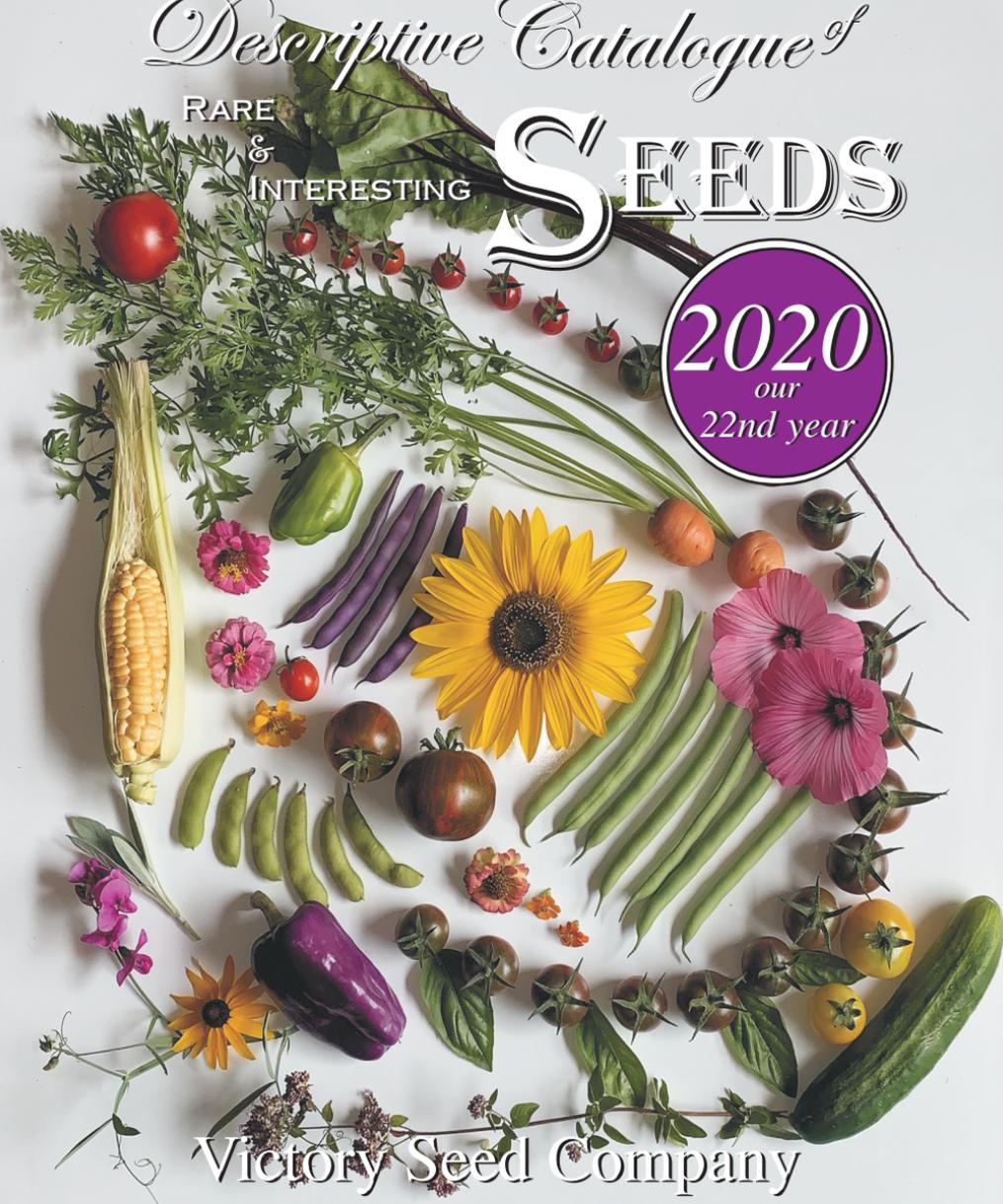
\$2.00

Descriptive Catalogue of

RARE
&
INTERESTING

SEEDS

2020
our
22nd year



Victory Seed Company

"Preserving the future one seed at a time"™

www.VictorySeeds.com

**Why choose to support the Victory Seed Company with your orders?
The short answer is that we really can use your help!**

For over twenty years, we have remained true to our foundational mission of protecting and preserving plant varieties and keeping them available to gardeners. We are committed to providing you with the highest quality seeds combined with the best customer service that we possibly can. Our values are a bit different than most other seed suppliers.

- 1) We are independent and have no one to answer to except you, our supporters. We do not have financial backers, debt, shareholders, or large suppliers that dictate our actions.
- 2) We actually farm and raise seed. Most garden packet seed companies do not. Since it is not possible to raise everything on our farm, we work with a select group of growers here in the United States. Supporting other family farmers, especially small seed producers, is important to us.
- 3) Although some companies claim to be family owned, what they really mean is that they are privately held. We are a traditional, multi-generational, family owned and operated, farm-based, mission-driven biodiversity preservation organization.
- 4) Making money is not what motivates us. The sale of seeds supports our preservation and philanthropic work. Other businesses sell seeds with financial gain as their primary goal. Some do offer older varieties, but sadly, very few of them actually perform original research or variety preservation work.
- 5) Your orders directly fund our ability to save and keep varieties available. It is an expensive process, requiring a commitment of time, land, and a lot of labor, to go from a small seed sample to the point of having enough inventory to share.

Please do consider partnering with us in this plant variety preservation work by making us your garden seed source. We deeply appreciate the support your orders provide. Thank you!

'Valena Pink'

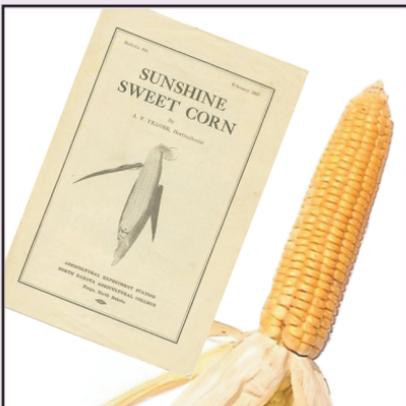


Available on page 43

Livingston's 'Golden Queen'

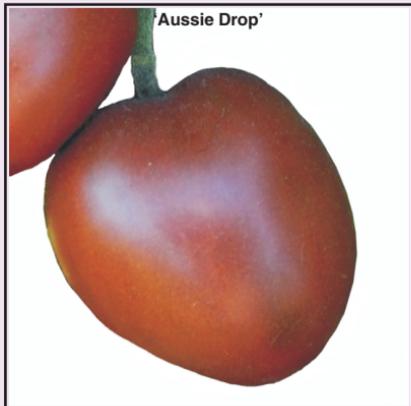


Available on page 48



Available on page 15

'Aussie Drop'



Available on page 32

Dear Gardening Friends,

Writing annual greetings to you, the supporters of our biodiversity preservation work, has become a favorite December tradition. As you read this, the "teens" have ended and the decade of the '20s has already begun. My first address was penned at the dawn of the new millennium when I was a much younger man. I introduced you to Victory Seeds®, described a few of our dreams and lofty goals, and outlined our purpose and mission; a mission from which we proudly have never strayed.

Many of the projects, for example opening an educational center, or building a long-term seed storage facility, have yet to be realized. But with the support of your donations and purchases, we have achieved some pretty great things over the past 22 years. A few highlights include:

- Hundreds of thousands of seed packets donated to schools and other organizations that serve the less fortunate.
- The resurrection and reintroduction of the Alexander W. Livingston tomato collection.
- Working to introduce the Dwarf Tomato Project as well as maintaining their complete collection.
- Partnering with the Open-Source Seed Initiative to help keep varieties "freed" and publicly accessible.
- The reintroduction of many old commercial cultivars that had been dropped by others.
- Helped numerous families protect their precious heirlooms by introducing them to the gardening public.

This work is far from over. Large corporations continue to consume companies and drop plant varieties. Additionally, many good seed companies and organizations that shared our philosophies and actively worked to slow the loss of biological diversity have disappeared.

Far from slowing down, I feel an increased urgency, as well as a renewed resolve, to dedicate the rest of my productive years to this cause. All of this is dependant on your support. Your orders, donations, and word-of-mouth recommendations are what keep us going. Thank you for doing your part.

We look forward to being your partner in the garden, as your seed supplier, for decades to come! From all of us here at the Victory Seed Company, we wish you a happy and healthy 2020!

Mike

Contents

Artichoke & Cardoon	4
Asparagus	4
Basil	4
Beans	5
Bush Dry Beans	5
Bush Snap, Wax & Shell Beans	5
Pole, Lima, & Butterbeans	8
Favas & Runner Beans	9
Beets	9
Broccoli	10
Brussels Sprouts	10
Cabbage	11
Carrots	11
Cauliflower	12
Celery & Celeriac	12
Collards	13
Corn	13
Cucumbers	16
Eggplant	17
Endive, Escarole, Chicory & Radicchio	17
Gourds	18
Kale	18
Kohl Rabi	18
Leeks	18
Lettuce	19
Melons	20
Cantaloupe / Muskmelon	20
Watermelon	21
Mustard Greens	22
Okra	22
Onion	23
Parsley	23
Parsnips	24
Peas	24
Edible Podded Peas	24
Garden Peas	24
Cowpeas or Southern-type Peas	25
Peppers	26
Pumpkins	27
Radishes	27
Rutabaga / Swedes	28
Spinach	28
Squash	29
Summer Squash	29
Winter Squash	30
Swiss Chard	31
Tomatoes	32
Dwarf Tomato Project Varieties	32
Other Dwarfs	34
Red Fruited	35
Pink, Purple, Black Fruited	39
Orange, Yellow, Green, White Fruited	43
Paste	45
Small Fruited Varieties	46
A.W. Livingston Tomato Varieties	47
Other Tomato Relatives	48
Turnips & Seeds for Sustenance	49
Herb Seeds	50
Flower Seeds	52
Heirloom Tobacco Seeds	54
Ordering Information, Policies, Warranties, etc.	56
Victory Seed Co. Growing Guide	58
Victory Garden Kits	59

If you place your order using our secure website instead of mailing it in, you will not only receive your order much faster, you can also save 5%.

Enter "5off2020" (minus the quotes) in the "Apply Coupon" field of our cart system.

Offer is for online purchases only and expires on December 31, 2020.

Although this isn't a glossy, photo laden catalog, check out our website. We have one of the best available. It contains information based on our historical research, as well as actual field observations, photos, recipes, and gardening info. You will also find many more rare plant varieties than can be listed within these pages.

Legend

The following symbols next to variety names mean:

{CNG} = Varieties grown to Certified Naturally Grown standards. See page 56.

[NEW] = New additions to our catalog for 2020. More are found on our web site.

<OSSI> = Open Source Seed Initiative pledged seed varieties. See page 57 for more information.

VSC = Denotes introductions made by our preservation efforts and your support!

Artichoke & Cardoon

(Approximately 15 to 20 seeds/packet)

Start seeds indoors in late January or early February. Transplant into the garden after all danger of frost has passed. This will ensure that your plants will be well developed before the fall weather turns cold.

Grown from seed, up to 25% of the plants will be useless. This is due to the genetic makeup of the species and not a problem with our seeds. Cull sickly and albino plants at transplanting time. Eliminate nonproductive plants after the growing season is over.

From your select plants, you will be able to save seed and divide the clumps to increase your stands. Division is a good method for propagating additional plants with known traits.

Green Globe Artichoke

(Cynara scolymus) An attractive ornamental with edible flower buds. A delicacy that is boiled and served hot with melted lemon-butter (some of my family like to dip the petal tips in mayonnaise). The plant will require winter protection if you live in a zone that experiences severe freezing. Perennial.
3010012 — 1 gram — \$ 2.55

Cardoon {CNG}

(Cynara cardunculus) A relative of the artichoke, the growing characteristics are similar. However, instead of consuming the flowers, like you do with an artichoke, the thick, fleshy leaf bases, hearts and roots are eaten. They have a slightly spicy, celery-like flavor. They should be wrapped in paper and have dirt mounded around them to over-winter. Harvest is enjoyed beginning in early summer. Perennial.
3010022 — 1 gram — \$ 2.55

Asparagus

(Asparagus officinalis)

(Approximately 30 seeds/packet)

Not a plant to grow if you are looking for a fast reward. Although you probably will not enjoy your first crop for three growing seasons, it is well worth the wait!

Start the seeds indoors or in a greenhouse 60 to 90 days prior to your last expected frost date.

Direct seeding is not recommended. The plants will grow deep roots, therefore well drained, heavily composted soil is required. Asparagus likes to be fed — manure and compost are important to successful crops.

Mary Washington

Bred by J.B. Norton and released in 1919, it became the most popular variety. As a perennial plant, it will serve you for years.

3020011 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25



Basil

(Approximately 500 seeds/packet)

An annual plant that has been cultivated for centuries as a fresh and dried culinary herb. Common in America by the late 1700s. The leaves can be used fresh, or dried for use as a seasoning. Prefers well-drained soil, full sun, and even moisture.

Cinnamon Basil (*Ocimum basilicum*)

Adds an interesting cinnamon flavor to dishes that call for basil. Purple stems with dark green, two inch leaves on plants that can reach 30 inches tall. Purple blooms as well.

4000471 — 1 gram — \$ 2.45

Lemon Basil (*Ocimum americanum*)

A small leaf variety with 15-inch tall plants. Adds a lemony flavor to teas, salads, and other recipes.

4000051 — 1 gram — \$ 2.45

Lettuce Leaf Basil (*Ocimum basilicum*)

A variety of Sweet Basil. Productive, compact, vigorous 18-24 inch tall plants; large, slightly savoyed leaves that are exceptionally mild and sweet, and significantly larger than regular Sweet Basil. Produces all season long and is slow to bolt.

4000541 — 1 gram — \$ 2.45

Licorice Basil (aka Thai Basil)

(Ocimum basilicum) Grows up to 15 inches tall with leaves as big as two inches long. It has a distinct licorice or anise aroma and flavor. Used in Thai or other traditional Asian dishes.

4000521 — 1 gram — \$ 2.45

Lime Basil (*Ocimum americanum*)

The 12 to 24 inch tall plants grow best in full sun on well drained soil. Leaves have a zesty, citrus aroma; can be use in any recipe calling for basil.

4000481 — 1 gram — \$ 2.45

Learn about Victory Points™ on our website.

Sweet Basil (*Ocimum basilicum*)

These plants grow to about 18 inches, and provide several harvests. The leaves are used fresh to make pesto, and can be dried and used as a seasoning. A favorite of ours in Italian dishes.

4000042 — 1 gram — \$ 2.45



Beans

(*Phaseolus*)

Beans (*Phaseolus*) originated somewhere near Guatemala, but their migration throughout North & South America had occurred prior to European arrival. In fact, beans were almost as universally cultivated as maize was by the native people.

We offer many different varieties of beans and have organized them in the following pages by their growth habit (how they grow) and by their primary usage.

Refer to the planting guide at the end of this catalog and to our website for more information, recipes and even more bean varieties.

Bush Dry Beans

Arikara Yellow {CNG}

80 days — Determinate, drought tolerant plants. Primarily used dry, it can be harvested at about 45 days as a snap bean. A staple crop of the Arikara people; collected by the Lewis & Clark Expedition, it helped to sustain the expedition during the winter of 1805 at Fort Mandan. About 60 seeds/oz.

3030591 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030592 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

Calypso, Black (aka Yin-Yang)

70 to 90 days — Nice texture and used as a baking bean. The plants reach 15 inches and are strong. The pods contain 4 to 5 seeds which are white and black with black dots in the white part of the seed. Harvest young as a snap bean and after about 90 days for dry use. About 55 seeds/oz.

3030141 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030142 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030143 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Dark Red Kidney

95 days — Plants reach about 2 feet tall, are very productive, and set pods that are 5 to 6 inches long containing five beans each. The beans are large and dark maroonish-red. About 55 seeds/oz.

3031281 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031282 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031283 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Great Northern

90 days — In the early 1880s, seedsman Oscar H. Will reportedly obtained this bean from Son of Star, a Hidatsa Indian. It grows well in northern climates, is hardy and a heavy yielder. Reaches 20 to 24 inches in height. The white seeds are excellent baked or in soups. About 90 seeds/oz.

3030501 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030502 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030503 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Montezuma Red (aka Mexican Red) {CNG}

95 days — Bushes tend to sprawl and produce small, flattened dark red beans. Very productive. An heirloom popular in California since the mid-1800's but fairly rare now. Keeps shape well when baked. About 80 seeds/oz.

3030451 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95
3030452 — 2 ounces — \$ 4.55

Navy

90 days — Productive plants with 4 inch long pods that contain pure white seeds that are meaty and stay firm when cooked. An excellent choice for soups and baking. About 120 seeds/oz.

3031271 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031272 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031273 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

'Othello' Pinto

95 days — Vigorous bush type plants that tend to sprawl. Pods are three to four inches long, flat, and green. Can be used for snap beans when young and tender but primarily grown to maturity and used as a dry bean. About 80 seeds/oz.

3031241 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031242 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031243 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Taylor's Dwarf Horticultural

68 days — Plants are semi-runner type. Does well in cool climates. They are good early as a snap bean but generally used as green shell and dry beans. Dates back to the early 1800s and reportedly came from Italy. About 50 seeds/oz.

3030301 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030302 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030303 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95



Bush Snap, Wax & Shell Beans

Alicante {CNG}

55 days — French filet-type gourmet bush green bean. Compact, very productive with straight, thin pods best harvested when young and tender. They are uniformly dark green in color and tasty. Disease resistant. About 75 seeds/pack.

3031311 — ½ ounce — \$ 2.45

Blue Lake 274

58 days — A bush version of the popular climber. The pods reach 5½ to 6½ inches in length. This is a canner's favorite as the variety tends to mature its heavy crop all at once. Introduced in 1964. Disease resistant. About 90 seeds/oz.

3030011 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030012 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030013 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Borlotto (aka Borlotti)

70 days — An Italian heirloom; grows like regular bush beans. Pods are cream colored, mottled with rosy-red. Harvest beans just as the seeds start to swell in the pods. About 40 seeds/oz.

3030341 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030342 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

Bountiful

47 days — Plants are 15 to 18 inches tall, bushy and erect when young but straggly appearing when fully grown. As the name implies, it is very productive, very early, vigorous, and hardy. The pods are 6 inches long, light green in color, broad and straight. Excellent fresh, frozen or canned. About 85 seeds/oz.

3031131 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3031132 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

3031133 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Brittle Wax (aka Brittlewax)

55 days — Pods are 6 inches long, pale green ripening to a light golden-yellow color, stringless, fleshy, fiberless, with fine texture. An excellent choice for home gardens, market growers and canning. About 40 seeds/oz.

3031251 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3031252 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

3031253 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Coco Noir Starazogorski

56 days — An attractive, dual-purpose variety with 5 inch, flat, light-green pods. Picked young they are stringless. The mature, glossy, black beans can be used shelled or as dry beans. About 55 seeds/oz.

3031041 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3031042 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

3031043 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Contender

55 days — Extremely early, very dependable and prolific. It produces long, round to slightly oval pods that are medium green and about six inches long at maturity. Very tasty fresh out of the garden, canned or frozen. About 60 seeds/oz.

3030791 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3030792 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

3030793 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Golden Butterwax

50 days — Plants are productive, vigorous, sturdy and upright. Produce over a long period of time. Pods are straight, golden-yellow, and reach about 6 inches long. Resistant to rust and Common Bean Mosaic Virus. About 120 seeds/oz.

3031331 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3031332 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

3031333 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Golden Wax Improved (aka Topnotch)

50 days — Plants grow 16 to 18 inches tall, are upright and compact. The pods are about 5 inches long, golden-yellow in color, thick, flat, straight, stringless and tender. Excellent heavy yielding home garden variety. About 95 seeds/oz.

3030531 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3030532 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

3030533 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Greencrop (aka Bush Kentucky Wonder)

50 days — Plants grow 18 to 20 inches tall with stringless pods that reach about seven inches long with white seeds. The crop matures at one time. AAS® winner in 1957. About 70 seeds/oz.

3030051 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3030052 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

3030053 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Gross Brother's Vermont Cranberry (CNG) VSC

65-85 days — A 2007 Victory Seed Co. introduction. The seeds are buff, heavily mottled with cranberry coloring. Used fresh or canned as green beans or dried. Upright plants are sturdy and don't require support. About 55 seeds/oz.

3030601 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Harvester

53 days — The pods are straight, round in cross section, 5 to 6 inches in length, medium-green in color, tender, smooth and stringless. The bushes are tall (over 20 inches) and set the pods high for easy picking. Introduced in 1957. It is resistant to common and NY bean virus. About 90 seeds/oz.

3031061 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3031062 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

3031063 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Improved Commodore

60 days — Plants are open, vigorous and reach 16 inches tall. Pods are 6 to 8 inches long, slightly curved, and dark green. They are very tender and tasty. Good fresh or frozen. AAS® winner in 1945. About 75 seeds/oz.

3031051 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3031052 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

3031053 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Landreth Stringless

55 days — This very old variety was released in 1885 by the Landreth Seed Company. The pods are borne on 21-inch, erect plants and are green, round in cross-section, about 5 inches long, slightly curved, meaty, tasty, tender and nearly fiberless. About 65 seeds/oz.

3030611 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3030612 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

Large Purple Kidney (CNG) VSC

90 days — Erect plants reach 24 inches tall, require no support, and are very productive. Pods reach 6 to 7 inches long with kidney-type beans that are large, meaty, and a deep maroonish-purple color that turn brown when cooked. Flavor is outstanding. About 35 seeds/oz.

3030641 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

Pencil Pod Black Wax

50 days — Plants can reach about 2 feet, are bushy, vigorous, rust and mosaic virus resistant. Pods are curved, about 5 to 7 inches long, and golden-yellow in color. Excellent all-purpose type; great fresh, canned, or frozen. Seeds are black. Introduced in 1900. About 80 seeds/oz.

3030651 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3030652 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

3030653 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Promise Half-Runner (CNG) VSC

60 days — A 2004 Victory Seed Co. introduction, this variety has been grown by Mike Dunton's family since 1898. Prolific and hardy, it helped sustain a pioneer family. Semi-erect, half runner plants. Good fresh or canned. About 75 seeds/oz.

3030461 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Provider

50 days — High yielding. Plants have a strong, upright growth habit. Pods have purple seeds, are

5 to 6 inches long, smooth, and medium-green in color. Resistant to Bean Common Mosaic Virus, Pod Mottle Virus, and some races of rust. Introduced in 1966. About 80 seeds/oz.

3031071 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031072 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031073 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Purple Dove {CNG}

70 days — The half-runner type bushes generally do not require support and produce deep purple flowers and beautiful purple pods that have an excellent flavor, are primarily stringless, and turn green when cooked. About 95 seeds/oz.

3030951 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Resistant Cherokee Wax

52 days — Vigorous and productive plants. Pods are 5 to 6 inches in length, pale yellowish-green in color, and with deep black seeds. An excellent early variety for home or market growers. Introduced in 1959. About 100 seeds/oz.

3031251 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031252 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031253 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Roma II

53 days — Broad, flat pods that are grayish green in color. Very tasty fresh and retains flavor after processing. About 70 seeds/oz.

3030061 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030062 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

Royal Burgundy

60 days — Erect plants reach 18 inches tall and do well in cool weather. Stringless, purple, 6 inch long pods turn dark green when cooked. Great for fresh eating, freezing or canning. About 110 seeds/oz.

3030801 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030802 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

Royalty Purple Pod

53 days — Strong, upright plants with short runners and 6 inch long, round, creased-back, stringless, purple pods. Germinates well in cooler soils. Resistant to Bean Common Mosaic Virus. Released in 1957. About 90 seeds/oz.

3031081 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031082 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031083 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Slenderette

55 days — Plants are upright, dark green and produce excellent yields of slim, five inch long, straight pods with white seeds. Excellent fresh, canned or frozen. Bred and introduced by the Charter Seed Co. in 1968. About 85 seeds/oz.

3030811 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030812 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

Spartan Arrow

52 days — Plants are hardy, upright, 2 feet tall, and productive. Pods are stringless, concentrated, easy to pick, green, straight, and 5 to 6 inches long. Bean Common Mosaic Virus and New York 15 strain of Bean Virus 1 resistant. Introduced in 1963. About 80 seeds/oz.

3031091 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031092 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031093 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Spartan Half Runner (aka Spartan Striped)

55 days — Semi-vining bushes are vigorous and productive. Pods are slender, light-green, about five inches long with seeds that are tan with brown striping. Multipurpose variety. About 90 seeds/oz.

3031301 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031302 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031303 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

State Half Runner

60 days — Semi-vining bushes are productive with silver-green colored pods reaching about four inches long, are stringless when young, and have an old-fashioned bean flavor. Introduced in 1963. About 110 seeds/oz.

3031291 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031292 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031293 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Tender Crop (aka Tendercrop)

54 days — Good fresh and frozen. Pods are 5 to 6 inches long and medium-green in color. Resistant to Bean Common Mosaic Virus and Pod Mottle Virus. Introduced in 1958. About 85 seeds/oz.

3031141 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031142 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031143 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Tenderette

56 days — Plants are upright, productive with pods that are 5½ inches long, slim, straight, dark-green with white seeds. Resistant to Common Bean Mosaic Virus and New York 15 Virus. Excellent fresh, canned or frozen. Bred and introduced by the Charter Seed Co. in 1962. About 85 seeds/oz.

3030901 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030902 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030903 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Tendergreen, Improved

55 days — Productive plants are vigorous, strong, erect, and reach 20 inches in height. Pods are six inches, bright green, tender but brittle, and have an excellent flavor. Great choice for freezing, canning and of course, fresh eating. Released in 1950. About 70 seeds/oz.

3031221 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031222 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031223 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Tenderpod

55 days — Pods are about 6 inches long, uniform, meaty, stringless, and medium-green in color. A home garden variety used fresh and processed. Particularly suited for freezing. Introduced and an AAS® winner in 1941. About 95 seeds/oz.

3031151 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031152 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031153 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Topcrop (aka Top Crop)

50 days — Strong, upright, disease resistant plants reach 24-inches tall. Pods are 6 to 7 inches long, round and stringless. Heavy crops with concentrated pickings. Seeds are dark brown speckled with tan. Great fresh, canned or frozen. Introduced and an AAS® winner in 1950. About 80 seeds/oz.

3030071 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030072 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030073 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Pole Beans

Bergin {CNG} VSC

70 days — An old family heirloom from Jasper County, Mississippi. Stems and pods are green with a purple blush at harvest becoming uniformly purple at maturity. Seeds are a deep, dark purple, almost black. An excellent green bean picked early and also good as a dry bean. About 80 seeds/oz.

3030931 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Blue Lake, Wright Strain {CNG} VSC

70 days — An old strain of the original 'Blue Lake' pole bean grown since the 1950s by a local farm family, the Wrights, here in Liberal, OR. Once the standard commercial green bean variety. Pods are stringless and tender when young, tasty, and reaching 6 inches long. For fresh, canned, frozen or dried use. About 100 seeds/oz.

3030931 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Cherokee Trail of Tears {CNG}

65 to 90 days — An old Oklahoma heirloom from the Wyche family. Vines reach eight feet. Pods are six inches and green with purple shading. The seeds are a shiny, jet-black color. Used when young and tender as green snap beans or left to mature for dry beans. About 55 seeds/0.5 oz.

3030921 — ½ ounce — \$ 2.95

Grandma Rose's {CNG} VSC

75 to 90 days — A multi-purpose Italian heirloom pole bean with vines reaching 6 to 8 feet (visit our website for its history). Harvest young as a green bean, at the green shelling stage, and mature as a dry bean. Pods are green and tasty when young turning tan with maroon streaks as they mature. The seeds are large, flattened-oblong shaped and tan with maroon streaks. About 55 seeds/oz.

3031211 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Indiana Wild Goose {CNG}

100 days — Pods reach 8 inches long and contain 5 to 8, sandy-brown seeds with flattened ends and with an almost nutty flavor. Primarily referenced as a dry bean, it is quite good at the green shell bean stage. About 45 seeds/oz.

3030981 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Kentucky Wonder (aka Old Homestead)

68 days — A green pole bean. Very reliable, early maturing, and productive. It can be enjoyed fresh, canned, dried, or frozen. About 75 seeds/oz.

3030081 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3030082 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

3030083 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

McCaslan

66 days — An old Southern family heirloom introduced by the Hastings Seed Co. in 1912. The prolific vines produce pods that reach 8 inches and can be used as snap beans or shelled. The seeds are plump and white. About 80 seeds/oz.

3030751 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

Visit our website for kits, collections, books, cover crop seeds, tools and so much more.

Riggin's Stick {CNG} VSC

68 to 100 days — Prolific, productive, vines can reach 10 feet. Pods are harvested at 3 to 5 inches when nearly stringless and enjoyed for their old-timey, green bean flavor. Can also be used at the green shelly bean stage, or later for dry beans. A family heirloom from KY. About 60 seeds/oz.

3030551 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Rattlesnake

100 days — Named after the way their pods twist and snake around the vines and poles. Used young as green beans. As dry beans, they are great in chili or baked dishes. About 95 seeds/oz.

3030231 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3030232 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

Valena {CNG} VSC

75 to 90 days — Pods are flat, green and tasty when used young as a green bean, at the green shelling stage, and mature as a dry bean. The seeds are large, egg-shaped and tan with darker brown streaks. Vines need good, tall, strong support as they are very vigorous and very productive. About 35 seeds/oz.

3030101 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45



Lima Beans & Butterbeans

Dixie Butterpea Speckled

75 days — Seeds are almost round, small, reddish-brown speckled with darker brown. Plants are vigorous, bushy, growing to about two feet tall. The pods are slightly curved, about 4 inches long, and contain 3 to 4 seeds each. Very productive in hot, dry conditions. About 95 seeds/oz.

3030381 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

Henderson's Bush Lima

70 days — This old favorite is also known as Henderson's Dwarf, Henderson's Baby Lima, and Earliest Bush Lima. An old-time favorite used for canning, freezing and dry use. The seeds dry to a creamy white. The erect, bushy plants are reliable and set pods until frost. About 75 seeds/oz.

3030401 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3030402 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

3030403 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Snow on the Mountain {CNG}

90 to 120 days — Vines are productive, vigorous, reach 8 to 10 feet tall, and require strong support. Pods contain 2 to 4 beans that are maroon in color with a splash of white around the eye giving the appearance of a snow-capped mountain. About 50 seeds/oz.

3031201 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

As a mission driven organization, your feedback is very important to us.

Please help keep these old varieties available to future generations. Learn and practice seed saving, share your seeds and gardening skills with others, support our preservation efforts by purchasing your seeds from the Victory Seed Company, and please tell your gardening friends and family about us.

Fava Beans

(*Vicia faba*)

(Approximately 15 to 20 seeds/ounce)

Fava beans are not from the same genus as garden beans. They are used small as you would green or snap beans or if they are a bit past their prime, shelled by cooking in salted water. The upper leaves can also be cooked like spinach.

Aquadulce

90 days — This variety can stand very cold conditions (to about 15°F) and can be planted in the fall for early spring harvest. Plants reach 40 inches. About 15 seeds/oz.

3030312 — 2 ounces — \$ 2.45

3030313 — ¼ pound — \$ 3.55

Broad Windsor

85 days — 36 to 48 inch plants that are upright and non-branching. The 5 to 8 inch long pods contain 5 to 7 seeds. The seeds are about the diameter of a U.S. quarter dollar coin and a little over twice as thick. About 15 seeds/oz.

3030292 — 2 ounces — \$ 2.45

3030293 — ¼ pound — \$ 3.55

Sweet Lorane

100 days — A small-seeded fava variety, it is a great nitrogen fixer and can be used for cover cropping to improve your garden's soil, when planted in the fall. It is also a very cold hardy variety. About 48 seeds/oz.

3030911 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75



Runner Beans

(*Phaseolus coccineus*)

(Approximately 25 to 30 seeds/ounce)

Runner beans grow well in almost any soil but benefit from that which has been well-dug and manured. Support growing plants with canes, poles, netting or bean frames.

Scarlet Runner

60 to 90 days — An heirloom variety cultivated as early as 1750. A vigorous grower and good producer. The vines grow to 18 feet. Often planted as an ornamental and to attract hummingbirds and pollinator insects. Harvest young as a snap bean or mature and shell as dry bean. About 25 seeds/oz.

3030092 — 2 ounces — \$ 2.45

3030093 — ¼ pound — \$ 3.55

White Emergo (aka Sweet White Runner)

80 days — Prolific and vigorous growth with white flowers. The slender pods are quite good when picked young and tender. Flavorful and fleshy with a fine texture. Pick regularly for a continuous crop. About 25 seeds/oz.

3030562 — 2 ounces — \$ 2.45

3030563 — ¼ pound — \$ 3.55

We strive for accuracy and take pride in the volume of original research we are able to perform with our limited financial and human resources. Check out our website.

Beets

(*Beta vulgaris*)

(Approximately 50 to 80 seeds/gram)

Historically speaking, beets seem to be a relatively new vegetable. With no firm records of their existence prior to the 1600s, what we call a "beef" today was known as a "Blood Turnip" up until the late 1880s.

Because the plant has a long taproot, beets like well worked, loam soil. However, if the soil is too rich, you may experience forked roots or plants that go to seed. Beets tend to toughen as they mature. Table varieties can be eaten raw, canned, pickled, baked or boiled.

Boltardy (aka Bolthardy)

60 days — A Detroit-type beet from Holland that has deep-red, ringless flesh with smooth skin. Hardy enough to withstand cool weather sowings in spring and is highly resistant to bolting.

3040131 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Bull's Blood

60 days — The tops of this variety are quite tasty and beautiful. Matures in 35 days for tops and 60 days for roots.

3040081 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Burpee's Golden

55 days — This dual purpose variety was bred and released by W. Atlee Burpee Company. Reportedly available since about 1828. The tops are tender and excellent cooked as greens. Roots are a dark golden color with deep yellow flesh that does not bleed like red beets.

3040111 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Cylindra (aka Butter Slicer or Formanova)

75 days — A Danish variety that produces an elongated (6 to 8 inches) beet making it ideal for slicing. Produces many more uniform slices than globe shape varieties. Sweet, tender and smooth skinned with small, edible, reddish green tops.

3040011 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Detroit Dark Red

58 days — Introduced in 1892, and said to be the most popular garden variety ever. Its origins are based on the European 'Early Blood Turnip'. Very good right out of the garden, canned or pickled. Globe shaped, excellent deep blood-red color, sweet, smooth and tender.

3040021 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Early Wonder Tall Top

55 days — Yields crimson-red flesh with flattened globe-shaped roots and tall, bright, dark green succulent tops. Use the tender leaves for greens and the dark red roots for salads, pickled, borscht or cooked. Originally introduced in 1811.

3040031 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Our 22nd Year!

Thanks to all of your support, we have remained true to our mission of preserving and supplying rare and heirloom seeds. **Thank You!**

Red Mammoth Fodder Beet

95 to 120 days — Have nearly vanished from modern agriculture but once very important to farmers. Suitable for the table when young. When mature, they are lifted, stored, and provide valuable winter feed for livestock and poultry. Oval to spindle-shaped roots can reach 20 to 25 pounds and have dull-red colored skin with white flesh.

3040151 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Ruby Queen

55 days — A popular Northeast canning variety. Does well in poor soil. Round with smooth skin and uniform dark red, fine, buttery flesh. Tops are dull green with a bit of maroon. Holds shape well when crowded. AAS® winner in 1957.

3040041 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Three Root Grex Beet

55 days — Various colored roots - yellow, orange, red, purple - in different shapes, that are very sweet and tender. Bred by Alan Kapular of Peace Seeds. Not a "mix" of different types, but an interbreeding mix of three distinctive cultivars, 'Crosby Purple Egyptian', 'Lutz Overwintering' and 'Yellow Intermediate Mangel'. About 70seeds/gram.

3040171 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25



Broccoli

(*Brassica oleracea*)

(Approximately 125 to 175 seeds/packet)

Historically a cool weather crop. Start seeds inside in early spring for a summer crop and in late summer for a late fall crop. Transplant outdoors when the plants have developed 4 or 5 leaves or sow directly in warm, moist soil.

Fresh broccoli is full of vitamins and minerals and should be part of everyone's home garden. Excellent raw, when young and tender as a garnish in a green salad, lightly steamed, or roasted with olive oil and salt.

Di Cicco

75 days — An old, reliable European variety introduced in 1890. Compact, 2 to 3 foot high plants with a central 3 to 4 inch head and numerous side shoots. More productive than many hybrids. Non-uniform in maturity making it an excellent home garden variety. Freezes well.

3050031 — ½ gram — \$ 2.25

Early Purple Sprouting

200 days — An old English, over-wintering variety for early spring harvest. Many secondary shoots with small purple heads for continuous cutting.

3050051 — ½ gram — \$ 2.25

Early Fall Rapini (*B. rapa* subsp. *rapa*)

55 days — Sown in the late summer into early fall, the tender leafy shoots and flowering heads of this early bolting variety are harvested before the flowers open. Thrives in cooler temperatures.

3050061 — ½ gram — \$ 2.25

Thank you for supporting our seed variety preservation work with your orders!

Green Sprouting Calabrese

80 days — Plants reach 36 inches tall, are erect and leafy. Planted in the spring, they produce central heads, that are bluish-green in color, average 3 to 5 inches across, and are harvested in the summer. The plants can be laid down and side shoots harvested as they develop. Frost resistant.

3050011 — ½ gram — \$ 2.25

Romanesco Broccoli (*B. oleracea* var. *botrytis*)

95 days — Related to broccoli, it is actually a variant of cauliflower. Its heads incorporate a unique, beautiful, spiraling pattern that is a light-green color. Plants looks like cauliflower plants.

3050091 — ½ gram — \$ 2.25

Spring Rapini (*B. rapa* subsp. *rapa*)

40 days — Another variety of Broccoli Raab sown for an early spring harvest. No central head but many small, tasty leaves and side shoots.

3050081 — ½ gram — \$ 2.25



Brussels Sprouts

(*Brassica oleracea* var. *gemmifera*)

(Approximately 75 to 125 seeds/packet)

Brussels Sprouts require the same basic culture as broccoli. They are generally very winter hardy.

Catskill

85 to 110 days — The 20 to 24 inch tall plants produce heavily. The sprouts are large (up to 1¼ inches), dark-green, and firm. Primarily used for fall harvests, it is good fresh or frozen. Introduced in 1941 by Arthur White of Arkport, New York.

3060021 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Long Island Improved

110 days — Closely set, tight, dark green, 1½ inch sprouts grow on a 20 inch tall plant. This is a standard old variety.

3060011 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95



Cabbage

(*Brassica oleracea* var. *capitata*)

(Approximately 75 to 100 seeds/packet)

Spring planted cabbage is usually started indoors, four weeks prior to your last expected frost date. Two weeks before transplanting, the seedlings should be hardened off or acclimated to the outdoors. Do this every day by moving pots outside into the shade and then returning indoors at night exposing the plants to increasing amounts of direct sunlight. Check moisture often so that they do not dry out. Some varieties can be planted in the summer for fall harvests.

All Seasons (aka Vandegaw or Succession)

90 days — Heat resistant, fine-flavored, produces good, hard heads that are 10 inches in diameter, average about 12 pounds in weight, and are round but flattened on the top. One of the first yellows resistant varieties, it was released in 1920.

3070231 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Bok Choy (*B. rapa Chinensis Group*)

60 days — Fast growing, slow to bolt, and cold hardy, 'Bok Choy' is a good choice for cool climate areas. Grows best in spring and fall.

3070251 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Brunswick

70 days — Large drumhead-type cabbage. Cold hardy, late-season variety. Good for fall/winter harvest and stores well. Some sources state that it is an old, 18th Century variety while others list it as having a 1924 introduction date. An excellent market variety that is becoming rare.

3070221 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Chinese Michihli (*Brassica rapa*)

90 days — Produces cylindrical heads that are upright, 4 inches in diameter and 14 to 24 inches in height. Interiors are self-blanching. Plant mid-summer for a fall crop. The most common Chinese cabbage grown in America.

3070011 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Copenhagen Market

100 days — Solid, 6 to 8 inch diameter, round heads average 3 to 4 pounds. Keeps well. It is believed to be the old German variety, 'Ditmarscher'. Introduced in 1909.

3070021 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Drumhead

100 days — The heads are blue-green in color with good wrapper leaves, flattened and large. Can reach 12 pounds under ideal conditions.

3070081 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Early Jersey Wakefield

75 days — An early variety, it is generally grown for a summer harvest but does over-winter well. Plants are short-stemmed with conical, 7 inch in diameter green heads with a fine tender flavor. Yellows resistant. Dates back to the late 1700s.

3070041 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Golden Acre

64 days — The heads are tightly folded, solid, 5 to 7 inches in diameter, round, grey-green in color and weigh 3 to 5 pounds. An early variety, not a long-standing variety but is Yellows resistant.

3070051 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Late Flat Dutch

110 days — The flattened oval heads are about 7 inches deep by 10 to 12 inches in diameter. A good keeper, they are one of the best late fall and early winter cabbages. Flat Dutch varieties are some of the earliest recorded cabbages.

3070201 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Mammoth Red Rock (aka Red Danish)

105 days — Well adapted for most areas and yields large (four to seven pound), red, solid, round heads that have fine flavor and keeps well. Great raw, cooked or pickled. Nice deep color.

3070061 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Perfection

90 days — Savoy-type cabbage with deeply crumpled, dark green leaves. Very tender with an excellent flavor.

3070211 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Red Acre

100 days — Compact plants with short stems produce solid, 5 to 7 inches in diameter, round, flattened, red-purple colored heads weighing 2 to 4 pounds. Stands well and is one of the best red varieties for storage. Yellows resistant.

3070071 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

**Carrots**

(*Daucus carota*)

(Approximately 400 to 650 seeds/packet)

Sow directly into the garden as early as the ground can be worked. Space rows 12 to 18 inches apart. Make successive plantings until the first of August.

Generally, the brighter the orange color, the higher the content of Beta Carotene. Breeders began developing orange carrots about 400 years ago — before that time they were purple or white in color and considered undesirable.

Autumn King (aka Flakkee or Long Flacoro)

85 days — Bright-orange roots reach 12 inches long and 2½ inches in diameter. Popular European variety used primarily for processing. Cold tolerance allows it to be sown in August for harvesting throughout the winter.

3090171 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Chantenay, Red Cored

70 days — This variety was developed in France in the 1830s. It is stump-rooted, 5 to 5½ inches long, tender, sweet, with bright orange roots.

3090011 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Cosmic Purple

60 days — Purple colored carrots have been cultivated for centuries. Bright purple on the outside and orange on the inside. They make an interesting and tasty addition to a veggie platter. Six to eight inch long, sweet Danvers-type carrot.

3090121 — 1 gram — \$ 2.50

Danvers 126

73 days — Works in most soils. Uniform orange-red color, 7 to 8 inches long. The tops are large and the plant is heat tolerant. For home and market processing. Introduced in 1971.

3090031 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Imperator 58

75 days — Slender, slightly tapered, 6 to 7½ inches in length, small cored with deep-orange flesh. It also stores well. An AAS® winner in 1933.

3090051 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Kuroda

85 days — Bright orange, 7 to 9 inch long, stump-rooted, cylindrical shaped, tender and sweet flavored. Popular Asian market variety. Does well in a wide variety of soils.

3090161 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

**Celebrating
Our 22nd Year!**

Little Fingers

60 days — Deep-orange color, ½ inch by 3 inches long, blunt tips, with smooth skin and small cores. Because the color develops early, they can be harvested at the young, tender stage for use as baby gourmet carrots.

3090101 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Nantes Fancy

68 days — Smooth skinned, cylindrical in shape, and reach about 8-inches in length. They are sweet and crisp, holds well in the ground, and are a good storage variety.

3090201 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Oxheart (aka Guerande)

80 days — Thick-conical or heart-shaped carrots, moderate-orange color, averages 2¾ to 4¾ inches in length. An old French heirloom introduced in the U.S. in 1884.

3090221 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Scarlet Nantes

68 days — Outstanding for flavor, this strain has a strong top with 4 to 5 inch semi-tapered roots.

3090071 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Tendersweet, Henderson's

75 days — Distinct, dark purplish-green foliage. Roots are deep-orange colored, average 8 to 10 inches long, and taper slightly from the shoulder to a blunt end. Introduced in 1928.

3090211 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95



Cauliflower

(*Brassica oleracea* var. *botrytis*)
(Approximately 120 to 140 seeds/packet)

Since the "heads" best develop in cool weather, seeds are typically sown in the summer and allowed to mature during the fall. Sunlight will cause the heads to discolor so blanching may be required for some varieties. This is accomplished by tying the outer leaves around the heads when they reach the size of a golf ball.

Harvest the heads at their peak while they are tight. Cauliflower can be enjoyed raw, steamed, frozen, pickled, or as a mashed potato substitute.

All-Year-Round

68 days — The heads are large and tight and surrounded by dark green leaves. It is a good variety for succession planting as well as growing in cold frames.

3100031 — ½ gram — \$ 1.85

Early Snowball

55 days — Heads are smooth, pure white in color, average between 3 to 5 pounds in weight and about six inches across. It is a medium-sized plant with good foliage coverage and matures uniformly. It is reliable, excellent fresh and also freezes well.

3100011 — ½ gram — \$ 1.85

Saving rare, threatened, heritage seeds for over 22 years! Thank you for your continued support.

Igloo

70 days — A late season variety, excellent fresh, but developed for freezing or processing. Its heads are heavy, bright white, about 7 inches across, and protected from frost by its dense, upright foliage, also known as the wrapper leaves.

3100041 — ½ gram — \$ 1.85

Snowball Self-Blanching

68 days — A snowball-type with leaves that curl in the cool fall weather and cover the head to keep the white color. Does not require tying until heads are six to eight inches across.

3100021 — ½ gram — \$ 1.85



Celery & Celeriac

(*Apium graveolens*)
(Approximately 200 seeds/packet)

Start indoors from February through April.

Germination is slow and can take up to three weeks. During germination, keep soil consistently moist but not wet.

Set out when plants are three to five inches tall and after danger of frost has passed. Space six to nine inches apart in rows two to three feet apart.

Keep mulched to ensure soil moisture retention. They are a very heavy feeder and like rich, fertile ground loaded with organic matter. Biennial.

Golden Self-Blanching

90 days — Vigorous with upright, medium green foliage. Stocky, solid, thick stalks blanch easily.

3110021 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.85

Tall Utah 52-70

110 days — Eleven to twelve inch stalks on plants that reach about 30 inches in height. Medium dark green, crisp, tender and tasty. Released in 1953.

3110031 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.85

Tendercrisp

105 days — Compact plants that reach about 2 feet tall. Stalks are smooth, thick, and dark green. Resistant to boron and magnesium deficiencies. Tolerance to western celery mosaic virus.

3110071 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.85

Ventura

100 days — Strong upright stalks that are dark green in color, and smooth-ribbed. Heavy yielding, resistant to bolting and some Fusarium wilts.

3110081 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.85

Although we are a small organization operating on a shoestring budget, we believe in community and charity. We donate to many programs and organizations and help out whenever we can. However, over the course of the year, we receive hundreds of requests and have implemented a formal procedure. You can read more about it at:

www.VictorySeeds.com/charity

Collards

(*Brassica oleracea* var. *viridis*)
(Approximately 250 to 300 seeds/packet)

Although a type of kale, they are cold-hardy, can survive down to 10°F, but thrive in heat. In the South, sow in late summer or early fall for winter and spring harvests. In colder climates, sow in late spring, when the soil temperatures are between 50° and 80°F, for fall harvest.

Start cutting individual leaves about 65 days from planting and continue harvesting the leaves as they become tough with age.

Champion

75 days — Released by the Virginia AES in 1979. A long-standing variety that develops seed stalks slower in the spring following fall planting. It is a selection of 'Vates'. Hardy, widely adapted, dark blue-green leaves on thirty inch plants.

3130041 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Georgia (aka Southern)

70 days — Traditional Southern variety that is heat and cold tolerant and slow to bolt. Non-heading, juicy blue-green wavy leaves will withstand light freezing which improves the cabbage-like flavor. Plants grow up to about three feet tall.

3130011 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Morris Heading

79 days — An old-time favorite with broad wavy leaves on tall, fast-growing plants that reach 36 inches tall. Slow to bolt.

3130021 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Vates

75 days — Large, upright, 24 inch tall, dark green leaves with a mild cabbage-like flavor. Used for boiling. It is bolt and frost resistant.

3130031 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15



Corn (Maize)

(*Zea mays*)

Check our website for more rare varieties.

In Native American lore, maize was one of the *Three Sisters*. Along with beans and squash, the three sisters were planted and grown together, supporting each other through their life cycles and providing their cultivators with a balanced diet of carbohydrates, proteins and fats.

People today associate "eating corn" with modern, super sweet ears. Most varieties of corn can be eaten fresh while in the young "milk" stage. Others are grown to maturity, dried and used for popping, flour, meal and animal feed.

Big Daddy's (Dent-type)

80 to 120 days — A Pendergrass family heirloom from Hickman County, TN. Stalks reach 8 feet with two large, yellow ears. This is a roasting variety that is also used for grits, meal, and animal feed. About 70 seeds/oz.

3140101 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

3140102 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95

Black Mexican (Sweet Corn)

85 days — An old heirloom AKA 'Black Aztec', 'Black Sugar', 'Black Sweet', and 'Mexican Sweet'. 7 inch ears on 6 foot tall plants. When the kernels are still light colored, the ears can be picked and used as sweet corn. Mature ears turn black, gray-black, or bluish-black in color and can be dried and ground for meal. About 105 seeds/oz.

3140421 — 1 ounce — \$ 3.25

Boone County White (Dent-type)

115 days — Once the most popular white dent corn. Productive, with huge (10 to 12-inch) ears with 18 to 24 rows of deep, pure white kernels. A good fodder crop. Introduced in 1876 by James Riley of Boone County, IN. About 90 seeds/oz.

3140201 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75

3140202 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95

3140203 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

3140204 — ½ pound — \$ 11.95

3140205 — 1 pound — \$ 19.95

Bronze Orange (Flint Corn)

77 days — Short stalks produce 2 to 5 ears each. Kernels are bronze to orange colored. Eat young as a roasting ear or as corn on the cob, or allow to mature and dry to be used for flour or cornmeal. Bred by Dr. Alan Kapuler. About 110 seeds/oz.

3140451 — 1 ounce — \$ 3.25

Earth Tones (Dent-type)

95 days — Ears are 8 to 10 inches, colored in beautiful, muted, soft, earth-tones - gold, bronze, mauve, pink, green, browns, blues and shades in between. The kernels are not shiny like typical ornamental varieties. About 90 seeds/oz.

3140381 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Floriani Red (Flint/Flour) {CNG}

95 days — Stalks are sturdy and reach ten feet. Ears are 6 to 7 inches long with 12 to 16 rows of medium to deep-red colored kernels that are lightly yellow-tipped and slightly pointed. An Italian heirloom used for grits, polenta, and corn meal. About 110 seeds/oz.

3140431 — 1 ounce — \$ 3.25

3140442 — 2 ounces — \$ 5.75

Glass Gem (Popcorn) {CNG}

105 days — An amazingly beautiful, translucent, multicolored corn. Colors are rare in the plant world, let alone all contained upon one ear of corn. Stalks are sturdy and erect reaching up to 10 feet. Primarily grown for its unique ornamental appeal, it can be popped or ground into cornmeal or flour. About 100 seeds/0.5 oz.

3140441 — ½ ounce — \$ 3.25

3140442 — 2 ounces — \$ 7.95

Golden Bantam (Sweet Corn)

78 days — A favorite since the early 20th Century. A farmer named William Chambers of Greenfield, MA grew this variety for years. After his death, his friend sold some of the seeds to W. Atlee Burpee who featured it in his 1902 catalog. Plants grow to 6 feet tall and produce 7 inch ears with sweet, plump, golden kernels. About 110 seeds/oz.

3140031 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75

3140032 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95

3140033 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Golden Bantam, Improved 12-row (Sweet Corn)
85 days — Larger ears than the original 'Golden Bantam' and have 10 to 14 rows instead of eight. Released in 1922 by the Everett B. Clark Seed Co. of Milford, CT, it was also selected to stay tender longer. About 85 seeds/oz.

- 3140221 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75
- 3140222 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95
- 3140223 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95
- 3140224 — ½ pound — \$ 11.95
- 3140225 — 1 pound — \$ 19.95

Green & Gold (Dent-type)

100 days — Ground for feed or flour, but primarily grown by home gardeners and market growers for its unique, ornamental value. Green corn kernels are actually fairly uncommon. About 100 seeds/oz.

- 3140401 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Hickory King (Dent Corn)

115 days — Plants grow 7½ to nine feet. Ears are 7 to 8 inches long with 10 to 12 rows of large white kernels. Roasting variety used for hominy, grits, meal, and tortilla flour. Introduced by A. O. Lee of Hickory, VA in the late 1800s. About 55 seeds/oz.

- 3140041 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75
- 3140042 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95
- 3140043 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95
- 3140044 — ½ pound — \$ 11.95
- 3140045 — 1 pound — \$ 19.95

Japanese Hulless (Popcorn)

85 days — Dwarf in habit, plants reach about 5-feet. Stalks produce 2 to 3 ears that are about four inches long by two inches in diameter. Kernels are arranged irregularly on cob and are unusually tender, sweet, and pure white when popped. Predates the 1890s. About 170 seeds/oz.

- 3140171 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75
- 3140172 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95

Lancaster Surecrop (Dent Corn)

110 days — 9 to 11 inch long ears with 16 to 18 rows of large, yellow, dent kernels. Stalks grow tall and leafy with sturdy root systems for better resistance to wind or drought. Good as a silage variety. About 100 seeds/oz.

- 3140231 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75
- 3140232 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95
- 3140233 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95
- 3140234 — ½ pound — \$ 11.95
- 3140235 — 1 pound — \$ 19.95

Midnight Snack (Sweet Corn) {CNG}

85 days — Very sweet and flavorful. Kernels are light colored at the fresh stage but darken to a deep blue-black at maturity. Stalks grow five to six feet tall and bear seven inch long ears with 14 to 16 rows of kernels. About 125 seeds/ounce.

- 3140461 — 1 ounce — \$ 3.25
- 3140463 — 2 ounces — \$ 5.25

Miniature Colored (Popcorn)

105 days — Stalks grow to about 6 feet tall with 2 to 3 small, narrow, 3 to 5 inch, ears each. Kernels are shiny, often pearly in appearance, bright, and varying in color including red, yellow, black, gray, brown, purple, pink, blue, white and orange. About 200 seeds per ½ ounce.

- 3140371 — ½ ounce — \$ 3.25

Miniature Pink (Popcorn)

105 days — Old variety. Grows 6 to 7 feet in tall with 2 to 3, small, narrow, 3 to 5 inches long ears per stalk. Kernels range in color from pink to mauve to light purple and often have a beautiful pearly shine. Have a slightly nutty flavor. About 200 seeds per ½ ounce.

- 3140351 — ½ ounce — \$ 3.25

Mosby Prolific (aka **Moseby Prolific**) (Dent-type)

100 days — Very prolific old white dent corn. Pre-dates the 20th Century. Introduced by J. K. Mosby of Lockhart, MS. Although now fairly rare, it was once grown extensively for feed and silage, particularly in the Gulf States. About 110 seeds/oz.

- 3140261 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75

Oaxacan Green (Dent-type)

95 days — Kernels are shades of green on large ears. Fairly early maturing for a dent-type corn and has good vigor. The corn stocks reach about 7 feet in height and produce ears ranging between 7 to 10 inches in length. About 100 seeds/oz.

- 3140401 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Orchard Baby (Sweet Corn) {CNG}

65 days — Very early, very compact (3 to 5 feet tall) with two small, 5 to 6 inch ears that have 8 to 10 rows of sweet, yellow kernels. The flavor is delicious, tender, sweet, not starchy. Can be container grown. About 80 seeds per ½ ounce.

- 3140191 — ½ ounce — \$ 3.25
- 3140193 — 2 ounces — \$ 7.95

Painted Hill (Sweet Corn)

75 days — Fast maturing. Ears are 7 inches long with multicolored, old-fashioned flavored kernels on 5 to 6 foot tall stalks. Bred by Dr. Alan Kapuler from a cross between 'Painted Mountain' flour corn and 'Luther Hill' sweet corn. About 150 seeds/oz.

- 3140281 — 1 ounce — \$ 3.25
- 3140282 — 2 ounces — \$ 5.25
- 3140283 — ¼ pound — \$ 7.95

Painted Mountain (Flint/Flour)

80 to 100 days — Bred by Dave Christensen since the 70s, his life's work, in the harsh Montana mountains using heirloom maize varieties grown by northern Native American tribes for millennia. Can be eaten fresh or dried and ground for meal. The ears are beautiful and also used for decorations. About 85 seeds/oz.

- 3140471 — 1 ounce — \$ 3.25
- 3140472 — 2 ounces — \$ 5.25

Pencil Cob (Dent Corn)

75 to 100 days — Pre-dates 1900. A very flavorful roasting corn. Picked in its early milk stage (about 75 days) and used for frying or creaming. 5 to 6 foot stalks produce 2 to 3 ears each. Kernels are dull white; their tips pick up a reddish tinge from the cob's coloring. About 110 seeds/oz.

- 3140181 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75
- 3140182 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95
- 3140183 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95
- 3140184 — ½ pound — \$ 11.95
- 3140185 — 1 pound — \$ 19.95

This catalog is filled with the same old things
... thanks to your support!

Petmecky (Flint/Flour) VSC

95 days — A Victory Seed Co. introduction. This Texas family heirloom, with Native American roots, dates back to the 1840s. Beautiful, multi-colored ears are ornamental, can be eaten fresh, or dried and ground for flour and meal. About 85 seeds/oz.

3140321 — 1 ounce — \$ 3.25
3140322 — 2 ounces — \$ 5.25

Rainbow (Flint/Flour)

110 days — Has great colors for ornamental uses. Eaten like sweet corn when young but generally used for flour and meal. About 100 seeds/oz.

3140051 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75
3140052 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95

Red Strawberry (Popcorn)

105 days — Popular for drying, the cobs are strawberry shaped and a rich, deep-red color. The four foot tall plants are highly ornamental and an excellent choice for an edible landscape planting. About 300 seeds/oz.

3140061 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75

Reid's Yellow Dent (Dent-type)

115 days — Once the most popular corn variety in the corn belt. Large ears. Used for flour, meal and feed. After moving from Ohio to Tazwell County, IL in 1846, Robert Reid and son James developed this variety. About 90 seeds/oz.

3140071 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75
3140072 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95
3140073 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Silver King (Dent-type)

100 days — Old roasting corn variety not to be confused with the newer hybrid by the same name. Dates back to the turn of the 20th Century. Ears grow 8 to 9 inches long with 16 rows of white kernels. Used for grits, meal and feed. Introduced in 1907. About 70 seeds/oz.

3140251 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75
3140252 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95
3140253 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95
3140254 — ½ pound — \$ 11.95
3140255 — 1 pound — \$ 19.95

Silvermine (Dent-type)

112 days — Old dent variety that was once a standard throughout the corn belt. Ears grow 9-inches long with 14 to 16 rows of large, white kernels. A roasting corn that is also used for grits, meal, and feed. About 65 seeds/oz.

3140241 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75
3140242 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95
3140243 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95
3140244 — ½ pound — \$ 11.95
3140245 — 1 pound — \$ 19.95

Stowell's Evergreen (Sweet Corn)

95 days — A favorite since Nathan Stowell of NJ introduced it in 1848. Late season variety, yields 8-inch ears that have from 14 to 18 rows of sweet, white, tender kernels. Keeps longer than most making it one of the best heirloom varieties for table, canning and freezing. About 100 seeds/oz.

3140081 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75
3140082 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95
3140083 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Sunshine (Sweet Corn) {CNG} VSC

75 days — Stalks grow 5 to 6 feet tall. It retains the good, old-time corn flavor of its Golden Bantam parentage but reaches fresh stage 3 to 10 days earlier. Ears are 6 to 8 inches long averaging 12 rows of golden yellow kernels. Originally released in 1927. About 50 seeds per ½ ounce.

3140151 — ½ ounce — \$ 3.25
3140152 — 2 ounces — \$ 7.95

Triple Play (Sweet Corn)

75 days — Tolerant of cooler soil temps, ideal for shorter growing seasons. Stalks average 5 to 6 feet tall. Ear are delicious with white, yellow, and blue-black kernels. Two ears per stalk are typical, but tillers can result in four to five total ears per plant. About 80 seeds per ½ ounce.

3140651 — ½ ounce — \$ 3.25
3140652 — 2 ounces — \$ 7.95

Trucker's Favorite White (Dent-type)

80 to 115 days — A productive old standard with 6 to 7 foot tall plants, that produces 9-inch ears with 16 to 18 rows of tender, relatively sweet white kernels; a favorite roasting or frying corn. Best picked in early milk stage (about 80 days) for eating fresh. About 75 seeds/oz.

3140091 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75
3140092 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95
3140093 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95
3140094 — ½ pound — \$ 11.95
3140095 — 1 pound — \$ 19.95

Trucker's Favorite Yellow (Dent-type)

75 to 120 days — A productive old standard with 8 to 10 foot tall plants, that produces 8 to 10-inch long ears with 14 to 18 rows of tender, relatively sweet yellow kernels; a favorite roasting or frying corn. Best picked in early milk stage (about 75 days) for eating fresh. About 85 seeds/oz.

3140701 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75
3140702 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95
3140703 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95
3140704 — ½ pound — \$ 11.95
3140705 — 1 pound — \$ 19.95

True Gold (Sweet Corn)

85 days — Stalks grow 6 to 8 feet tall producing two to three ears each. Ears reach 8 to 9 inches long containing 16 to 24 rows of golden-orange, tender, sweet, rich, deliciously flavored kernels. Tolerates cooler soil temperatures. De-hybridized by Dr. Alan Kapuler. About 80 seeds/0.5 oz.

3140641 — ½ ounce — \$ 3.25
3140642 — 2 ounces — \$ 7.95

Yukon Chief (Sweet Corn) {CNG}

55 days — Extremely early and compact (3 to 4 feet tall) with two sweet ears that are slightly tapered, average 4 to 5 inches in length, and have about twelve rows of yellow kernels. Developed to germinate and grow well in cooler soils. Can be container grown. About 80 seeds per ½ ounce.

3140271 — ½ ounce — \$ 3.25
3140273 — 2 ounces — \$ 7.95



Cucumbers

(*Cucumis sativus*)

(Approximately 25 to 30 seeds/packet)

Cucumbers are heavy feeders and will benefit from well composted material being worked into the area that you are planting. Sow after the soil temperatures are above 70°F. Plant seeds one-half to one inch deep, six inches between plants and in hills or rows four to six feet apart.

Addis

55 days — Fruits are dark-green with white spines, straight and cylindrical in shape, slightly rounded ends but tending to taper at the blossom end. Excellent processing variety. Introduced in 1976.

3160251 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Armenian (*C. melo*, *Flexuosus*)

60 days — Can reach 3 feet in length although they are best eaten when around 12 to 15 inches long. Its flavor is that of a mildly sweet cucumber with hints of melon undertones and aftertaste.

3160291 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Ashley

65 days — Early, productive with dark green, seven to eight inch, tapered, fruits. An excellent slicing variety. Resistant to downy mildew, it does well in humid areas. Introduced in 1956.

3160171 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Boston Pickling Improved

55 days — Originally released about 1880, this improved strain is disease resistant. Dependable bearing over a long period. Plants have blocky, bright green fruit that are perfect for pickling.

3160161 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Chinese Curved Snake

70 days — Smooth, dark-green with white spines, 15 to 18 inch long, curved fruit on strong vines. Disease resistant.

3160221 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Homemade Pickle

55 days — A heavy producer of solid, crisp fruit. Can be harvested at two inches long or at full maturity at five inches.

3160021 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Lemon (aka Apple)

60 days — Vigorous and productive variety. Fruit about the size and color of a lemon. Flesh is crispy white, sweet, and burpless. The fruit is ripe when it first starts to turn yellow, but can be used green.

3160031 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Long Green Improved

65 days — Released in 1842, it was the most widely grown slicing and pickling variety for decades. Bred as a selection of 'Long Green Turkey' that predates 1778. A vigorous and dependable variety with dark green fruits that are 10 to 12 inches long by 2½ to 3 inches in diameter.

3160191 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Marketer

65 days — Holds up very well in late spring heat. Fruits are dark green, uniform in shape and color,

smooth and slender; two inches in diameter and nine inches long. An AAS® winner in 1943.

3160201 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Marketmore 76

70 days — Developed by Dr. Munger of Cornell. Fruit are eight to nine inches long and dark green in color. They have a sweet mild flavor and are very disease resistant. Does well in cool climates.

3160051 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Muncher

65 days — Strong, vigorous vines that prolifically produce smooth, tender fruit that reach nine inches in length. Good slicer that does not get bitter and is burpless. Mosaic resistant.

3160061 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

National Pickling

58 days — Fruit are straight, medium green, black-spined, and average 1¼ by six inches in size. You can start pickling at about two inches. The vigorous vines are very productive. Introduced in 1924.

3160241 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Rhinish Pickle

55 days — Old German pickling variety. Fruit are crunchy, have small bumps and black spines. Harvest at about four inches. Excellent for salads and slicing.

3160211 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Snow's Fancy Pickling {CNG}

60 days — Harvested at five inches, they have a nice, sweet crunch. Although a pickling variety, they are great in salads. Keep pickling to encourage more fruit production.

3160271 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Spacemaster 80

60 days — Dwarf plants, resistant to mildew, scab and mosaic virus. Heavy producer of eight inch fruit that are tasty and not bitter.

3160141 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Straight-8 (aka Straight Eight)

63 days — Vigorous and productive plants; dark green, cylindrical, blunt ended, seven to eight inch long fruit. A good slicing variety. Released and an AAS® winner in 1935.

3160081 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Sumter

55 days — Fruit are a medium-green colored with white spines, blocky and slightly tapered. Well adapted for many parts of the country and excellent as both a home or market garden variety.

3160261 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Tendergreen Burpless

55 days — Burpless type, light green, white spines, seven to twelve inches long, blocky, sweet, not bitter, tender flesh, good for slicing or pickling. Resistant to downy and powdery mildew.

3160281 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

West Indian Gherkin (*Cucumis anguria*) {CNG}

65 days — Small, one to two inch oval fruit look like large burrs on vines. Used for centuries to make small pickles and relishes. Believed to have

originated in Africa and taken to the West Indies during the slave trade. Introduced in 1806. Rare.
3160151 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

White Wonder

60 days — Popular for slicing and pickling. The fruit is normally four to six inches long and white colored. Great flavor and texture.
3160091 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Zarnitsa {CNG}

70 days — A good, early, reliable pickling variety from Belarus. Fruit are four to five inches long, dark green with black spikes.
3160231 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15



Eggplant

(*Solanum melongena var esculentum*)
(Approximately 25 seeds/packet)

Eggplants typically do best in areas that have a warm and consistent season. Its growing requirements are similar to those for peppers and tomatoes. Start seeds indoors in pots six to eight weeks before your last expected frost date.

Black Beauty

80 days — Dark purple, egg-shaped fruit that are four to six inches long, are borne well off of the ground, on medium sized plants.
3170011 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.95

Florida Market

90 days — Grows very tall, up to 38 inches, and produce large, purple, bell-shaped fruit. A popular variety in the southern U.S. Introduced in 1948.
3170041 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.95

Long Purple

80 days — Italian-type. 24 to 30 inch plants produce four or more fruit that are dark purple, 2½ inches in diameter and 8 to 10 inches long.
3170031 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.95

Thai Green

80 days — Plants have soft spines, grow 2 to 3 feet tall, and produce light green, elongated, 10 to 12 inch long fruit. Their flesh is white with a mild, pleasant flavor. Very productive.
3170061 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.95

VICTORY SEED COMPANY

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Preserving the future, one seed at a time.™

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Endive. Escarole. Chicory & Radicchio

(Approximately 450 seeds/packet)

Long considered a salad essential in Europe, the sometimes slightly bitter leaves are used to add an interesting flavor dimension to an otherwise boring green salad.

The forcing varieties are grown through the summer season and then trimmed to one inch from the root crown about three weeks before the first frost. The regrowth during this cooler weather is what is harvested. In areas with colder winter climates or with the slower maturing varieties, indoor forcing will be required. The extra effort yields a wonderful fresh winter salad green.

Broadleaf Batavian Endive (Escarole)

(*Cichorium endiva*) 85 days — Dating back to the 1860s, the leaves are lettuce-like, large, broad, and reach 12 to 16 inches tall.
3180061 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Frisée Endive (aka Curly Endive)

(*Cichorium endiva var crispum*) 75 days — The loose heads of frilly, lacy, finely cut leaves are mainly used as a salad green imparting a slightly bitter flavor. Blanch by tying the heads with string or a rubber band, which results in a milder flavor.
3180091 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Full Heart Batavian Endive (Escarole)

(*Cichorium endiva*) 90 days — Tasty, large, thick, dark-green leaves, compact head, easy blanching. AAS® winner in 1934.
3180011 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Green Curled Ruffec Endive

(*Cichorium endiva*) 75 to 100 days — An old variety that is hardy and resistant to cold, wet weather. Can be sown in summer or autumn. The deeply cut, dark green leaves blanch easily.
3180041 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Rossa di Treviso Radicchio (Italian Chicory)

(*Cichorium intybus*) 85-100 days — Famous radicchio-type chicory from Treviso, Italy. A non-heading type producing long, slender, crisp green leaves in summer, turning deep-red with cool autumn temps. Tart, and slightly bitter tasting. Can over-winter for a spring harvest or used for forcing.
3180111 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Salad King Endive

(*Cichorium endiva*) 90 days — Well adapted for the Western United States, it is giant, vigorous, resists bolting, tip burn and frost. The outer leaves are tied to blanch a heart up to two feet in height. Introduced in 1957.
3180031 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

We eat local... because we can!

VictorySeeds.com

Gourds

(*Lagenaria siceraria cultivars unless otherwise noted*)

(Approximately 15 to 20 seeds/packet)

Gourds have similar growing requirements to squash. Unless trellised, they require large amounts of space, full sun and a long growing season. The fruit are not typically grown for food but instead for ornamental and practical uses. Gourds have been used for thousands of years as containers, vessels and bowls.

Birdhouse Gourd

125 days — Large, bottle-shaped fruit that can be dried and used as decorations or birdhouses. Matures very late in the season. Sow early or start indoors in peat pots.

3200011 — 3 grams — \$ 2.25

Luffa Sponge (aka **Dishrag Gourd** or **Vegetable Sponge**) (*Luffa aegyptiaca*) 130 days — Requires a very long, hot growing season, so start the plants indoors. Fruit are 12 to 15 inches long but can reach thirty. When young (under 6 inches) can be eaten like zucchini. When mature and dried, they are peeled, cleaned and used as sponges.

3200051 — 3 grams — \$ 2.25

Spoon

 (*Cucurbita pepo var ovifera*)

100 days — Its fruit are fairly small, five to six inches long, have a narrow curved neck with a three inch bulb, and are bi-colored orange and green. Unlike most gourds, the flowers are yellow.

3200061 — 3 grams — \$ 2.25



Kale

(*Brassica oleracea var. sabellica*)

(Approximately 200 to 250 seeds/packet)

Kale still grows wild along much of the European coastline, is also known as Borecole, and is a non-heading cabbage. Kale, unlike collards, is a cool weather crop and not very tolerant of heat.

Dwarf Blue Curled Scotch

60 days — Finely curled, bluish green leaves, low growing at 12 to 15 inches tall with a spread of 24 to 30 inches. Hardy.

3210011 — 1 gram — \$ 2.10

Dwarf Siberian Improved

65 days — The plants reach about fifteen inches in height and have large, frilled leaves that are bluish-green in color.

3210041 — 1 gram — \$ 2.10

Lacinato

 (aka **Dinosaur Kale** or **Tuscan Kale**)

(*B. oleracea var. palmifolia*) 90 days — A primitive kale with dark bluish-green, long, narrow, deeply savoyed leaves. Plants reach 2 to 3 feet tall. Cold hardy, the flavors become more complex and sweeter after a hard frost.

3210051 — 1 gram — \$ 2.10

Keep up to date at [instagram.com/victoryseeds](https://www.instagram.com/victoryseeds)

Premier

 (aka **Early Hanover**)

65 days — When tender and young, it is good fresh in salads as a more nutritional alternative to lettuce. Also good as a cooked green or roasted with a little olive oil and course salt. It lasts a couple of weeks longer into the summer (does not bolt to seed as fast) than other similar varieties.

3210061 — 1 gram — \$ 2.10

Russian Red

60 days — The red frilly leaves have purple veins and an excellent flavor. Introduced into Canada by Russian traders in about 1885. Frost tolerant.

3210031 — 1 gram — \$ 2.10



Kohl Rabi

(*Brassica oleracea var. gongyloides*)

(Approximately 200 to 250 seeds/packet)

If you like eating fresh, raw turnips, you are in for a treat. Unlike a turnip, the "globe" develops on top of the soil making them resistant to soil borne maggot damage. The outer layer is peeled and the flesh is eaten either raw or cooked. More info and recipes are on our website.

Delicatesse, Blue

60 days — Similar to Early Purple Vienna except slightly more uniform and disease resistant.

3220031 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Delicatesse, White

60 days — Similar to Early White Vienna except slightly more uniform and disease resistant.

3220041 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Early Purple Vienna

55 days — The bulbs have a purplish hue and the flesh is greenish-white.

3220011 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Early White Vienna

55 days — The meat of this variety is very sweet and mild, creamy-white in color and tastes like a mild turnip.

3220021 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95



Leeks

(*Allium porrum*)

(Approximately 150 to 200 seeds/packet)

Refer to **Onions** for growing notes.

Broad London

 (aka **American Flag**)

130 days — Thick sturdy stalks with pearly-white bulbs. Popular main season variety.

3230021 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95



Lettuce

(*Lactuca sativa*)

(Approximately 500 to 600 seeds/packet)

Lettuce can be planted in average soil in early to mid spring and again in late summer. Cover the seeds with ½ inch of fine soil then firm lightly. You can either seed in a bed or in rows. Successive plantings will extend your harvest. Keep the soil moist. Germination should occur in 7 to 14 days. Lettuce can also be started in flats.

Thin seedlings so that growth is not restricted by crowding. Final spacing is about 12 inches — the leaves from one plant should just touch the next. Thinnings are good for an early salad. Control weeds by mulching or periodic cultivation. Lettuce thrives in cooler weather.

All Year Round (aka All the Year Round)

(Butterhead-type) 70 days — Medium sized heads stay firm and solid even in hot weather. Can be sown in most locations from March through August for a nearly "year-round" harvest. Does well in both hot and cooler locations.

3240201 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Black Seeded Simpson (Leaf-type)

45 days — Large, upright, compact, plants with light green, wide curled leaves. Very early, dependable and productive. Tolerant of heat, drought and some frost. It is slow to bolt and can be planted in early spring to early summer.

3240031 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Buttercrunch (Bibb-type)

60 days — Long lasting, heat tolerant, dark green with reddish tints. The heads are rosette shaped with thick leaves. Introduced by Cornell University and an AAS® winner in 1963.

3240011 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Cimarron (Romaine, Cos-type)

70 days — Sow in the spring or late summer. The medium sized heads stay firm and solid even in hot weather. Does well in the North.

3240211 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Great Lakes 118 (Head-type)

70 to 90 days — The heads are large with slightly crumpled, thick, broad, glossy leaves. It is widely adapted, very hardy and resistant to scald and tip burn. Introduced in 1948.

3240221 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Great Lakes 659 (Head-type)

80 to 90 days — The heads are large with slightly crumpled, thick, broad, glossy leaves. It is widely adapted, very hardy and resistant to scald and tip burn. Introduced in 1948.

3240221 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Green Ice (Leaf-type)

45 to 60 days — Heavily-savoyed, glossy, dark-green leaves. Exceptionally crisp and slow to bolt. Bred and introduced by W. Atlee Burpee Co. in 1973. Although the PVP expired in 1990, it has the distinction of being the first plant ever patented.

3240271 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Hanson Improved (Head-type)

70 days — This variety was released prior to 1855. The heads are large, yellowish-green with frilled leaves and white hearts. Does well in heat.

3240081 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Kagrner Sommer (Butterhead-type)

58 days — A good mid-season variety as it is slow to bolt in the summer heat. Heads are light green and medium-sized. Originally from Germany.

3240191 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Lollo Bionda (Leaf-type)

50-70 days — Beautiful bright, lime-green, frilly leaves that are loose, deeply curled, crinkled, tender, and with a very tasty, mild flavor. Can be sown in spring or fall in most areas and is a "cut and come again" type.

3240291 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Lollo Rosso (Leaf-type)

60 days — The leaves are a beautiful magenta color with a light green base, deeply curled with a very mild flavor. It can be sown in spring or fall in most areas and is a "cut and come again" type.

3240091 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Merveille de Quatre Saisons (Bibb-type)

40 days — This French heirloom, as the name suggests, is marvelous. Ruby red-tipped leaves that surround tight-folded green hearts. Does great through summer heat and can withstand down to 20°F in a sealed greenhouse.

3240101 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Oak Leaf (Leaf-type)

40 days — An early and long-standing variety. Its leaves are tender, heat resistant, dark green and not bitter.

3240041 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Parris Island Cos (Romaine, Cos-type)

66 days — Uniform heads are tall and erect. Interior is pale-green to cream with dark, gray-green outer leaves. Named after the island off of South Carolina. Released in 1952 by Clemson/AES and the USDA.

3240061 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Red Romaine (Romaine, Cos-type)

70 days — A gourmet variety that adds color and tartness to a tossed salad. The leaf colors vary from green to deep red to bronze and develop darker in cool weather. Introduced in 1950, reportedly from a selection of an African variety.

3240241 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Ruby (Leaf-type)

50 to 60 days — A beautiful leaf lettuce. Intense red color that holds under conditions where color fades in many other red cultivars. Introduced in 1957 and was an AAS® winner in 1958.

3240251 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Rouge d'Hiver (Romaine-type)

65 days — Large, broad leaves vary in color from green to bronze to red and are sweet flavored. Very attractive and an old European heirloom variety from the 1800s.

3240131 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Salad Bowl, Green (Leaf-type)

50 days — Light green, long wavy leaves are slow to bolt. Does not get bitter in hot weather. An AAS® winner and introduced in 1952.

3240051 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Tango (Leaf-type)

50 days — Extremely frilly leaves look almost like endive. Plants are attractive, uniform, and dark green in color. Leaves are tangy and tender. You can use young leaves in a "cut and come again" fashion or wait until they mature into compact, tight, rosettes. Grows best as a cool season crop. It can become bitter in hot weather.

3240261 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Waldmann's Green (Leaf-type)

50 days — Large frilled leaves. The plants are productive and uniform and do well in the garden or greenhouse.

3240161 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

White Boston (Butterhead-type)

70 days — Large tight heads allow the large hearts to be blanched a bright, creamy, butter-yellow color. Up to 12 inches across, uniform, solid and firm yet tender; light-green in color. An excellent all season variety well-suited for forcing.

3240301 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Winter Density (Romaine-type)

65 days — The heads of this variety are dark-green, heavy and compact reaching ten inches. They are slow to bolt and tolerant of some frost making it suitable for summer and winter gardens.

3240171 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95



Melons

Sow seeds directly into the garden after the last chance of frost for your area. Seeds will not germinate in cold soil so wait until soil temp is at least 65°F at four inches in depth. For an earlier harvest, seeds can be started in peat pots and **carefully** transplanted.

Melons are a warm-season crop and require full sun and a lot of room. Plants should be 5 to 6 feet apart in rows that are spaced 6 to 8 feet from each other. They will benefit from rich, healthy, well-drained soils. Work in plenty of well composted organic matter in early spring in preparation of planting. Hand watering or drip irrigation is preferred. Water so that the soil is moistened to a depth of at least six inches; especially during fruit set and development.

☉ Cantaloupe ☪ Muskmelon

(*Cucumis melo*)

(Approximately 25 to 35 seeds/packet)

Altayskaya {CNG}

75 days — The plants have short vines, are productive with small (2 to 4 pounds), oval-shaped fruit. The rinds are finely netted with flesh that is yellowish-orange, fragrant, and tasty. From Siberia.

3250571 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Banana

90 days — Pre-dates 1880. Fruit are an interesting, elongated shape, pinched at the ends and weigh about five pounds. The yellow skin is mostly smooth with very little netting. It resembles a giant (18 to 24 inch long) banana.

3250511 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Canary Yellow

95 days — Vigorous vines, pear-shaped, 4 to 6 pound fruit with slightly wrinkled, tough, light-yellow skin and sweet, pale green flesh. An old European variety. Very late but keep well into winter.

3250591 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Charentais Cantaloupe

85 days — A true cantaloupe from the French region of Charentais. Fruit are five inches in diameter weighing about two pounds. Rinds are smooth, thin skinned, maturing to a creamy color. Salmon colored flesh, very fragrant and tasty.

3250541 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Hale's Best Jumbo

85 days — Large (3½ to 5 pounds each), oval shaped melons with heavy netting and thick, salmon-orange colored flesh.

3250031 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Hearts of Gold (aka Hoodoo)

90 days — Fruit are nearly round, weigh 2 to 3 pounds, deep-orange, with sweet, fragrant flesh. Heavily netted, medium ribbed, on vines that are vigorous and productive. Introduced in about 1895.

3250461 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Honey Rock

80 days — Fruit are up to 6 inches around with a tough, coarsely netted skin and sweet, flavorful salmon colored flesh. Plants are vigorous and are Fusarium wilt resistant. Introduced in 1925 and an AAS® winner in 1933.

3250141 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Honeydew, Green Flesh

115 days — Smooth, creamy white skin with lime-green flesh that is incredibly sweet. Small seed cavity. Typically 7 to 9 inches long and 5 to 6 inches in diameter weighing 3 to 6 pounds.

3250471 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Old Time Tennessee

100 days — Fruit average 12 pounds, 12 to 16 inches in length, and are football-shaped. Pick and eat at peak ripeness. A garden-to-table melon.

3250081 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Pike {CNG}

80 days — Fruit are heavily netted, weigh 3 to 6 pounds, have light-orange colored flesh that is fragrant, juicy and sweet. An Oregon heirloom.

3250671 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Planter's Jumbo

88 days — Vigorous, mildew resistant vines do well in drought or high rainfall. Fruit have a firm rind with light ribs and thick, orange flesh, and average 4 to 5 pounds each. Selected in 1954

3250161 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Tendral Verde Tardif

100 days — The fruit are oblong in shape, have dark-green rinds, and very sweet, light-green flesh. Matures very late and ripeness is difficult to detect. They are a popular winter melon in Europe.

3250251 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Tip Top (aka Livingston's Tip Top Nutmeg)

100 days — Fruit are large, 6 to 8 pounds, round to oblong shaped, distinctly ribbed and lightly netted. Flesh is a deep salmon color, very thick and sweet. You can just about eat it down to the outside rind. Introduced in 1892.

3250341 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Tularosa Market {CNG} VSC

85 days — Fruit are pale-yellow with green spots, weight from 3 to 9 pounds, with pale-orange, tender, sweet and juicy flesh. Best consumed shortly after harvesting. Raised by the late Jack Shores, a market grower from the Tularosa Basin of Southern New Mexico.

3250611 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25



Watermelon (*Citrullus lanatus*)

Allsweet

90 days — Large, 17 to 19 inches in length and 7 inches in diameter, fruit weighing 25 to 30 pounds each. Keeps and ships well. Flesh is bright red, firm, and super sweet. Resistant to Fusarium wilt and anthracnose. About 15 seeds/packet.

3250621 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Arikara {CNG}

80 days — Small (about 5 inches in diameter) fruit have dark rinds and good tasting, sweet, pink flesh. Small size makes them attractive as personal watermelons. About 10 seeds/packet.

3250391 — 1 gram — \$ 2.45

Black Diamond

90 days — An old standard variety that typically reaches 30 to 50 pounds. Fruit are slightly oblong with prominent creases, and dark, almost black skin. Flesh is sweet, dark red, and has large, grayish colored seeds. About 15 seeds/packet.

3250041 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Charleston Gray No. 133

90 days — The rinds are tough, grayish green with darker veining, oblong shaped with rounded ends, dark red flesh and reaching 20 to 40 pounds in weight. Released in 1954. About 20 seeds/packet.

3250401 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Congo

100 days — The rind is tough, medium green with darker stripes, cylindrical in shape with blunt ends. Reaches 12 inches by 25 inches and up to 50 pounds. Excels in the Southeastern U.S. and has medium-red colored flesh with high sugar content. 1950 AAS® winner. About 24 seeds/packet.

3250171 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Crimson Sweet

88 days — The fruit are light-green with dark-green stripes and average about 25 pounds. The flesh is dark red and very sweet. Resistant to anthracnose and fusarium wilt. 1964 AAS® winner. About 40 seeds/packet.

3250411 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Early Crimson Treat {CNG}

85 days — A small, round, icebox-type melon that reaches up to ten pounds. The skin is striped light and dark green with the flesh being very sweet and bright red in color. About 25 seeds/packet.

3250181 — 1 gram — \$ 2.45

Florida Giant

90 days — Fruit are nearly round, fifteen or more inches in diameter, and can reach 60 pounds. The skin is smooth, thick and tough with a dark green color. The flesh is bright red, firm and sweet. About 16 seeds/packet.

3250501 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Garisonian

90 days — Large in size with a hard rind and sweet, rose colored flesh. Well adapted for the Southern and Eastern U.S. melon markets. Released in 1957. About 20 seeds/packet.

3250431 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Georgia Rattlesnake

90 days — An old Southern variety dating back to at least the mid-1800s. Vines are productive with large (up to 30 pound), light green with irregular, dark-green striped fruit. The flesh is bright-scarlet, crisp and sweet. About 24 seeds/packet.

3250441 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Kleckley's Sweet (aka Monte Cristo)

85-100 days — Fruit are oblong, dark-green, and weigh up to 40 pounds. Very sweet, dark red flesh with a stringless heart and large, white seeds. About 20 seeds/packet.

3250201 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Klondike Blue Ribbon Stripe

85 days — Very sweet, scarlet colored flesh with no strings; Thin, but tough rind and can weigh up to 30 pounds. About 35 seeds/packet.

3250211 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Mountain Sweet

95 days — Fruit are slightly oblong, medium-green with darker stripes intermingled with mottled shades of green in color. Average 40 to 60 pounds. The flesh is solid, red and has a real nice, sweet taste. An old variety dating back to the 1800s. About 20 seeds/packet

3250301 — 2 grams — \$ 2.45

Orange Flesh Tendersweet

90 days — The fruit are oblong, roughly 12 inches in diameter by 18 inches long and weigh between 35 and 40 pounds. The rinds are medium thick, light green with flesh that is a deep orange and high in sugar content. About 25 seeds/packet.

3250061 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

We have too many heirloom varieties to fit in the catalog. Find more on our website.

Order online and earn Victory Points™!

Sugar Baby

84 days — The best and most popular small or icebox melon around. One of the sweetest and earliest melons with very small seeds. Fairly tough, thin rinds which store well. About 24 seeds/gram.

3250071 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

3250072 — 4 grams — \$ 3.65

Will's Sugar

90 days — Nearly round, 12 inches in diameter and 10 to 12 pounds. Flesh is juicy, sweet, pink to red with almost black seeds. From the Oscar Will Seed Co. in 1888. About 18 seeds/packet.

3250371 — 1 gram — \$ 2.45

Mustard Greens

(Brassica juncea)

(Approximately 300 to 400 seeds/packet)

Sow seeds ½ inch deep, 2 to 3 seeds per inch, in rows 18 inches apart. Cover with loose soil. Avoid disease by not planting where other Brassica plants (cole crops) have grown in the past year.

Start harvesting by thinning young plants to about six inches apart. As the plants grow, continue culling plants until they are twelve inches apart. Harvest larger outer leaves as needed.

Mustard bolts rapidly as days lengthen in spring. It is important to plant as early as possible and make sure that the plants have plenty of nitrogen.

Florida Broad Leaf

50 days — Semi-upright plants with oval, eight inch dark green leaves. Very vigorous.

3260011 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Giant Southern Curled

60 days — An old favorite. Large oval leaves with fringing of the edges. Slow to bolt.

3260021 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Greenwave

50 days — Large, upright plants with dark green, spineless, finely cut and deeply fringed leaves with a spicy flavor. Slow to bolt; up to four weeks longer than other mustards. AAS® winner in 1957.

3260041 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Mizuna

30 days — A cold-hardy Japanese variety. Plant growth is vigorous and swift allowing for multiple harvests of thin and frilly-edged leaves. Flavor is slightly peppery, yet notably mild for a mustard. Often used in salad mixes or lightly braised.

3260091 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Old Fashioned (aka Hen Pecked)

50 days — Plants reach two feet and produce medium-sized, long ruffled leaves. Regarded as one of the tastiest mustard greens and has remained very popular.

3260071 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Tatsoi (Spinach Mustard or Rosette Bok Choy)

45 days — Beautiful and one of the easiest Asian greens to raise. Plants grow into a flat rosette formed by spoon-shaped, shiny dark green leaves with pale stalks and veins. Leaves are used like

spinach, as salad greens, or lightly cooked. Mild, but distinctive mustard flavor. Can withstand temperatures down to 15°F (-10°C).

3260061 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Tendergreen

45 days — Dark green, shiny leaves with smooth edges. A heavy producer.

3260031 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75



Okra

(Abelmoschus esculentus)

(Approximately 25 to 25 seeds/packet)

Okra or "Gumbo," has been used for thousands of years. It originated in Northeast Africa and spread into the Eastern Mediterranean regions. It was brought to Brazil in the mid-1600s and likely to America by the French colonists of Louisiana.

Popular in the Southern United States, it is served breaded and fried, or as an ingredient in soups, stews or relishes. Okra is a typical ingredient of Cajun and Creole dishes.

Pods are harvested young before they are too large and fibrous. Harvest often to increase production and use immediately. Four to six plants are usually plenty for most families.

Okra likes fertile, well-composted soil and needs moisture and warmth to thrive. Nick or soak seeds overnight before directly sowing or start indoors 3 to 4 weeks prior to your last expected frost. Be careful not to damage the roots during transplanting. Okra typically has no problems with disease or pests but it is very sensitive to frost.

Aunt Hettie's Red

65 days — Stalks and leaves are a beautiful burgundy-red color; pods are more of a glossy red. Plants typically reach a height of about 5 feet but under optimum conditions, they have been grown to a height of greater than ten feet. Tennessee heirloom from David Pendergrass.

3270061 — 2 grams — \$ 2.35

Burgundy

60 days — The plants are attractive and reach 4 to 5 feet with burgundy stems and leaf ribs producing high yields of burgundy pods that are tender to 6 inches. An AAS® winner in 1988.

3270031 — 2 grams — \$ 2.35

Clemson Spineless 80

55 days — One of the most popular okra varieties. The plants reach 3 to 5 feet developing deep-green, straight and spineless ribbed 6 to 9 inch pods. Released by Clemson University in 1980.

3270041 — 2 grams — \$ 2.35

Chubby

70 days — Plants reach five feet or more in height and produce large, tasty, 4 to 5 inches long by about six inches in circumference pods; about twice the diameter of common okra varieties. An old family heirloom from Arkansas.

3270121 — 2 grams — \$ 2.35

Dwarf Green Long Pod

52 days — The pods are fleshy, ribbed and dark green developing to 7 to 8 inches long and one inch wide. Plants grow 24 to 30 inches high. Pods can be used boiled, fried, in soups or frozen.

3270021 — 2 grams — \$ 2.35

Emerald

55 days — Bred by the Campbell Soup Co. and released in 1950. The pods are thick walled, round, slender, long, spineless, and a deep green color. The plants are semi-dwarf with large leaves.

3270071 — 2 grams — \$ 2.35

Mama Payton's {CNG} VSC

70 days — Plants grow 6 to 12 feet tall producing huge, tasty pods. A family heirloom sent to us by Brian Payton of GA. His grandparents were given the seed shortly after their 1917 wedding; it has been a Payton family tradition ever since.

3270111 — 2 grams — \$ 2.35

Perkins Long Pod

55 days — Bright green pods, 4 to 6 inches long, on strong plants that can reach six feet tall. For pickling, canning and used in soups and gumbo.

3270081 — 2 grams — \$ 2.35



Onions

(*Allium cepa*)

(Approximately 200 seeds/packet)

Consider your geographical location as you select a variety. There are three main types — **short**, **intermediate** and **long day** varieties. Onions require a specific balance of daylight to darkness to develop properly.

Short day varieties are recommended for the Southern U.S. where temperatures are typically warmer year round. They will make bulbs earlier in the year with only ten to twelve hours of daylight.

Intermediate day onions typically need twelve to fourteen hours of daylight to trigger the bulbing process. They are generally suited for most areas.

The long day varieties are best suited for the north as they need 14 to 16 hours of daylight to bulb. In the South, they will grow nice green tops but not bulbs. Long day onions are generally more pungent and store better.

Sow seeds in flats 6 to 8 weeks prior to planting into your garden. If they get spindly, use scissors and prune to two to three inches tall. You may need to do this a few times before transplanting time. Don't toss the clippings, they make a great topping for baked potatoes or flavoring for soups and salads. When the soil can be worked, transplant two to four inches apart. Keep weeded.

Evergreen Long White Bunching

120 days — Long, silvery white stalks that don't form bulbs under most conditions. Hardy and slow to bolt. (Day length N/A)

3280011 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Red Creole C5

100 to 190 days — Produces small to medium sized bulbs that are thick, flat, and light-red in color. Flesh is firm, purple-red, and pungent. Specifically bred for the South. Good storage variety. Short Day.

3280141 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Ringmaster White Sweet Spanish

120 days — An improved White Utah strain has large globes, with single centers and firm, mild flesh. Stores well. Great for onion rings. Long Day.

3280081 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Tokyo Long White Bunching

95 days — Fresh market bunching variety. White stalks are upright, uniform and are slightly pungent tasting. A good summer and fall variety but will not over winter well. (Day length N/A)

3280101 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Yellow Sweet Spanish (Utah Strain)

115 days — Extra large, up to six inch, globes. Straw color skin and white flesh. It has a popular mild and sweet flavor. Long Day.

3280071 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95



Parsley

(*Petroselinum sp.*)

(Approximately 600 seeds/packet)

Cultivated for centuries and used as a flavoring in soups and as a garnish. Herbalists have used it as a breath freshener, digestive aid, and in tea to treat high blood pressure and rheumatism. It's high in vitamins A and C, has been used as a quinine substitute to treat malaria.

Parsley becomes very bitter as the plant starts to flower. Freeze seed for 3 to 5 days and then soak in warm water for about 8 hours before planting and cover seed lightly for best germination.

Evergreen (*Petroselinum crispum*)

70 days — Exhibits more frost resistance than other varieties and grows vigorously. Leaves are compound, curled, dark-green and large. AAS® winner in 1940.

4000391 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Hamburg Rooted (*Petroselinum hortense*)

90 days — Although the leaves can be used like standard parsley, this variety is grown for its 8 to 10 inch long, fleshy white, parsnip-like roots.

4000241 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Italian (*Petroselinum neopolitanum*)

72 days — Deeply cut, dark green leaves with a rich strong flavor. Generally stronger in flavor than the curled types.

4000261 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Plain (aka Common) (*Petroselinum crispum*)

75 days — The plants are erect, about 12 inches tall, and quite vigorous. The leaves are large, flat, and glossy green. This was the preferred variety in early-1800s Europe.

4000251 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Peas

(*Pastinaca sativa*)

(Approximately 400 seeds/packet)

Plant as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. Loosen soil to a depth of 18 inches. Cover the seeds with ½ inch of soil in rows spaced two feet apart. When the plants are well established, thin to 4 to 6 inches apart. Flavor improves with frost and they can be left in the ground over winter.

All American

130 days — The flesh is fine-grained, tender, and white. Roots are uniform and smooth with thick shoulders, 2½ to 3 inches across, tapering to 10 to 12 inches long. High sugar content, very sweet, and stores well.

3290031 — 3 grams — \$ 1.85

Harris Early Model

90 days — About 3½ inches in diameter and reaching up to twelve inches long with nearly solid crowns. Flesh is white, tender and because it has little side shooting, they are typically easy to pull.

3290011 — 3 grams — \$ 1.85



Peas

(*Pisum sativum var sativum*)

(Approximately 90 to 125 seeds/ounce)

One ounce will plant about a ten foot row.

English or garden peas are frost hardy and like to be planted in cool weather (55°F to 60°F). They can become bitter with heat. Plant in early spring in full sun and in light soil when soil temps reach about 40°F. Plant the seeds 1½ inches deep, spacing them at a rate of 1 to 2 seeds every 2 inches. Space the rows 2½ feet apart.

Edible Podded / Snow Peas

Dwarf Gray Sugar Pod

60 to 70 days — The plants are bushy with 18 to 24 inch vines. Dating back to at least the 1770s, it was commercially released in 1892.

3300181 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35

3300183 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Dwarf White Sugar

50 to 65 days — Plants are vigorous and very productive growing 24 to 30 inches tall. Pods are sweet and tender.

3300951 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35

3300953 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Mammoth Melting

75 days — Vines reach 5 feet or more and should be trellised. High yielding. Thrives in cool weather and is uniform in production. Pods are very sweet and tender and stay that way even after they reach 3 inches or more and the seeds start to fill out.

3300191 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35

3300193 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

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Oregon Giant

70 days — A snow pea with plants that reach 3-foot tall, start producing early, and continue well into the garden season. They are very productive with 4 to 5-inch long, flat, sweet and tasty pods.

3300331 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35

3300333 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Oregon Sugar Pod II

70 days — Succulent pods filled with semi-wrinkled seeds on plants that are 2½ feet in height. Improved resistance to wilt and powdery mildew.

3300011 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35

3300013 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Sugar Ann

60 days — Plants reach about 30 inches tall. Crisp, flavorful, 3 inch pods. Great fresh or frozen. Released in 1981 and an AAS® winner in 1984.

3300421 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35

3300423 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Sugar Snap

65 days — Pods are tasty and tender but do develop strings at maturity. Vines can reach six feet and require trellising. Does well frozen but will not stand up to canning temperatures. Released and was an AAS® winner in 1979.

3300431 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35

3300433 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95



Garden Peas

As a rule, smooth seeded varieties are more starchy and used for soups while wrinkle seeded varieties are sweeter.

Alaska (aka Earliest of All)

55 days — Introduced by pea breeder Thomas Laxton in 1881. Plants are 24 to 36 inches tall and grow well in cool soil. Typically 5 to 8 smooth peas per round pod. Use fresh, canned, frozen or dried.

3300021 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35

3300023 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Badger

68 days — Plants are erect, moderately branching and reach 18 to 24 inches tall. Pods are 3½ to 4 inches long, containing about 9 wrinkled peas.

3301601 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35

3301603 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Early Frosty

65 days — Uniform, wilt resistant, vines reach 28 to 30 inches and benefit from some support. Pods are four inches long, blunt-ended, dark green in color, and containing 7 to 8 wrinkled peas each. Good fresh or frozen. Released in 1966.

3300961 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35

3300963 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

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Southern Peas, Field Peas,

or Cowpeas

(*Vigna unguiculata*)

(Approximately 90-150 seeds/ounce)

Introduced into North America with the slave trade, they became a staple food in the South where they are shelled and eaten at the green or dry stages. The plants are also used as hay.

The seedpods form in about 60 days and will mature in about 100 days. Therefore in most areas, cowpeas must be planted in May or June.

They require warm soil temperatures (at least 60°F) with no possibility of frost occurring. Highly drought tolerant, cowpeas do well in most soil types, from heavy clay to sandy soils.

Sow 4 to 6 seeds per foot, ¾ to 1¼ inches deep, in rows 20 to 42 inches apart. Control weeds early in the season with shallow cultivation, but stop once the plants begin to bloom. Irrigate as required but they are known for their ability to produce under harsh conditions.

Big Boy

75 days — Productive, erect bushes; bear up to 10 peas per 8-inch pod set high on the plants for easy picking. Good for fresh use, freezing or canning. Peas are cream colored with light brown eyes.

3300731 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3300733 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85

3300734 — ½ pound — \$ 8.95

Black Crowder

70 days — Very productive with unusually long pods. The peas themselves have a deep purple color when first shelled which then turn black when dried. The green pods are easy to shell.

3300381 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3300383 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85

3300384 — ½ pound — \$ 8.95

California Blackeye #46

90 days — Peas are cream-colored with black eyes. Similar yield and qualities to California Blackeye #5 but smaller. Released in 1987.

3300491 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3300493 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85

3300494 — ½ pound — \$ 8.95

Champion (aka Cream 76)

75 days — Plants are upright, pods high and they mature uniformly. Excellent for freezing and canning. Released in 1962.

3300501 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3300503 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85

3300504 — ½ pound — \$ 8.95

Colossus

60 days — Productive plants with large, 9 to 10 inch, light-brown pods with brown peas that shell easily. Released in 1972.

3300511 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3300513 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85

3300514 — ½ pound — \$ 8.95

Coronet

62 days — Upright and compact plants. At the fresh stage, its six inch pods are purple filled with peas that are green with light-red colored eyes. At maturity the seeds are smooth with maroon eyes.

3301301 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3301303 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85

3301304 — ½ pound — \$ 8.95

Cream 8 (aka Texas Cream 8)

75 days — Bush-type with oblong, kidney shaped peas. A nice variety for both home and market gardens. Excellent for freezing.

3300081 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3300083 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85

3300084 — ½ pound — \$ 8.95

Cream 12 (aka Texas Cream 12)

72 days — A bush-type, cream pea bred by the Texas AES in 1953. An excellent fresh shell pea, it is good for both home gardeners and market growers. Fusarium wilt and nematode resistant.

3300931 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3300933 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85

3300934 — ½ pound — \$ 8.95

Dixielee

65 days — Plants are erect to semi-vining type. Heavy producers of pods that are easy to pick. The peas are brown and are easy to shell.

3300521 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3300523 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85

3300524 — ½ pound — \$ 8.95

Fagiolino Dolico di Veneto {CNG}

70 to 100 days — Rare. Very early and productive. Pods are upright, 7 inches long, 12 seeds per pod on dwarf, bush plants. A great choice for shorter season gardens. Tolerates hot, dry spells as well as the cooler, wet ones. About 65 seeds/¼ ounce.

3300891 — ¼ ounce — \$ 2.45

3300892 — 1 ounce — \$ 6.25

Lady (aka Lady Finger)

90 days — A heat tolerant, Southern-type pea. The peas are very tasty, very small, and cream colored with a darker eye. They are good green shelled, frozen or dried. There are up to about 350 seeds per ounce. Each ounce goes a long way.

3300401 — 1 ounce — \$ 3.25

3300403 — ¼ pound — \$ 8.95

3300404 — ½ pound — \$ 11.25

Mayo Speckled {CNG}

80 days — Plants are prolific, vigorous and lush. Young pods can be eaten fresh, shelled closely thereafter, and at the dry stage in 100 days. Pods contain a dozen or more small, mottled, tan to brown peas. About 90 seeds/½ ounce.

3301351 — ½ ounce — \$ 3.25

Mississippi Purple

60 days — Pods are reddish-purple with large brown peas that are very easy to shell. Bred by Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station and released in 1976.

3300551 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3300553 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85

3300554 — ½ pound — \$ 8.95

What can we do better? Let us know.

Texas Cream 40 (aka Cream 40)

65 days — Early, prolific, erect plants with pods set above the foliage. The seeds are small, kidney-shaped, and white with orange eyes.

3300091 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3300093 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300094 — ½ pound — \$ 8.95

Dixielee

65 days — Plants are erect to semi-vining type. Heavy producers of pods that are easy to pick. The peas are brown and are easy to shell.

3300521 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3300523 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300524 — ½ pound — \$ 8.95



Peppers

(*Capsicum annuum*)

(Approximately 25 seeds per ¼ gram)

Growing Peppers: Sow the seeds about ¼ inch deep, in sterile potting mix, 8 weeks prior to the last expected frost date for your area. Optimum soil temperature is 80°F. Germination occurs in 8 to 18 days but rates tend to be erratic. The most common cause of poor germination is the result of uneven planting depths and cool soil temps.

Transplant outside only after night temperatures average above 55°F. Peppers are tender plants that thrive in warm weather. Blossoms will drop if temperatures drop below 60°F or if they get too much nitrogen. Maturity days are from transplant.

Hot Peppers

The capsaicin oil in hot peppers **cannot** be neutralized by water. Wash hands or rinse mouth with vinegar to alleviate discomfort in an emergency. Bread, bananas, pasta, or potatoes will also alleviate the burning sensation. Never touch your face or eyes after handling hot peppers. Warm growing temperatures develop the hottest peppers.

Anaheim

78 days — The peppers are 6 to 8½ inches long by 1½ inches wide, tapered, medium thick walls, pungent, deep green, and turning to red at maturity. Can be used fresh, canned or dried. The plants are tall, upright, bushy, and long bearing.

3310121 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Cayenne, Long Red

70 days — Hot but delightfully pungent in flavor. For pickling, canning or drying. Long, thin, ½ by 6 inch green fruit, turning red when mature. Named after the South American river in Guyana.

3310141 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Habanero

85 days — Very hot! Light green, thin crinkled flesh ripens to orange-red. Fruit are 1½ inches long by one inch across and about 200 times hotter than Jalapeno! A little slower to germinate.

3310151 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.50

Habanero, Red

100 days — Extremely hot! A Caribbean favorite. Can be used green but are full flavored when they are mature and red.

3310161 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.50

Jalapeno

72 days — Dark green tapered fruit, one inch by three inches, turn red at maturity. A popular market variety, it is good for eating fresh or pickling.

3310181 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Poblano (Ancho)

78 days — The four inch long fruit taper to a blunt point. The skin is wrinkled and dark green turning deep red at maturity. Slightly hot with a sweet taste. Excellent fresh, processed, stuffed, or roasted. When dried it is known as Ancho.

3310131 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Serrano

85 days — Very hot, pungent fruit, 2½ inches long by ½ inches in diameter. Slim, club shaped green peppers with medium thin walls maturing to a bright red color on 30 inch tall plants.

3310211 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25



Sweet and Mild Peppers

California Wonder (Bell Variety)

75 days — The plants are upright, strong, and produce 4 or 5 fruit that are mostly four-lobed, blocky, and 4 by 4½ inches with thick flesh that is mild and sweet.

3310011 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Golden California Wonder (Bell Variety)

70 days — Same as California Wonder but the peppers are a bright gold, changing to orange-red when mature.

3310031 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Hajduczek {CNG} VSC

90 days — Very prolific and compact plants with 3 to 4 inch long fruit. Quite flavorful and sweet. A Polish heirloom sent to us in 2008 by Andrey Baranovski of Minsk.

3310311 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.85

Hungarian Sweet (Sweet Banana)

68 days — The tapering 6 inch by 1½ inch long fruit is light yellow, maturing to red. Good for pickling. An AAS® winner in 1938.

3310071 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Neapolitan {CNG}

65 days — Very early, sweet and mild fruit measuring four inches by two inches that grow upright. Plants are strong, vigorous and productive.

3310281 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.85

Orange King (Bell Type)

90 days — Fruit are blocky, 4 by 3½ inches, beautiful, thick-fleshed, very sweet, and mature from green to a bright orange color. An excellent addition to salads or your favorite stir fry recipe.

3310261 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Purple Beauty

70 days — A truly purple pepper. The 4 inch by 3½ inch blocky fruit have thick flesh. Plants are highly productive. An interesting novelty to add color to your salads and cooking.

3310101 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25



Pumpkins

(*Cucurbita spp*)

(Seed count varies by type)

Refer to **Squash** for growing notes.

Atlantic Giant (*C. maxima*)

120 days — If you are going for a giant pumpkin, this is a good variety to try. 400 to 500 pound fruit are possible. Developed by Howard Dill of Nova Scotia, these huge fruits have slightly rough skin ranging in color from yellow to red-orange. They are not for small gardens. About 5-8 seeds/pack.

3320041 — 2 grams — \$ 2.25

Big Max (*C. maxima*)

120 days — Bright, yellow-orange flesh is 3 to 4 inches thick. Suitable for pies. Will reach 50 to 70 pounds in weight. About 15 seeds/pack.

3320011 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Cinderella (aka Rouge Vif D'Etampes)

(*C. maxima*) 95 days — A French heirloom that is very productive and beautiful. The fruit are flattened, deeply ribbed, concave on top and the skin color is a brilliant reddish-orange. They average 15 inches across but only 6 inches high and weigh up to 25 pounds. Cinderella is excellent in pies. About 16 seeds/pack.

3320031 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Connecticut Field

(*C. pepo*) 110 days — Fruit are large, average 15 to 20 pounds, globe shaped, flattened on the ends. The rind is hard but thin and slightly ribbed. Flesh is sweet, thick and course. About 20 seeds/pack.

3320021 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Howden (*C. pepo*)

110 days — Used for Jack-o-Lanterns, excellent for pies and roasted seeds. Fruit weigh between 10 and 20 pounds and are dark orange with deep ridges and strong handles. Vines are large reaching up to ten feet. Tolerant to black rot. About 20 seeds/pack.

3320111 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Jack O'Lantern (*C. pepo*)

100 days — Bred to be about the size of a human head. They tend to be about 10 inches in diameter, 10 to 18 pounds and medium-orange colored with shallow ribs. The flesh is sweet, light in color, and fine-grained enough to be of good cooking quality. About 20 seeds/pack.

3320071 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Do you like the work that we are doing? Please consider sharing about us with your gardening family and friends on your social media pages.

Kustovaya Oranzhevaya (*C. pepo*) {CNG}

95 days — Medium size, 8 to 13 pound, orange, relatively thin skinned fruit with fine, thick, light orange flesh on compact, **bush-type** plants. From Russia; rare in the U.S. About 14 seeds/pack.

3320101 — 2 grams — \$ 2.55

Small Sugar (aka New England Pie)

(*C. pepo*) 110 days — An heirloom pie pumpkin that is outstanding for both pies and processing. The fruit are 6 to 8 inches in diameter and weigh about six pounds. The flesh is thick and sweet. About 20 seeds/pack.

3320061 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Williams Naked Seeded {CNG}

(*C. pepo* L. var. *styracca*) 110 days — Developed in Austria for their hullless seeds and used for pumpkin seed oil production. Flesh used for fodder, but tasty enough for breads, pies, or any pumpkin recipes. About 6-8 seeds/pack.

3320091 — 2 grams — \$ 2.55



Radishes

(*Raphanus sativus*)

(Approximately 200 to 250 seeds/packet)

Radishes are easy to grow, being both quick to sprout and fast to mature. This makes them a perfect choice for a child's first gardening experience. They do prefer cool weather and can become pungent (hot), and will likely bolt (go to seed) in warmer weather. Best when sown in spring or late summer. Succession sow 5 to 7 days apart for a steady supply over the season.

As soon as the soil temperature is about 45°F and the soil can be worked, sow seeds ½ inch deep and ½ inch apart, in rows spaced eight inches. Firm the soil and keep moist until they germinate. They have shallow root systems so keep watered. Harvest as soon as they reach desired size. A great snack food as they contain vitamin C and only about 100 calories per pound.

Champion

20 days — Bright red, 1 to 1½ inch globes with mild flesh. If grown to a larger size, they don't quickly become pithy. 1957 AAS® winner.

3330151 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Cherry Belle

22 days — A quick growing, globe shaped radish with bright red skin and crisp, firm, white flesh. 1949 AAS® winner.

3330011 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Chinese White Winter

60 days — Excellent for pickling or winter storage. Plant in mid to late August to enjoy all winter. They withstand light frosts and in storage, stay crisp and mild. White skinned with crisp, white flesh, grow 5 to 8 inches long and up to 2½ inches in diameter.

3330161 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Create an account at VictorySeeds.com and earn **Victory Points™** every time you order.

Crimson Giant

30 days — Globe to top-shaped roots with crisp, white, mild flesh. We prefer harvesting them young when they are about one and a half to two inches in diameter. Given ample room, they can grow to be about the size of a baseball and remain of good, solid, useable quality.

3330181 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Early Scarlet Globe

20 days — Very early variety with bright red skin with white flesh. Also does well in frames or greenhouses for forcing.

3330071 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Easter Egg Blend

30 days — This mix produces red, pink, purple, and white colored, round shaped radishes. Colorful addition to a tossed salad or vegetable platter; also great fun for raising in a kid's garden.

3330201 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

French Breakfast

30 days — Grown since the 1880s, it is still very popular. Roots are oblong and blunt tipped, $\frac{3}{4}$ inches in diameter by 2 inches long. Rose colored with white tips and crisp white flesh. Mild.

3330081 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Hailstone (aka White Globe)

25 days — You can plant these in spring or fall and harvest pure-white skinned globe shaped radishes. The flesh is firm and crisp.

3330021 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Minowase

60 days — The roots of this Japanese variety are large, three inches in diameter by one to two feet in length. They are white, very smooth, tender and not very pungent.

3330121 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Pink Beauty

27 days — The round globes can grow large but still remain crisp, mild and not pithy. The flesh is bright white while the skin is an attractive pink color that makes it an interesting addition to a tossed salad or vegetable platter.

3330191 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Purple Plum

30 days — The roots are round, a deep purple color, and have crisp white flesh that is sweet, mild and resists pithiness. Bred and released by the Alf Christianson Seed Company in 1985.

3330131 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

White Icicle

28 days — The roots are 5 to 6 inches long, tapered, about $\frac{3}{4}$ inches in diameter. Pure white flesh and thin skinned.

3330041 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Watermelon (aka Red Meat or Continental Fancy)

55 days — An interesting variety in that it has white skin with tender, sweet, dark pink interiors. Grows fairly large in size (between a golf ball and a baseball).

3330171 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

"Grow plants with a past" - Victory Seeds®

Rutabaga or Swedes

(Brassica napus subsp. rapifera)
(Approximately 250 to 300 seeds/gram)

Rutabagas, also known as Swedish turnips or Swedes, are an oft overlooked table vegetable in our modern western diet. They appeared in the Middle Ages in Europe and can be boiled and mashed as a low starch alternative to potatoes. Except in extreme cases, they are cold tolerant and can be left in the ground over winter.

American Purple Top

120 days — The roots are nearly globe shaped, 4 to 6 inches in diameter with 20 inch tall tops. The skin is a buff to light yellow color with purple tops. The flesh is firm and fine-grained. Introduced sometime before 1920.

3350611 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Helenor

100 days — Excellent flesh quality and sweet flavor. Purple tops with off-white bases, light orange flesh, and tend to be quite uniform in their shape and size. Stores well for winter use.

3350661 — 0.5 gram — \$ 1.85

Laurentian

120 days — Flesh is fine-grained and sweet; a nice alternative to mashed potatoes. Sow in summer for fall and winter use.

3350621 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Nadmorska

90 days — More oval and elongated than typical round varieties. Uniformly large with green tops and sweet golden-yellow flesh. Vigorous growth and early maturing. Originally from Lithuania.

3350641 — ½ gram — \$ 1.85



Spinach

(Spinacia oleracea)
(Approximately 75 seeds/gram)

In fertile soil, enriched with organic matter high in nitrogen, plant as early as the ground can be worked. Spinach likes cool weather. Plant again in late August for a fall crop. Sow thinly, about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep. Thin seedlings to 1 to 3 inches apart.

Harvest leaves as soon as they are big enough to eat. When the plant is starting to look old, cut whole plant back to 1 to 2 inches high to stimulate growth. If they begin to bolt, harvest and freeze the whole crop.

America (aka American Long Standing)

45 days — Produces heavy yields of thick, dark-green savoyed leaves. It is slow-growing, slow to bolt, and resistant to heat and drought. 'America' spinach is a long-standing Bloomsdale-type that is suitable for canning, freezing, and eating fresh.

3360051 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

**A great gardening resource, check out the
National Gardening Association
www.Garden.org**

Bloomdale Long Standing

45 days — Early, dark green, crumpled leaves can be sown in spring or fall. Resists bolting in hot weather. Originally released by D. Landreth & Co. in the 19th century. "Bloomdale" was the name of the farm they moved to in 1847 in Bristol, PA.

3360011 — 4 grams — \$ 1.95

Giant Nobel

50 days — Plants are very large and spreading in habit. Sow in the late spring (it is slow to bolt) for heavy yields of giant, thick, dark green leaves. Excellent for canning. An AAS® winner in 1933.

3360031 — 4 grams — \$ 1.95

Giant Winter (aka Gigante d'Inverno)

45 days — Large, smooth, medium-green, semi-savoyed leaves. Specifically bred to tolerate cold temperatures allowing it to be sown in late summer or autumn for an early spring harvest.

3360071 — 4 grams — \$ 1.95

New Zealand

60 days — Grows as a perennial in warm climates. Not related to true spinach but tastes similar. Does not bolt or turn bitter in hot weather due to its high Vitamin C content. Introduced in England in 1772 by Sir Joseph Banks; discovered during the South Seas expedition of Captain Cook.

3360021 — 4 grams (about 15 seeds) — \$ 1.95

Viroflay (aka Monstrueux de Viroflay)

50 days — Plants reach up to two feet in diameter. The leaves are large, dark-green, smooth, crisp, and are about ten inches long. A French variety that dates back to the mid-nineteenth century.

3360041 — 4 grams — \$ 1.95



Squash

(*Cucurbita spp.*)

(Seed count varies by type)

After all danger of frost has passed, sow seeds one inch deep in hills or rows spaced 24 to 30 inches apart. Choose a location that has warm, well-drained, fertile soil. Squash requires a lot of water, so mulch to conserve moisture.

When planning your garden, consider the growing habits of the varieties that you are planting. Some bush-types are compact while vining types require a tremendous amount of space. Harvest time will also vary by variety.

Squash are typically categorized as summer or winter varieties. The immature fruit of summer varieties are eaten fresh. Winter squash are harvested in late fall after they have matured and their skins have toughened, then stored in a cool, dry location, they are used in the winter months.

Summer Squash

Caserta (*C. pepo*)

50 days — Prolific, early, bush, cocozelle-type summer squash. Produces cylindrical, slightly tapered, fruit that have creamy flesh and light-

green skins with dark-green stripes. Best harvested at four to six inches in length. 1949 AAS® winner. About 20 seeds/pack.

3370371 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Cocozelle (*C. pepo*)

50 days — Bush-type plants produce 10-inch long, cylindrical zucchini that are dark green with lighter stripes (maturing to yellow) and firm, whitish green flesh. This variety was introduced before 1885. About 24 seeds/pack.

3370161 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Dwarf Summer Crookneck (*C. pepo*)

50 days — A standard for the home garden. Very prolific bushes with smooth, light yellow fruit that become orange and warty at maturity. An AAS® winner in 1938. About 35 seeds/pack.

3370021 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Early Prolific Straightneck (*C. pepo*)

42 days — Bush-type plants with lemon-yellow fruit that taper towards the stem end. Tender and succulent. About 40 seeds/pack.

3370031 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Early White Bush Scallop (*C. pepo*)

47 days — Pale green to white, turning white as the pan-shaped, scalloped fruit mature. Fine textured flesh on a bush-type plant. About 30 seeds/pack.

3370041 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Yellow Scallop (*C. pepo*)

50 days — Productive, bush-type plants produce bright yellow, scallop-shaped fruit. Use fruit at any stage of development bright yellow. Creamy texture and very flavorful. About 35 seeds/pack.

3370271 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Zucchini, Ananashyi (*C. pepo*)

45 to 50 days — Very prolific, compact, bush-type plants. Harvest the fruit at 6 to 8 inches long by two inches in diameter and they have turned bright yellow. Occasionally, a plant will produce yellow fruit with a green tip. Sent to us by seed saver, Andrey Baranovski of Minsk, Belarus (BELR BA A). About 28 to 32 seeds/pack.

3370301 — 4 grams — \$ 2.55

Zucchini, Black Beauty (*C. pepo*)

60 days — Bush-type plants with black-green to almost black fruit. Harvest at 6 to 8 inches. An AAS® winner and introduced in 1957. About 20 seeds/pack.

3370131 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Zucchini, Dark Green (*C. pepo*)

50 days — Bush-type plants are vigorous and produce early. Fruit are straight, smooth, mottled dark green. Flesh has a pale green tint, is firm and has a fine flavor. About 20 seeds/pack.

3370211 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Zucchini, Grey (*C. pepo*)

45 days — Bush-type plants with medium-green fruit flecked with gray. Harvest at 6 to 8 inches. Popular in the Southwest and Mexico. Introduced in 1957. About 30 seeds/pack.

3370141 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Zucchini, Round (*C. pepo*)

45 days — Deeply cut leaves on a bush-type plant. The fruit are best used at about 2½ to 3 inches in diameter. About 35 seeds/pack.

3370151 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25



Winter Squash

(Vining-type plants unless otherwise noted.)

Boston Marrow (*C. maxima*) {CNG}

110 days — Looking for a rare, historic, and amazingly productive squash? Its flesh is fine-grained, yellow-orange, and bakes to a bright orange. Good for pies or as a table variety. Give it room to grow and it will reward you with hundreds of pounds of food! About 10 seeds/pack.

3370341 — 3 grams — \$ 2.45

Burgess Buttercup (*C. maxima*)

100 days — Good maritime variety. The fruit are very sweet, fine meated, 5 to 8 inches in diameter and range from 3 to 5 pounds. They are shaped like a flattened turban with a blossom end button. About 20 seeds/pack.

3370011 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Bush Table King Acorn (*C. pepo*)

85 days — The plants are compact and produce two pound, glossy dark green, acorn-shaped fruit with a small seed cavity and pale orange flesh. Produces five to eight fruit per plant. An AAS® winner in 1974. About 40 seeds/pack.

3370071 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Delicata (*C. pepo*)

110 days — Cream colored with green stripes, 3-inch by 8-inch long fruit. Excellent eating quality with a fine texture and a sweet potato-like flavor. It has remained popular since its 1893 introduction. About 40 seeds/pack.

3370221 — 3 grams — \$ 2.25

Delicata, Honeyboat (*C. pepo*)

105 days — The oblong fruit are tan with green stripes with a high dry matter to moisture ratio making them a good for storage. Excellent quality and very sweet tasting. About 45 seeds/pack.

3370331 — 3 grams — \$ 2.25

Galeux d' Eysines (*C. maxima*) {CNG}

100 days — These are beautifully "ugly," 10 to 15 pounds each, rinds mature to a salmon color covered in warts. Very thick, fine-grained, sweet, orange flesh. Excellent sautéed, roasted, baked or used for pie or soup. An heirloom from the French region of Bordeaux. About 10-12 seeds/pack.

3370461 — 4 grams — \$ 2.45

Golden Delicious (*C. maxima*)

100 days — Top-shaped, 7 to 9 pound, reddish-orange skin with green blotches; thick, fine-grained, light-orange flesh. Higher vitamin C content. Developed for baby food, canning, and freezing. Excellent flavor, good keeper. About 20 seeds/pack.

3370421 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Green Striped Cushaw (*C. mixta*)

95 days — Crookneck shaped, thin skin, hard, smooth rind that is creamy-white with green stripes averaging 10 to 20 pounds. Very dry, light colored, fine grained flesh resembles a sweet potato in flavor. Makes an excellent pie. About 20 seeds/pack.

3370391 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Hopi Pale Grey (*C. maxima*)

110 days — Oblong, gray-green, 10 to 15 pound fruit with deep orange, semi-dry, fine-grained fruit with a good, mild flavor with a hint of sweetness. Stores very well with flavors getting better in storage. About 15 seeds/pack.

3370321 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Hubbard, Blue (*C. maxima*)

110 days — Tough-skinned, oblong, bluish-green colored fruit weigh 10 to 15 pounds, with golden yellow flesh that is dry with a great flavor. About 16 seeds/pack.

3370051 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Hubbard, True Green Improved

(*C. maxima*) 105 days — Fruit are 10 to 15 pounds, dark green skinned with golden flesh. Great for canning, freezing and is an excellent keeper. Grown in Marblehead, MA as early as the 1830s, James J. H. Gregory introduced it to the seed trade. About 14-16 seeds/pack.

3370281 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Kogigu (*C. moschata*)

110 days — Deeply ribbed, flattened-globe shaped, with rough, waxy skins and average a couple of pounds in weight. Flesh is tasty, fine-grained, deep orange and excellent eating quality. From Japan. About 10-12 seeds/pack.

3370451 — 2 grams — \$ 2.45

Long Island Cheese (*C. moschata*)

100 days — An heirloom pie variety from New York and New Jersey. It is named after its resemblance to a ten pound wheel of cheese. The fruits are flattened, ribbed, buff in color with orange flesh. Vining habit. About 20 seeds/pack.

3370201 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Queensland Blue (*C. maxima*)

115 days — Fruit are rounded, turban shaped with thick skin, deep ribbing, 10 to 12 pounds and bluish, grey-green in color. Its sweet orange flesh is wonderful for baking, soups, pies, cakes and muffins. Australian heirloom first introduced into the U.S. in 1932. About 14-16 seeds/pack.

3370381 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Sweet Meat (*C. maxima*) {CNG}

110 days — Vigorous vines require a lot of space. Fruit weigh ten or more pounds and are a bluish-gray color. Very hard shelled, with deep orange colored, thick flesh that is very sweet, dry and fine grained (stringless). About 10-12 seeds/pack.

3370231 — 4 grams — \$ 2.45

Sweet REBA (*C. pepo*)

110 days — Each compact plant produces 5 to 6, uniform, 1 to 2-pound, dark green, acorn-type fruit with a classic acorn squash flavor and texture but

sweeter. Powdery Mildew resistant. A good storage variety. About 20 seeds/pack.

3370351 — 2 grams — \$ 2.45

Table Queen Acorn (*C. pepo*)

80 days — Table Queen is a green-shelled variety that resembles an acorn in shape. They are about 6 inches in diameter at maturity. Very prolific, a good keeper, and great for cutting in half and baking. About 30 seeds/pack.

3370061 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Vegetable Spaghetti (*C. pepo*)

95 days — Looking for a low calorie and nutritious alternative to pasta? Try this. After being cooked, cut in half and scrape out the spaghetti-like strands. Can be eaten plain or with your favorite sauce. About 30 seeds/pack.

3370101 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Waltham Butternut (*C. moschata*)

85 days — Light tan rind, 7 to 9 inches long with a thick neck and small seed cavity. Its flesh is a wonderful, bright orange color. An AAS® winner in 1970. About 35 seeds/pack.

3370111 — 4 grams — \$ 2.25

Yakima Marblehead (*C. maxima*)

100 days — Productive vines with large, slate-gray, slightly ribbed, Hubbard-type introduced in 1896. Thick, golden-yellow meat is revered for its excellent flavor. Rare. About 8 seeds/pack.

3370481 — 3 grams — \$ 2.45

Zapallo Plomo (*C. maxima*)

110 days — Vigorous, productive vines. Grayish-green, flattened with deep ribs, up to 20 pound fruit. Flesh is a dark yellow with a mild, sweet flavor. Stores well. Rare. About 12-15 seeds/pack.

3370471 — 3 grams — \$ 2.45



Swiss Chard

(*Beta vulgaris subsp. cicla*)
(Approximately 50 seeds/packet)

A close relative of beets, the leafy greens are what are used and enjoyed for their mild flavor. It has been cultivated for at least 2,000 years and is rich in vitamins and minerals.

Young, tender leaves are eaten fresh. Mature leaves can be prepared as you would spinach — steamed, boiled, added to soups or sautéed in a little butter or light oil. You might also want to try them “Southern-style” serving them up with a bit of butter, vinegar, and crumbled bacon.

After being stripped of leaves, stalks can be used as an interesting addition to a raw veggie platter.

Barese

30 days — Exceptionally early and productive. The leaves are glossy and dark green, with slightly curled edges. Intended for “baby greens” use, fresh in salads, or lightly steamed.

3380061 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Fordhook Giant

60 days — Heavy yielding. Very tasty and good for home or market. Attractive crumpled leaves are dark green, with broad, white, high quality stalks.

3380041 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Lucullus

52 days — Named after a Roman general. Heavily crumpled with wide, broad white ribs about 20 inches tall. Tolerates hot weather, grows until frost.

3380011 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Orange Fantasia

60 days — Deep-green, savoyed leaves with bright, yellow-orange colored veins and stems. Beautiful and tasty. Nice for salad blends when young. Color does not fade when cooked. A good bolt resistant variety.

3380081 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Perpetual (aka **Leaf Beet** or **Spinach Beet**)

55 days — Leaves are smooth, dark-green with fine midribs. Very vigorous, slow bolting, great choice for a continuous supply of tasty summer-time greens. An old European variety that was introduced in 1869.

3380051 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Pink Lipstick

60 days — Nearly identical to Orange Fantasia except its savoyed leaves are deep-green with magenta-pink colored veins and stems.

3380071 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Rainbow Chard (aka **5 Color Silverbeet**)

50 to 60 days — A tender and tasty variety whose orange, yellow, pink, white and red stalks make it very ornamental. Once quite rare.

3380021 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Ruby Red

59 days — Candy-apple red stems with dark green leaves. It is decorative and tasty and makes a nice addition to salad blends.

3380031 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

We Can Use Your Help!

As a mission-driven organization, income generated from seed sales directly supports our plant variety preservation and charitable giving programs. Very little is left over for conventional advertising and marketing.

Our primary form of advertising is from your word of mouth recommendations to your gardening friends and family. We would also greatly appreciate you mentioning us to local garden writers, master gardeners, on your social media accounts, gardening forums, or anywhere the opportunity arises.

For more ways to help, please visit:

VintageVeggies.com/support.html

Have you read Craig LeHoullier's book, "Epic Tomatoes" yet?

<http://www.craiglehoullier.com/>

Tomatoes

(*Solanum lycopersicum*)

Unless otherwise noted, packs contain at least 20 seeds and are priced at \$2.75 per pack.

NOTE: Visit our web site for photos, more complete descriptions, and documented histories.

Growing Tomatoes: Start indoors 6 to 8 weeks prior to your last expected frost date. Do not direct sow into the garden. Sow seeds ¼ inch deep in sterile seed starting mix. Water lightly but keep moist until germination. After sprouting, water as needed. The optimal soil temperature for germination is between 75°F and 90°F.

Full light and cooler temperatures (60 to 70°F) will help to prevent the seedlings from becoming too leggy. If plants become root bound before you can safely set them into the ground, transplant into larger pots.

Harden off plants before planting outside. Young plants are tender and very susceptible to frost and sunburn damage. Avoid too much nitrogen. Water evenly and deeply but not in excess.

Selection tips — *Determinate* types ripen over 3 to 4 weeks and their bushes generally do not need staking. *Indeterminate* types continue to grow even after the fruit sets and continuously ripen until a frost arrives. *Tree-types*, also referred to as dwarfs, are very compact.

Dwarf Tomato Project Varieties

In 2005, Craig LeHoullier and Patrina Nuske Small, along with a team of over 100 volunteer gardeners scattered around the world, set out to create heirloom quality tomatoes that anyone could grow, no matter how tiny their garden plot was. Since they can be grown in pots, people are now raising tomatoes on rooftops, fire escapes, patios and indoors.

All of the dwarfs are compact with rugose leaves. For photos, more information, and access to all of the varieties, visit our site at:

VictorySeeds.com/dwarf-tomato-project.html

Adelaide Festival (3403141) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC
80 days, dwarf — Rich purple colored fruit with green stripes that ripen to olive-gold. Smooth, oblate, 6 to 10 oz., very juicy and tender with a delicious, well-balanced flavor.

Aussie Drop (3404911) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC [NEW]
90 days, dwarf — Heart shaped, red-brown colored, 2-7 oz., fruit with a mild, yet rich and slightly sweet, flavor. A very beautiful and delicious snacking tomato.

Banana Toes (3404921) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC [NEW]
70 days, dwarf — Plants are very compact (less than 2-feet) but are very productive. Fruit are elongated, bright-yellow and have the classic consistency of a paste tomato. Perfect for sauce, paste, and preserving.

Tomatoes are definitely a passion of ours.

Big Green Dwarf (3403161) {CNG} <OSSI>
70 days, dwarf — Oblate, 8 to 14 oz. fruit, green flesh with an amber skin when ripe. Nice, well-balanced, fruity, sweet flavor.

Boronia (3403171) {CNG} <OSSI>
70 days, dwarf — Fruit are oblate, 4 to 16 oz., pink with dark shoulders with a smooth, meaty texture. Delicious, intense flavor quality.

Bundaberg Rumball (3403181) {CNG} <OSSI>
60 days, dwarf — Prolific with chocolate-colored, 2 to 3 oz., round, fruit with a balanced, sweet flavor.

Clare Valley Red (3404391) {{CNG} <OSSI> VSC
90 days, dwarf — Uniform, globe shaped, red, 3 to 6 ounce fruit with a mild, slightly tart flavor. Excellent for fresh eating and canning.

Coorong Pink (3403861) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC
95 days, dwarf — Rugose, regular leaf plants, productive, 4 to 8 oz., flattened-globe shaped, pink fruit that are juicy, meaty with a nice mild flavor.

Dwarf Almandine (3404711) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC [NEW]
95 days, dwarf — Productive, elongated, paste-type fruit, 4 oz., dark pink with darker shoulders, and deliver a pleasant, balanced flavor.

Dwarf Amy's Ohio (3404551) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC [NEW]
80 days, dwarf — Medium sized, globe shaped, 3 to 10 oz., green fruit with a well-balanced, slightly sweet flavor.

Dwarf Andy's Forty (3404331) {CNG} <OSSI>
75 days, dwarf — Fruit are oblate, brown with vertical green stripes, weigh 4 to 8 ounces, and have a mildly balanced, slightly sweet flavor.

Dwarf Arctic Rose (3403211) {CNG} <OSSI>
60 days, dwarf — Smooth, round to oblate, 3 to 8 oz., pink fruit. Well-balanced and delicious flavor.

Dwarf Audrey's Love (3404881) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC [NEW]
78 days, dwarf — Elongated, paste-type, 2 to 4 oz., chocolate colored with green striping, that are juicy and have a mild, balanced flavor.

Dwarf Beryl Beauty (3402391) {CNG} <OSSI>
90 days, dwarf — Fruit are smooth, round, 3 to 5 ounces, and barely change color upon ripening. Some fruit develop a pale pink blossom end blush. Flavor is balanced, full and delicious.

Dwarf Blazing Beauty (3403221) {CNG} <OSSI>
75 days, dwarf — Deep-orange, 4 to 14 oz., smooth, oblate fruit. The flavor sparkles with an intense, ample tart bite.

Dwarf Caitydid (3403901) {CNG} <OSSI>
80 days, dwarf — Productive, rugose, regular leaf plants with medium to large, smooth, oblate-shaped, yellow tomatoes with red swirls, and heavy red coloration in the flesh. The flavor is well balanced and delicious.

Dwarf Dainty Isabel (3404771) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC [NEW]
70 days, dwarf — Produce lots of small, 2 to 5 oz., dark pink, flattened-globe shaped fruit that have a well-balanced, pleasant flavor.

Unless otherwise noted, tomato packets contain at least 20 seeds and are priced at \$2.75 per packet.

Dwarf Desert Star (3404931) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC [NEW]
80 days, dwarf — Nearly round, 1 oz., pale yellow, cherry tomatoes with a balanced, sweet flavor. And excellent salad or snacking tomato.

Dwarf Egypt Yellow (3404261) {CNG} <OSSI>
80 days, dwarf — Beautiful, oblate, bright yellow colored, 6 to 12 ounce fruit with juicy, good, mild, well balanced flavor.

Dwarf Emerald Giant (3402401) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC
95 days, dwarf — Fruit are smooth, oblate, up to 16 ounces with bright green flesh and balanced, full and delicious flavor.

Dwarf Golden Heart (3403231) {CNG} <OSSI>
70 days, dwarf — Productive, 4 to 10 oz., blunt, heart-shaped, medium yellow fruit. Sweet, balanced, delightful flavor.

Dwarf Grinch (3404641) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC [NEW]
90 days, dwarf — Oblate to slightly heart shaped, 6 to 16 oz., green with a pale pink blossom end blush. Flavor is rich and delightful.

Dwarf Hannah's Prize (3404251) {CNG} <OSSI>
80 days, dwarf — Globe to oblate, red, 6 to 12 ounce fruit have a balanced, slightly tart flavor.

Dwarf Jade Beauty (3402611) {CNG} <OSSI>
85 days, dwarf — Sweet, round, 2 to 5 ounces, green when ripe but can have a hint of pink blush on the blossom end.

Dwarf Kelly Green (3403241) {CNG} <OSSI>
75 days, dwarf — Round, green-fleshed, 3 to 6 oz. fruit. Well-balanced, full and delicious flavor.

Dwarf Lemon Ice (3403251) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC
70 days, dwarf — Yellow, 3 to 12 oz., heart-shaped fruit. Meaty with a mild, sweet but slightly tart flavor.

Dwarf Mahogany (3403261) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC
85 days, dwarf — Deep-red with chocolate shoulders, oblate, 5 to 20 oz., fruit with firm flesh with a rich, sweet and slightly tart, intense flavor.

Dwarf Melanie's Ballet (3404301) {CNG} <OSSI>
80 days, dwarf — Vigorous and productive. Fruit are elongated heart-shaped, paste-type, 2 to 4 ounce, and pink with an excellent, slightly sweet flavor. One of the very first dwarf paste tomatoes.

Dwarf Metalica (3404941) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC [NEW]
75 days, dwarf — Pink with green stripes, 4 to 16 oz., oblate to slightly heart shaped fruit with a well-balanced; slightly sweet and tangy flavor.

Dwarf Mint Streak (3404941) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC [NEW]
70 days, dwarf — Fruit borne in clusters of 4 to 6 tomatoes; 2 to 5 oz., elongated-globe shape, and light and dark green striped in color with degrees of amber blush and green flesh when fully ripe. Flavor is mild with a slightly tart finish.

Dwarf Moby's Cherry (3404961) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC [NEW]
63 days, dwarf — Bright yellow to orange, globe-shaped, 1-2 oz. cherry-type fruit. With a well balanced, delicious flavor, and perfect texture, makes it a great salad, snacking or grilling tomato.

Dwarf Moliagui Moon (3404351) {CNG} <OSSI>
75 days, dwarf — Ivory to pale yellow colored, 2 to 6 ounce tomatoes with a well balanced, slightly sweet and tangy flavor. Shapes range from large cherry-type globes to medium-size slicers.

Dwarf Peppermint Stripes (3404321) {CNG} <OSSI>
85 days, dwarf — Oblate, 8 to 12 ounce, green fruit with light and dark, green and pink stripes, and green flesh with pink marbling. A delicious slicer.

Dwarf Perfect Harmony (3404571) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC [NEW]
85 days, dwarf — Productive, large (up to 20 oz.), bright-orange, oblate tomatoes with a distinctly tart, full flavor. Great slicer on dwarf plants.

Dwarf Pink Passion (3403271) {CNG} <OSSI>
65 days, dwarf — Heart-shaped, 4 to 7 oz., pink fruit with a delightful, balanced, sweet flavor.

Dwarf Round Robin (3404561) {CNG} <OSSI> [NEW] VSC
90 days, dwarf — Fruit are thick, meaty, globe shaped, weigh 2-3 oz., dark-red with darker shoulders and green stripes, that offer the palate an excellent, well balanced flavor.

Dwarf Russian Swirl (3403281) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC
87 days, dwarf — Smooth, 4 to 12 oz., oblate-shaped fruit, colored yellow with red swirls and with a well-balanced and delicious flavor.

Dwarf Snakebite (3404891) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC [NEW]
80 days, dwarf — Pink, 4-16 oz., oblate shaped fruit that are tasty, tangy and tart. A very nice slicing tomato.

Dwarf Sweet Sue (3403301) {CNG} <OSSI>
80 days, dwarf — Fruit are round to oblate, 5 to 18 oz., smooth, and bright yellow. Flavor is well-balanced, full, delicious with sweet overtones.

Dwarf Wild Fred (3402621) {CNG} <OSSI>
85 days, dwarf — Medium size (up to 8 oz.), oblate but somewhat irregular shaped, meaty, purple fruit that have an excellent flavor.

Fred's Tie Dye (3403311) {CNG} <OSSI>
75 days, dwarf — Productive with 5 to 6 oz., round, purple with jagged gold and green stripes and rich, intense, balanced flavors.

Iditarod Red (3403321) {CNG} <OSSI>
80 days, dwarf — Smooth, round, 2 to 4 oz., red with a well-balanced and pleasant flavor.

Kangaroo Paw Brown (3403331) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC
90 days, dwarf — Round to flattened-globe, 2 to 6 oz., crimson flesh and dark, chocolate colored shoulders when ripe. Very tasty.

Kangaroo Paw Green (3403341) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC
90 days, dwarf — Round to flattened-globe, 2 to 5 oz., green flesh and amber skin when ripe.

Kangaroo Paw Yellow (3403351) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC
90 days, dwarf — Round to flattened-globe, 2 to 8 oz., bright yellow when ripe and very tasty.

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Lucky Swirl (3403581) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC
90 days, dwarf — Yellow and red bi-color, 5 to 20 ounce, smooth, slightly ribbed, oblate shaped, fruit are juicy but meaty with a mild and sweet flavor.

Perth Pride (3403361) {CNG} <OSSI>
80 days, dwarf — Perfectly round, 3 to 5 oz., smooth, purple colored fruits. Juicy, full, tangy flavored. Productive.

Rosella Crimson (3403371) {CNG} <OSSI>
78 days, dwarf — Productive plants. Oblate, 4 to 12 oz., pink fruit with an excellent flavor.

Rosella Purple (3402491) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC
75 days, dwarf — Plants grow to 3-4 feet tall. Fruit are oblate-shaped, 6-12 ounce, and ripen to a deep purple-pink color. Flavor is full, intense, balanced and delicious.

Sean's Yellow Dwarf (3403381) {CNG} <OSSI>
80 days, dwarf — Productive plants with oblate, bright yellow fruit, and providing a refreshing, bright, delicious flavor.

Sleeping Lady (3403391) {CNG} <OSSI>
85 days, dwarf — Smooth, round to oblate, 3 to 6 oz., chocolate-mahogany fruit. Well-balanced and pleasant flavor.

Summer Sunrise (3403401) {CNG} <OSSI>
80 days, dwarf — Smooth, 4 to 24 oz., oblate shaped, bright yellow fruit with a pronounced blossom end blush with a full, delicious flavor.

Summer Sweet Gold (3403411) {CNG} <OSSI>
90 days, dwarf — Oblate, smooth, 6 to 14 oz., medium yellow tomatoes, often showing a pale pink blossom end blush, that have an intense, wonderful and memorable flavor.

Summertime Gold (3403421) {CNG} <OSSI>
85 days, dwarf — Smooth, oblate, 4 to 14 oz., pale-yellow fruit with pink blossom-end blush; intense, balanced yet sweet, flavor.

Summertime Green (3402631) {CNG} <OSSI>
85 days, dwarf — Oblate, up to 10 oz. fruit are green colored, sometimes with a pinkish or amber blush when ripe; tender, fleshy interior that is juicy, sweet and fruity tasting.

Sweet Scarlet (3403441) {CNG} <OSSI>
90 days, dwarf — Oblate shaped, 6 to 16 oz., smooth, red fruit, with intense, complex flavor. One of the best of the dwarfs.

Uluru Ochre (3403451) {CNG} <OSSI>
65 days, dwarf — The first black/orange variety we've seen. Oblate, 6 to 12 oz. fruit with an absolutely delicious, smokey flavor. Productive.

Waverley (3404901) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC [NEW]
80 days, dwarf — Two to three foot tall, rugose, regular leaf plants produce 4-16 ounce, pink colored, oblate shaped, fruit that are deliciously sweet and juicy.

Willa's Cariboo Rose (3404111) {CNG} <OSSI>
82 days, dwarf — Vigorous plants produce 3-10

ounce, oblate-shaped, deep-pink, very juicy fruit. Excellent flavor best described as classic "red flavor" with a nice, slightly sweet-tart aftertaste.

Wilpena (3404381) {CNG} <OSSI> VSC
85 days, dwarf — Red, oblate, juicy yet meaty, delicious, mild, well-balanced flavored slicing tomatoes. Average 8 to 12 ounces each, but can reach 28 ounces.

Yukon Quest (3403471) {CNG} <OSSI>
75 days, dwarf — Its fruit are smooth and round to oblate, ranging from three to six ounces, and ripen pink. Flavor is well balanced and pleasant.



Other Dwarf Varieties

Alpatieva 905A (3402191) {CNG}
65 days, dwarf — Good flavored, red, 2 to 5 ounce, globe to oblate shaped, on compact plants that reach 24 inches tall. Old Russian variety.

Burpee's Quarter Century (3402801) {CNG}
90 days, dwarf — Fruit are red, solid, smooth, crackless, 2 to 10 ounces, with a nice balanced flavor. Released by W. A. Burpee in 1901.

Dwarf Champion #15 (3401051) {CNG}
80 days, dwarf — Compact, rugose leaf plants with 3 to 6 ounce fruit. Good flavor and texture for slicing. Similar to other Dwarf Champion varieties.

Dwarf Champion (3401041) {CNG}
80 days, dwarf — Compact plants with three to eight ounce pink fruit. Mild flavor, slightly tangy with sweet overtones. Excellent for slicing.

Dwarf Champion Improved (3401061) {CNG}
85 days, dwarf — Similar to Dwarf Champion. Compact, rugose leaf plants with three to five ounce pink fruit. Good flavor and texture for slicing.

Dwarf Giant (Burpee's) (3402351) {CNG}
80 days, dwarf — Oblate shaped, pink fruit that weigh up to about ten ounces each. Introduced in 1909 by W. A. Burpee.

Golden Dwarf Champion (3400891) {CNG}
90 days, dwarf — Fruit are bright lemon-yellow with firm, lighter yellow flesh, weigh two to five ounces and are globe-shaped. Very productive. Released by W. Atlee Burpee in 1898.

Lime Green Salad (3401671) {CNG}
85 days, dwarf — Flavorful, 2 to 6 ounce globe-shaped green fruit. Flesh is lime green, juicy, mild, sweet, with a slightly tart aftertaste.

New Big Dwarf (3401531) {CNG}
90 days, dwarf — Large (one pound), delicious fruit develop on dwarf, short, bushy, two to four foot tall plants. Released by S. M. Isbell in 1909.

Orange Tree (3401891) {CNG}
90 days, dwarf — Beautiful orange, mid-sized, flattened-globe shaped fruit on compact plants.

Polish Dwarf (3402011) {CNG}

60 days, dwarf — Plants reach 30 inches and produce 1 to 4 ounce, red, globe-shaped fruit. Keeps producing throughout the season.

Potentate (3404491) {CNG}

85 days, dwarf — Productive, compact, 3-foot tall plants. Red, 2 to 6 ounce, somewhat oblate fruit with juicy, mild flavored flesh. An old English variety; does well in the field or greenhouse.

Puck (3404791) {CNG} [NEW]

40 to 50 days, dwarf — Compact, 12-inch tall plants produce 2-5 oz., red, globe shaped fruits with a good, mild, balanced, slightly tart flavor. Sets fruit well in cooler weather.



Red Fruited

Abraham Lincoln (3400011) {CNG}

87 days, indeterminate — Sturdy plants produce large, dark red, solid, sweet and meaty fruit. Excellent for juices, sauces, and catsup. Released by H.W. Buckbee Seed of Rockford, IL.

Abu Rawan (3404401) {CNG} [NEW]

80 days, indeterminate — Productive, compact, regular-leaf plants do really well in hot weather. Oblate, red, 2 to 4 ounce fruit that have a nice, tangy, classic red tomato flavor. From Iraq.

Ace 55 VF

80 days, determinate — A medium late, red, firm, mild flavored, oblate fruit. Disease resistant, productive, canning variety.

3400021 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.75

3400022 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.55

3400023 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.55

Acme, DeGiorgi (3402161) {CNG}

70 days, indeterminate — Beautiful and tasty fruit. A great looking oblate, red variety.

Ailsa Craig (3404411) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Red, globe shaped, two to four ounce fruit borne in clusters. Juicy and good flavored. Popular for a traditional English breakfast.

Aunt Edna (3403921) {CNG} VSC

90 days, indeterminate — Vigorous, productive, regular leaf vines are naturally sprawling. Fruit are red, smooth-skinned, globe to flattened-globe shaped, and average 8-ounces each. Mild, red-flavored. Good for canning, processing, and fresh eating. A McNeil family heirloom from Corbin, KY.

Ashleigh (3402341) {CNG}

89 days, indeterminate — Fruit of this family heirloom tomato are meaty, red, generally heart-shaped, but with some being beefsteak shaped, and huge, weighing from ten to thirty six ounces.

Atkinson (3404851) {CNG} VSC [NEW]

75 days, indeterminate — Red, 4 to 14 oz., oblate shaped, firm, meaty fleshed fruit, with a nice, balanced, slightly sweet and tart flavor. Good fresh in salads or sliced, as well as canned or processed into sauces. Introduced by Alabama AES in 1966.

Australian Giant Oxheart (3401271) {CNG} VSC

85 days, indeterminate — Delicious fruit reach up to 20 ounces, are red and heart-shaped with very few seeds. Originated in Australia.

Basrawya (3404421) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Regular-leaf plants do very well in hot weather. Beautiful, smooth skinned, globe shaped, red, 4 to 6 ounce fruit with a nice, mild flavor. From Iraq.

Beefsteak

90 days, indeterminate — A very old variety with extra large, meaty, ribbed, deep scarlet fruit. Weighs about 12 ounces. Good for slicing.

3400031 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.75

3400032 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.55

3400033 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.55

Bisignano #2 (3401291) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants with 4 to 16 ounce, red, variably shaped (oblate to elongated), wonderfully flavored fruit. Though fine for sauce, it's also a great eating tomato.

Brandywine, Red (3400041) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — The best known heirloom tomato. The disease tolerant, regular leaf plants yield fruit that are red, globe to oblate shaped and flavorful. Introduced by the Johnson and Stokes Seed Company in 1889.

Burgess Mammoth Wonder (3401981) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — A nice full flavored variety. Meaty but not dry, slightly acidic with complex aftertastes. Fruit are oblate in shape and reach up to 20 ounces in weight.

Cal Ace

80 days, semi-determinate — Improved version of 'Ace', tends to be earlier, thicker walled, and sets well in warm weather. Fruit are oblate-shaped, meaty, sweet, smooth skinned and ripen uniformly.

3402061 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.75

3402062 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.55

3402063 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.55

Cardinal (3401331) {CNG}

86 days, indeterminate — An interesting plant with small to medium sized (2 to 10 ounce), red colored, flattened globe shaped fruit. Good flavor, slightly tart. Released in 1894 by W. Atlee Burpee.

Century (3402841) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Beautiful, smooth-skinned fruit weigh up to 12 ounces, are flattened-globe shaped, and red in color. Very productive. Released in 1901.

Condon's Peerless (3401231) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Beautiful, uniform shape, nice red color, juicy, and full-flavored tomato. Released about 1926.

Crimson Cushion (3400071) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — A very old late-seasoned, wilt-resistant beefsteak variety. The fruit are large, 14 to 16 ounce, deeply ribbed, irregular, bright scarlet, juicy, yet solid and very prolific. Nice balance of tart and sweet.

Danko (3402221) {CNG}

61 days, determinate — The fruit are red, heart-shaped, weigh 3 to 14 ounces, and have a good flavor. A Russian commercial variety.

De Barao Polosatyi (3402231) {CNG}

100 days, indeterminate — A rare Russian variety. Very productive. Produces striped, bi-color, oval-shaped, 2 to 4 ounce fruits.

Delicious (3400081) {CNG}

77 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants set loads of huge, one pound or larger, smooth skinned, red, fairly crack resistant fruit with solid interiors and very few seeds.

Dr. Walter (3402931) {CNG}

79 days, semi-determinate — Regular leaf plants with 2 to 10 ounce, red, globe to elongated shaped fruit that are mild flavored.

Earliana (3400571) {CNG}

65 days, indeterminate — Extra early 5 to 6 ounce fruit is set in clusters of six tomatoes or more. The bright red color and tasty flavor makes this a great early tomato. Introduced about 1910.

Earliosa No. 6 (3401591) {CNG}

70 days, indeterminate — The plants produce good amounts of medium sized, red, flattened-globe shaped fruit.

Extreme Bush (3401371) {CNG}

50 days, determinate — Plants are very compact, 12 to 28-inches tall, very productive, with leaves that curl up and inward. Fruit are very flavorful, average 3 ounces, are red and globe-shaped.

Fake! (3402941) {CNG}

85 days, determinate — Compact, productive, regular leaf plants with bright fire-red, globe to slightly elongated, 2 to 5 oz. fruit that grow in clusters and easily slip from the vines. Soviet-era Moldovan variety released in about 1970.

Florida Special (3402821) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Productive plants with red, oblate, nice sized, 9 ounce fruit with a fine texture and flavor.

Gill's All Purpose (3402521) {CNG}

90 days, semi-determinate — Attractive, regular-leaf, high yielding plants. Fruit are good sized (about 3 inches in diameter), globe-shaped, and deep-red. Good for canning, juicing, slicing and eating fresh off the vine. Bred by Gill Bros. Seed Co. of Portland, Oregon and released in 1947.

Gill's Red Heart (3403791) {CNG}

95 days, indeterminate — Regular-leaf, productive plants. Fruit are 5 to 12 ounces, emerald-green ripening to deep red, globe to slightly oblate, with juicy, meaty flesh and few seeds. Tasty, balanced flavor; good processing variety. Released in 1939 by Gill Bros. Seed of Portland, OR.

Glamour (3400101) {CNG}

74 days, indeterminate — Glamour sets heavy clusters of red, six ounce fruit that are almost globe-shaped, solid and crack resistant. 1957.

Globonnie (3404461) {CNG} [NEW]

75 days, indeterminate — Deep-globe shaped, red, 3-8 oz., mildly tart, slightly sweet, classic red tomato flavor. Excellent for fresh eating and processing. Bred by the Dominion Experimental Farm in Ottawa, Canada and introduced in 1938.

Greater Baltimore (3400611) {CNG}

95 days, indeterminate — Regular leafed plants with red, slightly flattened globe shaped fruit. Introduced in 1905.

Gogoshary (3402251) {CNG}

85 days, semi-determinate — Moldovan heirloom, semi-stuffer type with red, 2 to 5 ounce, slightly ribbed fruit on compact, regular leafed plants.

Heinz VF (3400111) {CNG}

75 days, determinate — Early, bright red, crack resistant fruit. Heavy yielder with Fusarium and Verticillium disease resistance.

Herman's Special (3402501) {CNG}

70 days, indeterminate — High yielding with large red beefsteak-type fruit that weigh between four and sixteen ounces.

Homestead 24

80 days, determinate — Fruit set under a wide range of conditions, making it popular the world over. Plants are large with dense foliage producing eight ounce, red fruit that are meaty, firm, and consistently uniform. Released in 1956.

3400121 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.75

3400122 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.55

3400123 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.55

Improved Colossal Red (3401811) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — It is a large, red, wonderful slicer with a good balance of sweet and tartness, a great texture, and very meaty.

Indark (3402831) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Beautiful, smooth-skinned fruit that are oblate in shape, red in color, meaty, tasty and large (weighing up to 20 ounces). They are also resistant to cracking and Fusarium wilt. Released in 1954.

Jerusalem (3402661) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants with excellent production. The heart-shaped fruit are large (12 to 16 ounces), red, and have very good flavor. Sent to us by Sammie Long of TN.

J.T.D. (3401821) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Fruit are 6 to 16 ounces, red, globe to oblate shaped and tasty. Named to honor J.T. Dorrance, the man who developed Campbell's soups. Very productive.

Kanora (3404871) {CNG} [NEW]

76 days, indeterminate — Plants are vigorous and productive. Red, 4-6 oz., flattened globe shaped tomatoes. Heavy foliage helps prevent sun-scall and cracking. Bred at the Kansas AES and introduced in 1927.

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Legend (3401831) {CNG}

90 days, determinate — Released by OSU in 2003. The red fruit are mostly seedless, large and resistant to races of late blight. Adapted for areas with cooler weather.

Linnie's Oxheart (3402271) {CNG}

97 days, indeterminate — Fruit are red, heart-shaped, weighing 6 to 18 ounces. Introduced by "Big Red" from Kentucky. He got the seeds from Linnie Sears, a neighbor, who had been growing this variety for years.

Louisiana Red (3401121) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Bred by C. W. Edgerton by crossing 'Louisiana Wilt Resistant' and 'Earliana' and released in 1918. It is one of the early wilt resistant varieties. Fruit are red, slightly flattened globe shaped and weigh 3 to 14 ounces.

Lutescent Long Red (3401841) {CNG}

100 days, indeterminate — From Canada. Its foliage yellows as it matures, from the bottom of the plant up, similar to 'Honor Bright'. The fruit are deep globed shaped, 4 to 11 ounces, and turn from a nearly white color to red at maturity.

Ludmilla Red Plum (3402541) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants, very productive with 6 to 10 ounce, red, plum-shaped fruit. Excellent flavor, meaty, few seeds. A good choice for fresh eating, canning or sauces.

Lvinoe Sertse (3403001) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Russian variety whose name means "Lion's Heart." Plants are regular leaf with 4 to 12 ounce, red, oblate to slightly elongated fruit, some being pointed on the blossom end. Excellent slicer, also for canning.

Mahoning Valley Beauty (3404821) {CNG} VSC [NEW]

75 days, indeterminate — Red, 4-16 oz., blunt tipped, elongated paste-type fruit that are thick, meaty with few seeds, and an excellent choice for processing into sauces or salsas. Heirloom from the Mahoning Valley of Pennsylvania

Maja (3403991) {CNG}

75 days, determinate — Productive and compact (24 to 36 inch tall) plants. Red-colored, salad-sized, two inch fruit are perfect for snacking, salads, canning, sauces, and soups. Old-time, "red flavor" that is a nice balance of sweetness with just the right amount of tartness. Very juicy and delicious.

Mala Bishka (3402671) {CNG}

90 days, semi-determinate — Compact, regular leaf plants produce red, 8 to 16 ounce, beefsteak type fruit. Excellent fresh eating quality and flavor.

Malinovaya Grusha (3402361) {CNG}

90 days, semi-determinate — The fruit are lovely, pear shaped, red and weigh from one to six ounces. A Russian variety.

Marglobe (3400131)

75 days, determinate — Developed by Fred Pritchard of the USDA. One of the first varieties with good resistance to Verticillium and Fusarium wilt. A parent to many newer tomato varieties. Fruit are red, smooth, solid, 6 ounce, crack resistant. Its earliness favored its adoption in the canning regions of the North. Released in 1925.

Marmande (3402091) {CNG}

65 days, semi-determinate — Prolific producer of medium-sized (up to 13 oz.), slightly ribbed oblate fruit that are red with an excellent flavor. Bred by Vilmorin Seed Co., and released about 1897.

Marvana (3402891) {CNG}

68 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants with red, globe to slightly elongated, 4 to 5 ounce fruit. Very early. Released in 1924.

Matchless, Burpee's (3400901) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — A main crop variety with fruit that are red, flattened-globe in shape and about six ounces in weight. They are juicy, with a slightly sweet, mildly acid, good flavor. Released in 1889 by W. Atlee Burpee.

Matchum (3401261) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Productive, regular leaf plants with red, flattened globe shaped, 7 to 10 ounce fruit. It was released by the Schell Seed Company in 1929.

Maule's Success (3401451) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — The red, oblate fruit range from 5 to 13 ounces and have a good, "red tomato" flavor. Released by William Henry Maule Seeds prior to 1907.

McGee (3402001) {CNG}

55 days, indeterminate — A really early variety. The fruit are one to three ounces, red, smooth-skinned, and globe-shaped. They are mild, slightly tart with a good lingering aftertaste.

Medford (3401861) {CNG}

80 days, determinate — Introduced by Oregon State Univ. Early to medium-early depending on location. Fruit medium (6 to 13 ounces), uniform red color. Solid, good flavor and internal color.

Mediterranean (3401461) {CNG} VSC

90 days, indeterminate — A bee keeper from the Mediterranean brought this to the Corbett, OR area. Fruit are sweet, weigh up to two pounds, and range in shape from globe to large, double-hearts.

Michigan Red Wonder (3404811) {CNG} VSC [NEW]

84 days, indeterminate — Beautiful red, 3-14 oz., globe to oblate shaped that are also juicy and nicely tart. Introduced by S. M. Isbell Seed in 1919.

Millet's Dakota (3401491) {CNG}

77 days, indeterminate — Listed in the 1934 Oscar H. Will's catalog as, "The hardest, most drought resistant early Tomato." Originated by John W. Millet of Bismarck, ND. Introduced by Will's in 1913. The fruit are red, oblate, and 4 to 8 ounces.

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Moneymaker (3400621) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — An old English greenhouse variety. Reliable, heavy crops of red, 4 to 5 ounce, globe-shaped fruit. Handles humidity well in the greenhouse or outside. The plants are open allowing for good air circulation.

Moravsky Div (3402441) {CNG}

70 days, determinate — Czech for "The Wonder from Moravia." Compact, potato leaf, productive plants; Red, globe-shaped, two ounce fruit. Very good tasting.

Moskvich (3400151) {CNG}

60 days, indeterminate — An heirloom variety said to have originated in Eastern Siberia. The vines produce flavorful, 4 to 6 ounce, deep red, smooth, globe-shaped fruit. Tolerant of cooler temperatures and starts producing early.

Nepal (3401521) {CNG}

78 days, indeterminate — Wonderfully flavored, round, medium sized red tomato. A good canning tomato. Sent to us by Craig LeHoullier who said, "It is still a favorite of mine."

Norduke (3402371) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Red-fruited canning variety of the 'Stone' type. Plants are large, erect, with large, smooth, oblate, fairly meaty fruit. Bred by Fred Pritchard, USDA, and released in 1922.

Oregon Eleven (3401691) {CNG}

70 days, determinate — Bred by Dr. James Baggett of OSU in 1982. Red, nicely flavored, globe-shaped, 2-inch in diameter fruits. Very early and prolific.

Oregon Spring

85 days, determinate — Another from Dr. Baggett of OSU. Early, large, red, nearly seedless fruit. Sets under cool temperature conditions. Verticillium wilt race 1 resistant. Released in 1984.

3401701 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.75

3401702 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.55

3401703 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.55

Pan America (3401141) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Good for fresh eating, marketing, and canning. Oblate-shaped, 3 to 10 ounce, red, full flavored fruit. Introduced in 1941.

Pearson (3404481) {CNG}

85 days, determinate — Productive, compact, plants. Small, red, 1 to 3 ounce fruit are globe to flattened-globe shaped, with smooth, tough skins, firm yet juicy flesh, and have a nice, mild flavor. Bred by Dr. O. H. Pearson. Released in 1936.

Pearson Improved (3402101) {CNG}

80 days, determinate — Adapted for semi-arid regions. Fruit are red, seven ounce, flattened-globe, beautifully smooth skinned and tasty. Good home and market gardens. Introduced in 1942.

Précocibec (3402301) {CNG}

73 days, determinate — Tolerant of cool spring nights, early and productive. Good choice as a home canning tomato. Introduced in 1974.

Pritchard (aka Scarlet Topper) (3401181) {CNG}

90 days, semi-determinate — Productive, compact plants with scarlet red, globe shaped, 5 to 10 ounce mild flavored fruit. Released in 1926.

Prue (3402031) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Leaves are wispy and droopy. Very productive. Red, great flavored fruit are an elongated heart shape with a bump or nipple on the blossom end. An old family heirloom.

Red Stuffer (3400651) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Very prolific. Red-orange, 3 to 4 celled fruit. The center seed cluster, similar to that of a bell pepper, is easily removed. Ideal for using as an edible container.

Red Zebra (3404121) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Productive, regular leaf vines with 2 to 3 ounce, globe-shaped fruit that are red with jagged, vertical, orange mottling. Juicy and mild with a delicious, slightly tart aftertaste.

Russian Red (3401561) {CNG}

75 days, tree-type — Bred in New Zealand and released in 1949. Commercially it was not popular as the fruit was "too small." It became the most popular New Zealand home garden variety. Very hardy, reaches about five feet high. Fruit are small, juicy, red and great flavored.

Rutgers (3400171)

75 days, indeterminate — Fruit are six ounce, bright red; globular, slightly flattened with smooth, thick walls that are crack resistant. Introduced in 1934, it is a cross between 'J.T.D.' and 'Marglobe'. Good for slicing and cooking.

3400171 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.75

3400172 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.55

3400173 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.55

Sakharny Pudovichok (3403041) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Siberian variety whose name loosely means "Sugar Pounder" or "Ton of Sugar." Regular leaf plants with beefsteak-type, red, 4 to 20 ounce, very juicy and flavorful fruit.

Salsa (3400451) {CNG}

70 days, determinate — A solid, early maturing red fruit that weighs about 6 oz.

Santiam (3401911) {CNG}

75 days, determinate — Early and large-fruited. Good fruit set under cool temperatures of western Oregon. Great for slicing. Good tart flavor. No seeds in the first fruit.

Siberia (3400181) {CNG}

50 days, determinate — Early, bright red fruit weighing up to five ounces. Although it is capable of setting fruits down to 38°F, it is still not frost hardy. Smuggled out of the Soviet Union in 1975.

Silvery Fir Tree (3402711) {CNG}

73 days, indeterminate — Compact plants with lacy, delicate, unusual leaves. Benefits from support. Fruit are red, oblate, 4 to 10 ounce, meaty and have an excellent flavor. Russian heirloom.

Sioux {CNG} [NEW]

84 days, indeterminate — Smooth, red, firm but juicy fruit with a nice, mild, slightly sweet, flavor. All-purpose variety for fresh slicing or salads, as well as for canning, freezing or pastes and sauces. Introduced by the Nebraska AES in 1944.

3404841 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.75
 3404842 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.55
 3404843 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.55

Starfire (3402121) {CNG}

70 days, determinate — Bred at Morden Experimental Farm in Manitoba. Released in 1963. Here in Oregon it is one of the most prolific and healthy looking varieties we grow. Fruit are oblate shaped and bright-red color.

Stick (aka Curl) (3402041) {CNG}

65 days, indeterminate — Interesting plants with unique, tight clusters that look like pom-poms. Fruit are globe shaped, red, up to three inches on stalks that look like sticks and can reach up to about six feet high under the right conditions.

Stupice (3400661) {CNG}

50 days, indeterminate — Potato-leaf, four foot tall plants loaded with clusters of two inch diameter fruit. Very early, great flavor. Heavy yields all season. Introduced to the U.S. from Czechoslovakia in about 1976. Pronounced "stu-peek-a."

Super Sioux (aka Super Lakota)

70 days, indeterminate — A good choice for hot, dry locations and sets fruit well in high temperatures. Red, globe-shaped, thick walled and fleshy fruit have a nice old-time tart flavor. Good for home garden, processing and early fresh market.

3402131 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.75
 3402132 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.55
 3402133 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.55

Tabletalk, Burpee's (3401321) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf, compact bush-type plant but not determinate. Deep globe fruit with solid meaty interior, medium sized (4 to 6 ounce) red fruit. Crack resistant. Similar to 'Marglobe' from which it originated as a single-plant selection. Released about 1941.

Tait's Trucker's Delight (3403051) {CNG} VSC

86 days, indeterminate — An old Southern variety. Regular leaf plants with red, 2 to 10 ounce, globe to elongated-globe shaped fruit. Released by George Tait & Sons Seed Co., It has not been commercially available for several decades.

Thorobred Trucker's Delight (3403061) {CNG} VSC

91 days, indeterminate — Another old Southern variety from George Tait & Sons Seed Co. Regular leaf plants with red, 2 to 10 ounce, globe to elongated-globe shaped fruit. It has not been commercially available for several decades.

Uralskiy Ranniy (3402321) {CNG}

51 days, determinate — Russian for "Early from the Urals." Very early, productive Russian variety. Red, globe-shaped, smooth skin, mild flavored, 1 to 6 ounce fruit, borne in clusters of 6 to 10.

Variiegated (aka Splash of Cream) (3401951) {CNG}

95 days, indeterminate — This is a very unique variety. We have seen a lot of tomatoes but this is the first tomato variety that we have seen that is variegated. The fruit are small (two to five ounces) and red at maturity. Very productive.

Victory (3400701) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Our original seed came from a seed saver in Sweden. The red fruit are two-celled, smooth skinned, very juicy and sweet, nearly globe-shaped borne in clusters of 8 to 10 fruit weighing 1 to 3 ounces each.

Vulcan (3404831) {CNG} [NEW]

75 days, indeterminate — Disease resistant, red, globe-shaped fruit borne in clusters of 8 to 10 tomatoes weighing 1 to 3 ounces each. Equally suited for fresh eating as well as processing. Bred at the Vineland Station in Ontario, Canada.

Wayahead (3401961) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — We believe that this is the old variety, also known as 'Hudson Valley' or 'Potato-leaved Earliana' sold by S. M. Isbell & Company of Jackson, MS. Smooth, tasty, small (2 to 8 ounce) red fruit.

Willamette (3400681) {CNG}

70 days, determinate — Bred in the early 1960s by Dr. J. R. Baggett of OSU. Fruit are 3½ to 7 ounce, unusually smooth, globe to deep globe shaped with small stem and blossom scars, good color and solidity. Resistant to radial cracking. Adapted to the western valleys of the U.S. and Canada, New York, and Michigan.

Yubileyny Tarasenko (3402331) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Vigorous, productive plant with red, 2 to 5 ounce, pointed fruit. Bred by famous Ukrainian plant breeder Fyodor Tarasenko who released it in 1987. Named to honor his 75th jubilee. Sent in by Andrey Baranovski of Minsk.

Zleovo (3402741) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — The regular leaf plants are productive. The fruit are borne in clusters, small in size (weighing two to four ounces), red in color, globe-shaped and taste excellent.



pink, purple & Black Fruited

A. Z. Cutler (3404861) {CNG} VSC [NEW]

85 days, indeterminate — Large, up to 32 ounce, pink, oblate-shaped, with a wonderful, mild but slightly sweet, flavor. Developed by Mr. A. Z. Cutler from the Detroit, MI area.

Alpha Pink (3402781) {CNG}

69 days, indeterminate — Prolific plants with beautiful, smooth-skinned, pink, 14 ounce, oblate, mild fruit. Introduced in 1915.

Anna Maria's Heart (3402201) {CNG}

83 days, indeterminate — Sent to us by Carolyn Male who received it from Scott Hamilton of Germany. An heirloom of his wife's family that originated in Russia. Named after his wife. Pink, heart-shaped, 4 to 16 ounce fruit.

Anna Russian (3400541) {CNG}

87 days, indeterminate — Productive, regular leaf plants. Oxheart shaped, meaty, three to six ounce, pink with light green shouldered fruit.

Anna's Kentucky (3403951) {CNG} VSC

90 days, indeterminate — Fruit are oblate-shaped, pink, and can reach over a pound. Each bite delivers juicy, tasty, tart flavor with a hint of cherry. A family heirloom from Kentucky.

Black Krim (3400211) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Fruit are brownish-purple to maroon, often with green shoulders, weighing about twelve ounces, with a sweet, mild, and rich flavor. Originated from Crimea.

Bradley (3400221) {CNG}

80 days, semi-determinate — Short plants with heavy foliage. Fruit are pink with green shoulders, 8 to 12 ounce, and have excellent fresh market qualities. Released in 1961 by Dr. Joe McFerran of the University of Arkansas.

Brandywine, Pink (3400231) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Potato-leaf foliage with very large, oblate-shaped, reddish, pink fruit averaging 16 to 24 ounces each. Exceptional flavor, gourmet quality.

Brandywine, Sudduth (3401311) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Potato-leaf plants produce pink, oblate, large (14 to 36 ounce) fruit. Excellent flavor. Sudduth family heirloom.

Caitlin's Lucky Stripe (3403931) {CNG} VSC

82 days, indeterminate — Productive potato leaf variety that yields 4 to 8 ounce fruit that are very juicy, beautiful, slightly tangy and quite delicious.

Cancelmo Family Heirloom (3404061) {CNG}

VSC 90 days, indeterminate — An old Italian heirloom. Regular leaf plants with pink, heart-shaped fruit, with a mild, smooth, balanced, though slightly tangy flavor. Most fruit are big, beautiful, and nice for slicing.

Caspian Pink (3400241) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Reportedly an heirloom discovered in Russia by a Petoseed Co. employee shortly after the Cold War ended. It has large, oblate, pink fruit weighing up to eleven ounces. The flavor is mild and sweet.

Cherokee Purple (3400251)

80 days, indeterminate — Fruit are large (12 to 16 ounces), dark pink with dark purple shoulders. Excellent complex flavor, slightly sweet aftertaste. Introduced by Craig LeHoullier who received it from J. D. Green of TN. At least 100 years old and reportedly grown by the Cherokee Indians.

Cooper's Special (3402581) {CNG}

90 days, semi-determinate — Plants have good leaf coverage. Beautiful, pink, globe-shaped, 3 to 9 ounce, smooth skin, fruit. Released in 1923.

Cosner (3402601) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants with dark pink, 8 to 12 ounce, good flavored fruit. Generally an elongated-globe shape, sometimes developing into a classic heart shape.

Curry (3401771) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — An old family heirloom. The regular leaf plants produce large, pink, delicious, beefsteak-type fruit.

Dester (3402911) {CNG}

92 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants with pink, 6 to 24 ounce, beefsteak-type, oblate shaped fruit. It is an excellent, tasty slicing tomato. An old family heirloom from Germany.

Dinner Plate (3402921) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf variety that produces large (up to 24 ounce), pink, heart-shaped fruit that when sliced, have the potential of covering a dinner plate.

Dots Delight (3402151) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — A rare heirloom. The fruit are nice, large, and pink. The plants are sturdy and potato leaf.

Early Bird (3401361) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — A nice, tart flavored, pink tomato weighing up to 15 ounces. Released by Johnson & Stokes of Philadelphia in 1899.

Early Detroit (3402551) {CNG}

67 days, indeterminate — Firm and juicy, beautifully bright-pink, two to four ounce, globe-shaped fruit with a good flavor and a sweet aftertaste. Released by Ferry Seed Co. in 1909.

Early Detroit No. 17 (3402751) {CNG}

70 days, indeterminate — Pink, globe to oblate shaped, two to five ounce fruit with firm flesh but reasonably juicy and with a good flavor and a slightly sweet finish.

Eva Purple Ball (3401071) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Reportedly from the Black Forest region of Germany in the late 1800s. The fruit are smooth, uniformly globe shaped, about six ounces, and deep pink in color. Excellent taste. Good canning variety. Very prolific.

Ferris Wheel (3401091) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Pink, juicy, mild and slightly sweet. The largest fruit in our grow out weighed 32 ounces! Some fruit as small as eight ounces but a pound is typical. Released by the John A. Salzer Seed Co. in about 1907.

Fioletovyi Kruglyi (3402241) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — This Russian variety's name means "*Purple Round*" in English. Plants have beautiful grayish foliage. Fruit are globe-shaped, dark purple, grow in clusters of six fruits. Excellent meaty texture and sweet flavor.

Fish Lake Oxheart (3402641) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — A productive, regular leaf type with scarlet, heart-shaped, 12 to 16 ounce fruit. Excellent flavor.

Please Drop Us A Note

As a small company we value your input and love to hear from our gardening friends!

Fordhook First, Burpee's (3400991) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Good flavored, pink fruit, up to six ounces. Released about 1894.

German Johnson (3400261) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants. The beefsteak-type fruit reach up to a pound, are meaty, reddish-pink, and are mild but flavorful. A great slicing tomato for burgers and sandwiches.

Giant Belgium Pink (3400271) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Sweet fruit averaging one to two pounds. Dark pink fruit with smooth ends. Low acid, mild flavor.

Giroc (3402961) {CNG}

82 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants produce 18 to 24 ounce, pink, beefsteak-type fruit. An excellent slicing tomato. It is a Romanian variety introduced to American seed savers by Geza Korbely of Hungary.

Globe, Burpee's (3400881) {CNG}

78 days, indeterminate — Likely an old selection of 'Livingston's Globe'. Heavy yielding, vigorous, pink fruit are globular, smooth and very solid; good quality. An AAS® winner in 1936.

Glovel (3402861) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Vigorous and productive. Fruit are pink, 4 to 16 ounces, firm, and mild in flavor. Reportedly wilt-resistant.

Grandpa Charlie (3401801) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Potato leaf plants produce up to one pound, pink fruit that are mildly tart and full flavored. A family heirloom.

Hege German Pink (3403971) {CNG}

84 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants produce pink, oblate-shaped, large fruit. Very mild, classic, red cherry tomato-type flavor. A family heirloom from North Carolina.

Indian Stripe (3401381) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Productive, compact plants with oblate shaped fruit. Similar to Cherokee Purple's dusky rose color but not as dark on the shoulders and with some occasional green striping. Flavor is best when fully ripe.

Jimmy Joe (3401401) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Juicy but firm. Large (6 to 20 ounce) pink, globe to flattened-globe in shape fruit on regular leaf plants.

Kosovo (3401421) {CNG} VSC

75 days, indeterminate — Slightly willowy growth, 6 to 8 feet high, pink, fleshy, slicer-type tomato. Heart, double-heart, and large flat shaped fruit all on the same plant averaging 1 to 2 pounds in weight. Very tasty. Very early for such large fruit.

Lincoln-Adams (3402531) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Potato leaf plants with pink, oblate, mild flavored, 8 to 16 ounce fruit. Quite attractive. An old Kentucky family heirloom.

Louisiana All Season (3402851) {CNG}

89 days, indeterminate — Productive plants with oblate, 4 to 16 ounce, pink fruit. Bred to set fruit under higher temperatures and to be resistant to Fusarium Wilt. Released in 1950.

Louisiana Dixie (3401111) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Vigorous and resistant to fusarium wilt and cracking. Globe-shaped, slightly flattened, pink fruit. Released in 1936.

Louisiana Gulf State (3401441) {CNG}

78 days, indeterminate — Developed by Dr. Julian C. Miller, LA AES in Baton Rouge and released by Reuter Seed Co. in 1936. Described as a "highly refined selection of the famous 'Gulf State Market'." High yielding, vigorous, uniform, disease resistant and tasty. Fruit average 8 to 12 ounces, globe to flattened-globe in shape.

Marianna's Peace (3401021) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Family heirloom from Czechoslovakia. Potato leaf foliage. Deep reddish pink fruit weigh around a pound. Good sweet to acid flavor balance. Very meaty with few seeds.

Marvelosa (3402571) {CNG}

83 days, indeterminate — Productive plants. Pink, 4 to 8 ounce, smooth, meaty, globular to slightly oblate fruit that ripen uniformly. Once popular with Southern truck growers. Released in 1924.

Mexico (3400631) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Plants grow very tall provide good amounts of one to two pound, dark pink fruit. Makes a good, thick juice. Not watery.

Mildglobe, Hasting's (3400951) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Fruit are pink, 6 to 12 ounce, flattened-globe shaped, mild flavored with a hint of sweetness. Plants are large, stout and vigorous. Fruit set is moderate to heavy. Introduced by the Hastings Seed Co. in 1942.

Mikarda Sweet (3401481) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — One of the original Russian varieties offered by High Altitude Seed in 1990. Very unusual pink, elongated fruit having excellent flavor atypical of paste types.

Missouri Pink Love Apple (3404011) {CNG}

95 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf vines produce large (1 pound), pink, beefsteak-type fruit that are juicy, yet meaty, and slightly sweet flavored. Barnes family heirloom from KS.

Monarch (aka Buis's Monarch) (3401501) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Pink, 8 to 18 ounce, oblate in shape fruit. Quite interesting, complex and tasty. Tart, but not sour, with subtle sweet undertones and lingering aftertastes.

Mortgage Lifter, Halladay's (3403961) {CNG}

95 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf vines. Produce large, oblate-shaped, crack-resistant, beefsteak-type, pink colored fruit that are very meaty with a great tangy, yet mild, flavor.

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Mortgage Lifter, Pale Leaf (3401511) {CNG} VSC

86 days, indeterminate — Unusual, chartreuse colored pale foliage (similar to 'Livingston's Honor Bright') with standard 'Mortgage Lifter' fruit. The fruit are large, pink and deliciously flavored.

Mortgage Lifter, Radiator Charlie's (3400141) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Pink, over a pound and one of the best flavored beefsteaks available. The legend is that it was bred by Mr. M. C. Byles (aka Radiator Charlie) of Logan, WV. It is said that he then sold plants for one dollar each and paid off his mortgage in six years.

New King (3401681) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Beautiful, large (up to one pound), smooth skinned, pink, flattened globe shaped fruit. Similar to 'Ponderosa'.

Northern Elan (3404801) {CNG} VSC [NEW]

80 days, indeterminate — Their fruit are beautiful, red-brown colored, ribbed, oblate-shaped, 4-14 oz., firm but juicy, with a balanced sweet-tart flavor. Resistant to cracking and splitting. Developed by Robert Marmaduke from Washington.

Paul Robeson (3403021) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Old Russian variety. Regular leaf plants. Large (up to 20 ounce), beefsteak-type, maroon-black shouldered fruit that are sweet, very juicy and flavorful. Introduced to America in the mid-1990s by Marina Danilenko.

Peak of Perfection (3401151) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Smooth, globe-shaped, six to eight ounce, pink, and nice flavored fruit. Released by the John A. Salzer Seed Company of La Crosse, Wisconsin in about 1927.

Pink Accordion (3401161) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Interesting, pleated shaped, five to ten ounce fruit. What is surprising is that they are a good flavored slicing tomato.

Pinkshipper (3401171) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Fruit are smooth, globular, pink, mild tasting and an excellent slicing tomato. Resistant to fusarium wilt. Introduced by the USDA in 1957.

Ponderosa

88 days, indeterminate — Large, purplish-pink fruit, excellent mild flavor, for slicing and canning, twelve ounces to two pounds in clusters of three to five fruit, with small seed cavities. Plants are late-maturing, heavy yielding, require staking. Released by Peter Henderson in 1891.

3400291 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.75

3400292 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.55

3400293 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.55

Porter {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Developed for setting fruit in dry, hot climates. Fruit are egg-shaped, two to four ounces, about 1½ inches long and dark pink. Its good, complex taste makes it a favorite for eating fresh or canning and juicing. Developed by

V. O. Porter and released by Porter & Son Seed Company of Stephenville, Texas.

3402111 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.75

3402112 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.55

3402113 — 1 gm (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.55

Prudens Purple (3400641) {CNG}

70 days, indeterminate — Potato leaf variety with delicious, large, 12 to 16 ounce fruit with dark pink skin and crimson flesh.

Redfield Beauty (3401761) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Reportedly a selection of Livingston's Beauty. Beautiful, smooth, oblate-shaped, 6 to 12 ounce pink fruit. Excellent flavor, mild but slightly tart. Good slicing variety.

Rozovyi Gigant (3402311) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Russian for "Pink Giant." The plants are compact producing large, pink, flattened, fruit weighing up to forty ounces!

Rozovyi Izumnyi (3403031) {CNG}

86 days, indeterminate — Means "Pink Raisin-like" in English. Regular leaf plants with pink, 3 to 12 ounce, beefsteak-type fruit. Excellent, sweet, slicing variety. From seed collector Tamara Yaschenko of Biysk, Siberia, Russia in 2006.

Special Turkish (3401571) {CNG} VSC

75 days, indeterminate — Good taste, meaty, large (13 to 17 ounce), oblate-shaped, pink slicing tomato. Sent to us by M. Christensen of OR who was given seeds in 1972 from a co-worker who got them from friends who had collected them while serving in Turkey in the Peace Corps.

Springston Heirloom (3404031) {CNG} VSC

95 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants; pink, oblate-shaped, fruit can reach 20 ounces each. An excellent family heirloom slicing tomato.

Sutton's 'Peach Blow' (aka Peach Blow Sutton) (3404041) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf foliage is slightly fuzzy. Fruit average six ounces, are pink, mottled with hues of orange, red, and yellow. Their skins are firm and have a dull, matte appearance. The flavor pops out rich and sweet with a tiny bit of tartness at the finish. Introduced in 1897.

Tennessee Britches (3401931) {CNG}

95 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants, good leaf coverage, produce huge (up to 40 ounce), pink fruit. Rare heirloom.

Tennessee Heirloom (3401621) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — A really good potato leaf variety with meaty, large (up to two pounds), pink fruit. Excellent slicer with great taste. From Phillip Meadows of Middle Tennessee whose family has been growing it for over a century.

Traveler (3400201) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Some seed companies have begun erroneously calling this variety by the name "Arkansas Traveler". Released by the University of Arkansas in 1970. Mild flavor, six ounce, pink colored fruit. Bred for the Southern U.S. but has done well for us here in Oregon.

Traveler 76 (3400301) {CNG}

78 days, indeterminate — Released by the University of Arkansas in 1976. Fruit are dark pink when mature, six ounce with a good flavor. Heat and drought resistant. Better fruit size and increased crack resistance over 'Traveler'.

Trucker's Favorite, Burpee's (3401631) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Originated in Burlington County, New Jersey and released by Burpee before 1899. Six to twelve ounce, pink, globe-shaped fruit, with a fair resistance to cracking. Nice taste and keeps producing right up until frost.

True Black Brandywine (3403091) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — The oblate fruit have shoulders with a dusky, dark mahogany color that bleeds deeply into its flesh.

Valena Pink (3401601) {CNG} VSC

85 days, indeterminate — A personal family heirloom introduced in 2005. Large, pink fruit, great flavor, meaty, yet juicy. Potato leaf variety given to us in 1999 by Denise's Grandpa Valena who got the seeds from family in Italy. Asked how long the family had been growing it in the old country, we got the vague reply, "forever."

Winsall (aka Henderson's Winsall) (3404511) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Pink, 8 to 18 ounce, oblate in shape fruit. Quite interesting, complex and tasty. Tart, but not sour, with subtle sweet undertones and lingering aftertastes.

Wood's Famous Brimmer (3401581) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Juicy, large fruit, averaging about one pound each, that are oblate shaped and pink in color. They have an excellent flavor that is mildly sweet with just a hint of tartness. It is an excellent slicing tomato.

Yugo Roze (3404101) {CNG} VSC

76 days, indeterminate — Productive, wispy, regular leaf plants. Fruit are pink, very meaty, large, vary from elongated to heart-shaped, delivering an excellent, mildly sweet flavor with fruit, slightly strawberry-like, undertones.

Yusupov (3404091) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Fruit are oblate-shaped, pink, and can reach up to 28-ounces each on regular leaf plants. A juicy, yet firm, nice old-fashioned beefsteak-type slicing tomato.



Orange, Yellow, Green & White
Fruited

Anna Banana Russian (3402051) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Bright yellow to orange version of 'Anna Russian' Heart shaped, delicious, up to 13 ounce fruit with a slight pink blush inside.

Aunt Ruby's German Green (3400551) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — From Ruby Arnold of Greenville, TN. Beefsteak fruit are 5 inches in diameter by 4 inches deep and weigh one pound or more. Sweet juicy flesh, refreshing spicy flavor.

Azoychka (3401281) {CNG}

60 days, indeterminate — This is a variety brought from Russia and made available through SSE in 1995. It is a regular leaf plant, quite early, good sized (5 to 8 ounces) oblate shaped, yellow (not golden or orange) fruit with bright yellow interiors and a nice tart taste. Not the typical sweet or fruity flavor people associate with yellow varieties.

Big Rainbow (3400561) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Huge, ribbed, golden fruit with streaks of red-tones running through the flesh, some weigh up to two pounds. Subject to cracks and cat-facing but has a superb flavor.

Brandywine Yellow (3400321) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Fuzzy, potato leafed vines produce large fruit, weighing up to two pounds. The tomatoes have an excellent flavor and creamy texture.

Cherokee Green (3401341) {CNG}

86 days, indeterminate — Similar to Cherokee Purple in plant habit, fruit shape, size and flavor, except that their interiors ripen bright green with the skin taking on a yellowish hue when ripe.

Dixie Golden Giant (3401031) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Large plants with sweet, fruity flavored, 1 to 2 pound, clear lemon-yellow fruit, some have a pink blossom end blush.

Faribo Golden Heart (3401081) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Fruit are three to six ounces, globe-shaped (not heart-shaped) and golden orange. Good flavor, juicy, thick walls with few seeds. Flavored like a red tomato (slightly tart) and not sweet or mild as the color might suggest. Released by the Farmer Seed Co. in about 1955.

Garden Peach (aka Yellow Peach) (3400591) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Produces fruit that weigh from one to three ounces and have fuzzy skin, like a peach. The fruit store well and have a good, mild flavor. A very old tomato variety dating to the late 1800s.

German Yellow Stripe (3401791) {CNG} VSC

78 days, indeterminate — Bi-colored (yellow marbled with red), weigh up to 40 ounces, beefsteak-type fruit. Juicy, sweet, and mild with nice, complex aftertastes. Old KY family heirloom.

Golden Accordion (3402971) {CNG} VSC

90 days, indeterminate — Fruit are golden-orange, up to 20 ounce, deeply ribbed, oblate shaped fruits. Identical in every way except for color to 'Pink Accordion'. They were quite stable in our grow out, but since it is a relatively new variety, some variability may appear.

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Golden Bison (3400931) {CNG}

59 days, determinate — Compact, productive, very early, plants. Fruit are globe-shaped, golden-yellow some having a slight blush on the blossom end. Sweet, juicy, mild flavor. Introduced in 1932.

Green Giant (3401991) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — A potato leaf plant with large (up to 32 ounce), oblate-shaped fruit that are green with a slight yellowish tinge on the blossom end when at the eating stage.

Green Zebra (3400941) {CNG}

85 days, determinate — Fruit are yellow-green with dark green vertical stripes, 1½ to 2½ inches in diameter, 2 to 3 ounces with emerald-green flesh. Mild flavored but not bland (fruity, tart, sweet). Soften as they turn from green to yellow.

Hillbilly (3400331) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — The fruit are large, up to one pound, orange-yellow with red streaks in color and mild tasting.

Improved Colossal Yellow (3401641) {CNG}

95 days, indeterminate — Released by the Burgess Seed and Plant Co., Galesburg, MI in 1948. The result of several generations of breeding for a superior specimen of Yellow Ponderosa. Fruit are smooth and very large.

Isbell's Golden Colossal (3401391) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Produces oblate-shaped, large (up to 20 ounce), bright yellow fruit with some blossom-end blushing. They are mild and sweet in flavor. Listed in 1915.

J. Walsh (3402421) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Elongated, almost egg-shaped, bright, light yellow, 1 to 3 ounce fruit. Very sweet, mild and tasty. From New Zealand.

Jubilee (aka Burpee's Jubilee)

80 days, indeterminate — Fruit is bright orange, solid, 8 ounce, smooth, sweet, with meaty flesh that is not acidic. Plants are short-stemmed and sturdy. Makes beautiful juice. Released in 1943.

3400341 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.75

3400342 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.55

3400343 — 1 gm (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.55

Kellogg's Breakfast (3401411) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Orange, up to 20 ounce, oblate shaped, beefsteak-type fruit, with a wonderful flavor. Kellogg family heirloom.

Lillian's Yellow Heirloom (3401431) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Potato leaf plants with oblate, up to 20 ounce, bright yellow fruit with pale yellow interiors and very few seeds. Great, rich, complex flavors that are a bit unusual for yellow-fruited tomato varieties. TN family heirloom.

Little Lucky (3401001) {CNG} VSC

90 days, indeterminate — Potato leaf plants, beautiful, golden-yellow fruit with a blossom end blush that radiates into the flesh. Complex flavor - juicy, tangy, sweet. A stabilized cross from Craig LeHoullier. Introduced in 2004.

Mountain Gold (3400361) {CNG}

80 days, determinate — The compact plants are productive with beautiful orange, smooth skinned, up to 14 ounce, disease resistant, fruit. A modern OP market variety released in 1991.

Mr. Stripey (3400371)

80 days, indeterminate — Yellow beefsteak-type fruit with red-streaked flesh. The flavorful fruits can weigh up to three pounds!

Old German (3400381) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — The fruit are large, often weighing more than one pound, bicolored, golden yellow, striped with pink and red going through to the core. Delicious.

Old-Timey Yellow (3401871) {CNG}

95 days, indeterminate — Attractive plants yield large (up to 24 oz.), golden-orange fruit. Rare family heirloom.

Orange Heirloom (3401881) {CNG}

80 to 90 days, indeterminate — A Sherman family heirloom from the mountains of North Carolina. Deep orange, beefsteak-type fruit are 12 to 16 ounces with a great flavor. Nice slicing tomato.

Orange King (3401541) {CNG}

85 days, semi-determinate — Bred by A. F. Yeager, U of NH. Released about 1943. A beautiful, compact plant. Tastes like a good red tomato - mild but tart - not sweet like you might expect. The fruit are four to eleven ounces, oblate-shaped, and a bright orange color inside and out. The juice looks like orange juice.

Orange Minsk (3402291) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Orange beefsteak-type fruit are huge (up to 36 ounces). Less juicy than other beefsteak types. Very meaty. Belorussian heirloom sent to us by seed saver, Andrey Baranovski of Minsk.

Orange-1 (3402181) {CNG}

80 days, semi-determinate — Productive with fruit that are beautiful, smooth orange skinned, globe to slightly flattened shaped, two to eight ounce, and good flavored. Belarusian variety sent to us by seed saver, Andrey Baranovski of Minsk.

Paw Paw (3402681) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants with large (up to two pounds), bi-color, oblate-shaped, beefsteak-type fruit of excellent flavor and quality. Old West Virginian heirloom from Randy Sine.

Pineapple (3400391) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — The fruit are orange with pink striping and weigh up to 16 ounces. An heirloom from the Ohio area. Great foliage cover.

Podorok Fei (3402691) {CNG}

95 days, determinate — Russian variety whose name means "*Gift of the Fairy*." Compact, prolific plants produce 4 to 7 ounce, heart-shape, orange fruit. High in beta carotene. A nice slicing tomato.

Primrose Gage (3401721) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate - Foliage is a grayish blue-

green. The primrose-yellow fruit are about the size of a golf ball, with soft, almost velvety skin. It has a distinct, sharp, sweet flavor.

Schimmeig Stoo (3401191) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — AKA 'Striped Cavern', it is an interesting variety based solely on the shape, color, and hollow attributes of the fruit. They make a nice, edible container for recipes calling for stuffing tomatoes or bell-peppers. Similar to Red and Yellow Stuffer tomatoes.

Sunray (3400401) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Golden-orange fruit, deep-globular shaped, uniform size, up to 7 ounce in size. Sweet, solid, meaty, very mild in flavor. Good fusarium resistance. Does well in most parts of the U.S. Released in 1950.

Taylor Lacy Leaf (3402021) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Potato leaf plants produce large fruit that are white to pale-yellow when ripe and ready to eat. A good slicing tomato.

Tiger Tom (3400191) {CNG}

70 days, indeterminate — This has become a favorite in our kitchen garden. One of the first to ripen in our garden. The juicy fruit average about 6 ounces and have yellow-orange stripes on red-orange skin. Very good, sharp yet sweet, flavor.

Wapsipinicon Peach (3404071) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Very productive. Fruit are two inches in diameter, globe-shaped, yellow in color with interesting, fuzzy skin. Juicy, sweet and very mild with a wonderful bit of tart taste. Perfect for snacking. Introduced in 1890.

White Tomesol (3404081) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Fruit are large, oblate, pale yellow and often display a pink blush on the blossom end. Flavor is rich, sweet, and mild. An excellent slicing tomato.

White Wonder (3400411) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Fruit are yellowish-white inside and out when mature, up to one to two pounds, mild, very sweet flavored on bushy, leafy plants. Good for slicing and canning.

Yellow Ailsa Craig (3401201) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Fruit are yellow, globe-shaped, juicy, sweet, and weigh two to three ounces. Similar to the red-fruited English greenhouse variety 'Ailsa Craig'.

Yellow Lemon (3401211) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — The regular leaf plants produce fruit that are yellow, globe-shaped, juicy, sweet, weigh 2 to 4 ounces and grow in clusters.

Zolotae Serdtse (3403071) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Russian variety whose name means "Gold Heart" or "Heart of Gold." Productive, compact, regular leaf plants bear golden-orange, 3 to 8 ounce, elongated-heart fruit.

Zolotoy Zapas (3403081) {CNG}

90 days, semi-determinate — Regular leaf plants; orange, 3 to 11 ounce, oblate-shaped tomatoes.

The later season fruit tend to be more elongated and heart-shaped. Excellent, all-purpose variety.



Paste Types

Amish Paste (3400421) {CNG}

74 days, indeterminate — Bright red, flavorful, plum-shaped, eight ounce, mild flavored, fruit are great for canning, sauces and even fresh slicing. A bit juicier and seedier than true paste types.

Burning Spear (3402431) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Vibrant dark-orange color, elongated with some fruit exhibiting a pointed and reddish blush on the tips. Beautiful and excellent tasting.

Heidi (3402411) {CNG}

90 days, semi-determinate — Elongated, red, thin-skinned, thick-walled, meaty, weigh three ounces. Unlike typical bland tasting paste tomatoes, 'Heidi' has an excellent, full, rich flavor. Great for sauces.

Howard German (3402981) {CNG}

93 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants produce red, 3 to 9 ounce, paste-type tomatoes. Fruit vary from elongated pear shaped to ones that look like frying peppers. The flesh is dry, meaty and tasty. Excellent for sauce and paste. An old, pre-1900s heirloom variety.

Italian Gold (3402651) {CNG}

90 days, determinate — Compact, regular leaf plants. Beautiful golden-orange, five ounce fruit borne in clusters of about six. Meaty, sweet and excellent for paste and sauces.

King Humbert (3404471) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Productive, vigorous, fairly compact plants. Fruit are red, paste-type, blocky, elongated plum-shaped, 2 to 3 ounces each, borne in clusters. Meaty but pleasantly juicy, delivering an interesting, slightly sweet, mild flavor. Good for drying or sauces, and for fresh eating.

Libby's Pride (3402461) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Productive, regular leaf plants. Fruit are up to five inches long, red, meaty, few seeds, and often with a pronounced protrusion on the blossom end. From Campobasso, Italy.

Mama Leone (3402281) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants, good yields of 2 to 6 ounce red fruit. From Dr. Carolyn Male who said that it was, "first listed in the *SSE Yearbook in 2005*." Italian heirloom.

Napoli (3400431) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Italian paste-type. Fruit are a beautiful red color, about three ounces in weight and pear shaped.

New to Gardening?

Check out the informational resource, organized by geographical location, that we are developing on the web at:

www.WebGrower.com

Orange Banana (3401131) {CNG}

52 days, indeterminate — Interesting, deep orange color which is rare in paste-type tomatoes. Nice flavored, great in salsa.

Oroma (3401711) {CNG}

80 days, determinate — Released by Oregon State University in 1993. An early maturing paste tomato, with firm fruit that are easy to pick and peel. Keeps well on and off plant.

Roma VF

75 days, semi-determinate — Fruit are plum-shaped, two ounce, ideal for paste or puree. It is verticillium and fusarium wilt resistant. Adapted for the United States and Canada. Introduced in 1963.

3400441 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.75

3400442 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.55

3400443 — 1 gm (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.55

San Marzano (3402701) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Red, five ounce fruit that are elongated in shape, meaty and tasty. Grown for centuries in Italy. The basis of a very protected sauce and paste industry.

Sarnowski Polish Plum (3402451) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Red, mostly elongated in shape with pointy blossom ends. Meaty, five to eight ounce, great taste for sauces, processing and fresh eating.

Saucy (3401731) {CNG}

85 days, determinate — Released by Oregon State University in 1993. Early maturing, very compact plants, with blocky, plum shaped fruit. Easy to pick and peel. Keeps well on and off of the plant.

Sausage (3400461) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — This will be an interesting addition to your tomato collection. The fruit are unusually shaped, as the name implies, and can grow up to six inches long. The flavorful flesh is excellent for catsup or sauces.

Schiavone Italian Paste (3402511) {CNG} VSC

90 days, indeterminate — Very nice, bright red, meaty and tasty fruit with few seeds. Productive plants with dense foliage. Italian heirloom.

Sheboygan (3404021) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Vigorous, productive, regular leaf vines. Fruit are pink, elongated and six ounces each. Unlike most paste tomatoes, 'Sheboygan' delivers, big, balanced, complex flavor; excellent for fresh eating, paste or sauce, or for canning. Wisconsin heirloom via Lithuania.

Speckled Roman (3402721) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf, productive plants. Elongated, pointed, red streaked with orange fruit weigh 3 to 6 ounces with a good flavor.

Tony's Italian Paste (3402471) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Plum-shaped with points on the blossom end, four to six ounce, red, thick skinned, meaty and tasty fruit. An excellent multipurpose variety.

Small Fruited Varieties

Bi-color Cherry (3401901) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Small, globe-shaped, yellow and red bi-color fruit. Excellent juicy and sweet flavor. Tastes like 'Big Rainbow' but in bite-sized tomatoes.

Black Cherry (3401301) {CNG}

65 days, indeterminate — A new variety that is very productive with cherry shaped fruit that have the dark, purplish coloring of 'Cherokee Purple'. Flavor is wonderful, very rich and sweet.

Coyote (3401351) {CNG}

50 days, indeterminate — Tiny cherry tomato. Ripens its prolific crop to an ivory, translucent yellow color, shading to darker yellow at the shoulders. Flavor is superb.

Durmitor (3402811) {CNG}

83 days, indeterminate — Productive vines with beautiful, smooth-skinned, red, ½ to two ounce, globe-shaped, cherry type fruit. Serbian heirloom.

Everglades (3403941) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Also known as "Wild Florida Everglades," produces small, currant-type fruit that can be best described as providing huge flavor in a tiny package. Plants are vigorous, very productive, sprawling, drought and heat tolerant.

Farthest North (3404781) {CNG} [NEW]

40 to 50 days, determinate — Compact plants produce early and abundantly. Small, 1-2 oz., red, globe-shaped with a full flavor. Bite-sized for snacking or a nice addition to a tossed salad.

Green Doctors (3402261) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — A very good tasting cherry tomato with fruit that are green, under an ounce, round and very tasty. Named in honor of Drs. Carolyn Male and Amy Goldman.

Green Grape (3400721) {CNG}

65 days, determinate — Compact bush with globe-shaped, 1½ inch, green-yellow fruit borne in clusters of 4 to 12. Green flesh and excellent flavor. Introduced by Tom Wagner in 1986.

Gold Nugget (3400711) {CNG}

55 days, determinate — Released by Oregon State University and perfectly suited for the Maritime Northwest. Golden, globular, one inch, cherry-type fruit borne on early, compact plants.

Katinka Cherry (3401751) {CNG}

69 days, indeterminate — Amazingly productive; golden-orange fruit. We received this variety from heirloom tomato collector Craig LeHoullier who received it from Reinhard Kraft of Germany who tells us it was a Russian release.

Kimberly (3401651) {CNG}

69 days, indeterminate — Very early, red, potato leaf, cherry tomato. Mild, juicy, two to three celled. Tastes more like a full sized red tomato than a standard cherry-type.

Large German Cherry (3401661) {CNG}

70 days, indeterminate — Released by Oregon State University. Early, large cherry-type fruit with a good sweet taste. Plants are productive and exhibit good crack resistance.

Lime Green Salad (3401671) {CNG}

85 days, determinate — Compact plants produce 2 to 6 ounce, globe-shaped, green fruit that are mildly sweet with a slightly tart after taste, very juicy. The inside flesh is lime green.

Principe Borghese (3400481) {CNG}

75 days, determinate — Italian heirloom; very popular in Italy and California for splitting in half and sun drying, maintaining color and flavor well. Productive plants. Small, red, plum-shaped fruit.

Red Grape (3400731) {CNG}

60 days, semi-determinate — Bright red, weigh about an ounce, smaller than most cherry tomatoes (½ by ¾ inches). Perfect for snacking, salads and garnish plates.

Red Pear

70 days, indeterminate — Similar to 'Yellow Pear', this small, red, pear-shaped variety makes a very nice salad garnish. The plants will sprawl so support is recommended. Predates 1800.

3400511 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.75

3400512 — ¼ gram (100 seeds) — \$ 5.55

Royal Red Cherry (3400981) {CNG}

70 days, indeterminate — Prolific, nearly perfectly globe-shaped, brilliant red fruit that weigh in the two to three ounce range.

Tiny Tim

45 days, dwarf — Only grows 10 to 12 inches tall and 14 inches across. A heavy yielder with clusters of fine flavored fruit. Does well as a potted plant.

3400521 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.75

3400522 — ¼ gram (100 seeds) — \$ 5.55

Velvet Red (3404051) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Vigorous plants are very productive with interesting, bluish-green colored, regular leaf foliage. Small, one-inch, bright red, globe-shaped, fruit with excellent, sweet flavor. Their skin exhibits a pubescence (fuzziness) that diminishes as they mature.

Yellow Pear

78 days, indeterminate — Similar in description to the 'Red Pear'. Documented as a pre-1800 variety. Yellow pear shape, firm skinned, nice flavor, 1½ inch long fruit. Good in salads, sauces or by themselves. Fairly cold tolerant.

3400531 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.75

3400532 — ¼ gram (100 seeds) — \$ 5.55

Yellow Plum (3400741) {CNG}

70 days, indeterminate — A very old variety. The plants are large and open with small oval fruit, one by 1¼ inches that taste mild and sweet. There are typically eight to ten fruits per cluster. Some late fruit develop a slight neck. Very productive.

A. W. Livingston Tomato Varieties



Alexander W. Livingston (1821-1898) was a pioneering seedsman best known for developing tomato varieties in the late 19th century. Although tomatoes had been cultivated throughout the world, it was his introductions that helped to develop the tomato into a commercial crop.

When Livingston began his improvement work, his goal was to produce tomatoes that were smooth skinned, uniform in size, and having better flavor than what was available. After many attempts at hybridization, he instead began a process of selecting seed from tomato plants exhibiting specific traits. It was using this process that he discovered a plant bearing perfect fruit. After five years of work, the tomatoes became fleshier and larger. In 1870, A.W. Livingston introduced the 'Paragon'.

Prior to his work, tomatoes were commonly ribbed, hard cored, and often hollow. Livingston and his company introduced thirty-one varieties.

Our goal, partnering with seed banks and other collectors, has been to locate and save as many of his introductions as possible. We grow out each sample to verify that they match the original descriptions, and only then reintroduce them to home gardeners. The following list of Livingston tomato varieties is the culmination of over two decades of our work.

Beauty (3400791) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Introduced in 1886. Livingston stated, "The greatest of all Purple-Colored Home Market Sorts. Strong Grower, Very Productive. Large, Smooth and Early." Pink, four to eight ounce fruit.

Buckeye State (3402211) {CNG}

83 days, indeterminate — Introduced in 1893. Large, pink, oblate-shaped fruit weighing up to 24 ounces each.

Dwarf Stone (3400841) {CNG}

85 days, dwarf — Introduced in 1902. Very productive, compact plants with rugose foliage. The red, 6 to 9 ounce smooth fruit ripen evenly.

Favorite (3400781) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Introduced in 1883. The fruit are 6 to 10 ounces, smooth, with exceptional flavor and red color. Originally developed for canneries as they withstood shipping over long distances and had desirable market qualities.

Giant Oxheart (3402171) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Introduced in 1930. Fruit are pink, large (up to three pounds), smooth, thick, tender and almost seedless. They have a delicious, mild flavor and excellent table quality.

Globe (3400851) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Introduced in 1897. A good producer of excellently flavored pink fruit. Can reach up to thirteen ounces, six ounce fruit are average. It is a cross between Livingston's 'Stone' and 'Ponderosa'.

Gold Ball (3400811) {CNG}

70 days, indeterminate — Introduced in 1892. Beautiful canary-yellow fruit are about 1½ inches in diameter, borne in clusters, with thick flesh. Excellent for preserves.

Golden Queen (3400771) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Introduced in 1882. The 1918 Livingston catalog describes it as, "*Queen of all the Yellows. Of superior flavor, it is solid, always smooth, entirely free from ridges, large in size, ripens early. Fine for slicing.*" Their 1933 catalog adds, "*Rich golden yellow skin with a tinge of pink on the blossom side.*" They are a beautiful, four to six ounce tomato.

Gulf State Market, Livingston's Strain (3400841) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Introduced in 1921 for harvesting in the immature state for shipping to distant markets. As its name implies, it was intended for the regions "*touching the Gulf of Mexico.*" Pink, twenty ounce, mild flavored fruit.

Honor Bright (3400821) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Introduced in 1897. A. W. stated that "Honor Bright" was, "*a sport found in a field of Stone tomatoes in 1894.*" Quite unique, exhibiting yellowish-green, regular leafed foliage, cream colored flowers, medium sized fruit that turn from green to white to yellow to orange to red. The color change is an unusual show.

Ideal (3402081) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Introduced in 1930. Globe shaped, 3 to 9 ounce, bright red, firm flesh. Livingston stated, "*Fruit clusters are set closely on stalk, making increased yield under glass.*"

Magnus (3400831) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Introduced in 1900. Potato leafed plants produce 6 to 8 ounce oblate, pink fruit. Perfect, uniform and attractive form. The flesh is very firm with an excellent taste. Robust with short joints, sets clusters closer together than most varieties. Broad foliage helps resist sunburn.

Main Crop Pink (3400861) {CNG}

70 days, indeterminate — Introduced in 1941. The 1942 Livingston's catalog stated, "*Same type as our Beauty but the fruit average somewhat larger and are deeper through. Fine for picking green before frost to color up in storage.*" Fruits average about 6 ounces but can reach twenty.

Marvelous (aka Marhio) (3402761) {CNG}

70 days, semi-determinate — Released in 1935. Medium sized (four to eight ounce), smooth, meaty, and globular to slightly oblate in shape.

Ohio Red (3401221) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Introduced in 1929. Elongated to flattened-globe shaped red fruit weighing four to twelve ounces.

Paragon (3400761) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Released in 1870 as Livingston's first introduction, a product of careful selection and stabilization. Said to be the first perfectly uniform, smooth tomato ever introduced in the U.S., if not the world. Fruit are glossy, deep-red, ripen mid-season.

Perfection (3400751) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Introduced in 1880. The skin is tough, smooth, a bright-red sort of excellent quality. Keeps its size to the end of the season and is excellent for either market or home use.

Potato Leaf (3402561) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Introduced in 1887, they stated, "*For growing in heavy soils and hot climates, known since 1887, good market and home variety.*" Fruit are red, flattened-globe shaped and reach about four ounces. For processing and canning.

Rosy Morn (3401611) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Introduced in 1923. The 1933 catalog states, "*An early, bright rosy pink variety, coming into bearing close up to Earliana. It is smooth, and the very solid, fleshy fruits ripen evenly and are surprisingly free from cracks about the stem. It is a very fine slicing sort, being of mild and delicious flavor.*"

Stone (3400801) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Introduced in 1889. Livingston's original specimen was obtained from a market grower near Columbus, Ohio. It produces thick, smooth, solid, scarlet-red fruit shaped like 'Beauty' and 'Favorite'.

Yellow Oxheart (3402731) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — The plants are wispy and the yellow, oxheart-shaped fruit are rather variable in size ranging from eight ounces to well over one pound. Introduced in 1929.



Other Tomato Relatives

Unless otherwise noted, packs contain at least 20 seeds and are priced at \$2.75 per pack.

Garden Huckleberry (3390021) {CNG}

(*Solanum melanoecerasum*) 80 days — Plants reach three feet in height and produce hundreds of ½ to ¾ inch dark purple, almost black, fruit. Harvest when they turn from glossy to dull. Used for pies, preserves or either canned or frozen.

Red Currant Tomato (3390051) {CNG}

(*Solanum pimpinellifolium*) 70 to 80 days — Very productive, sprawling plants that yield lots of one-half inch fruit that are flavorful, tangy, and interesting in salads and preserves. Up to 10% of these plants may produce golden-yellow fruit.

Ted's Pink Currant Tomato (3390081) {CNG}

(*Solanum pimpinellifolium*) 76 days — Sprawling plants are very productive with beautiful pink, one-half inch, sweet and mild fruit that are interesting in salads and for preserves.

Morado (Purple) Tomatillo (3390061)

(*Physalis philadelphica*) 70 days — Identical to 'Toma Verde' in structure except that the plants and leaves have purplish veins. The obvious difference is that the fruit ripen to dark purple.

Mountain Pima Tomatillo (3390091) {CNG}

(*Physalis philadelphica*) 70 days — Productive. The greenish-yellow to purple fruit are smaller than other tomatillos, averaging between ½ to ¾ inches in diameter. Named for the Mt. Pima region of Mexico from where they originated.

Toma Verde Tomatillo (3390011)

(*Physalis philadelphica*) 70 days — Very popular, but sometimes rare in the supermarket. The two to three ounce fruit are used in salsa or picante dishes. Harvest when green before turning yellow.

**Turnips**

(*Brassica rapa*)

(Approximately 125 seeds per ½ gram)

Originally used as animal fodder, turnips started becoming popular as a table vegetable in the 17th Century. They grow under most conditions, including cold weather, and many varieties have tender tops that are enjoyed as fresh greens.

Most varieties are enjoyed fresh and raw after peeling, or boiled and mashed with a little butter, salt and pepper.

Golden Ball

55 days — Amber gold skin and amber flesh, excellent eating quality. Both the tops and roots of this variety can be eaten.

3500051 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75

Nabo Roxo Comprido

40 to 80 days — Early (40 days) maturing variety when grown for a spring harvest or late maturing (80 days) when grown for a fall harvest. Roots are long and white with purple tops.

3500061 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75

Purple Top White Globe

52 days — The globe shaped roots are bright purple on the crowns and white below. Grow 4 to 5 inches in diameter but best harvested when small.

3500011 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75

Seven Top

50 days — A pre-1800 variety is primarily used only for its greens. The roots are generally tough, woody and inedible which can be used for animal fodder. Very popular as a winter annual for spring greens in the Southern United States.

3500021 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75

White Egg (Snowball)

60 days — A fast growing, egg-shaped turnip. The root partially develops above the ground. The flesh is mild, sweet, tender and fine-grained.

3500041 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75

Watermelons

(See listings under Melons)

**Seeds for Sustenance****Soy and Other Grain Seeds**

As GMO traits become common in commercial grain crops, preserving heritage grain varieties has become a priority. Check our site for the most recent developments and availabilities.

Amaranth, Red Garnet (*Amaranthus cruentus*) 90 to 120 days — Beautiful maroonish-red plants with fuchsia-red flower heads. Young leaves make a nice addition to green salads. Mature leaves are cooked tasting similar to spinach. As a "pseudo-grain," it contains many amino acids and nutrients. Can be eaten raw, sprouted, toasted, or ground into flour. About 1000 seeds/gram.

1001011 — ¾ grams — \$ 2.95

1001012 — 7 grams — \$ 5.30

Chia (*Salvia hispanica*) Cultivated for nearly 5,000 years. Nutritionally dense, Aztec warriors ate chia seeds in preparation for battle. A tender annual. About 700 seeds/gm.

4000501 — ¾ grams — \$ 1.95

Quinoa, Brightest Brilliant Rainbow <OSSI> (*Chenopodium quinoa*) 90 to 120 days — Bred by Frank Morton. Beautiful heads in pink, red, orange, burgundy, yellow, white and green colors. The seeds are harvested and used as a grain and the leaves eaten as greens. About 280 seeds/gram.

3600011 — 1 gram — \$ 2.75

3600013 — 7 grams — \$ 5.30

Quinoa, Red Faro

(*Chenopodium quinoa*) 100 days — Reaches about five feet in height; attractive, reddish-pink foliage with cream-colored seed heads. A nice ornamental for the back of flowerbeds. Very productive. About 280 seeds/gram.

3600101 — 1 gram — \$ 2.75

3600103 — 7 grams — \$ 5.30

Sorghum, Mixed Colors Broom Corn

(*Sorghum bicolor*) 110 days — Grows similar to corn but the seed heads are on the plant tops in place of a tassel. The straw of the tops are used for crafts and brooms. Grows four to five feet tall. Mix can include gold, red-bronze, brown, black, burgundy, and white/cream colors. About 300 seeds / ¼ oz.

3140021 — ¼ ounce — \$ 2.75

Sorghum, Red Broom Corn

(*Sorghum bicolor*) 100 days — Very attractive. Can be used for broom making or in decorations such as wreaths, swags, bird feeders, dried or fresh flower arrangements. The red seed heads make them particularly suitable at Christmastime. About 300 seeds / ¼ oz.

3140301 — ¼ ounce — \$ 2.75

Herb Seeds

Sorghum, Texas Black Amber Molasses

(*Sorghum bicolor*) 105 days — Plants grow 8 to 12 feet tall with seeds that are beautiful, rich, shiny and black-coated. Heirloom from the Waco, TX area. Historically used for silage and making molasses. Attractive and a good choice for crafts and centerpieces. About 300 seeds / ¼ oz.

3140331 — ¼ ounce — \$ 2.75

Sorghum, White Popping

(*Sorghum bicolor*) 110 days — Can be popped like popcorn and has a great nutty flavor. Plants grow to 8 to 10 feet. For ornamental uses, seed heads can be harvested at any stage of development but for popping, wait until the seeds have reached full maturity. About 295 seeds / ¼ oz.

3140341 — ¼ ounce — \$ 2.75

Soybean, Black Jet {CNG} (*Glycine max*)

90 days — Early maturing, productive and do well in Northern climates. Erect in habit and reach about 70 feet. Beans have thin, black skins and a great flavor. About 50 seeds/0.5 gram.

3300441 — 25 seeds — \$ 3.25

3300442 — ½ gram — \$ 4.60

Soybean, Aoyu {CNG} (*Glycine max*)

90 days — Determinate, compact, plants that reach 20 inches tall, and have pale-purple flowers producing pods with, three large, dull green beans that have dark-brown eyes (hilums). Its buttery, sweet flavormake them perfect for edamame. About 58 seeds/0.5 gram.

3300611 — 25 seeds — \$ 3.25

3300612 — ½ gram — \$ 4.60

Wheat, Jackson (*Triticum aestivum L. subsp.*

aestivum) Mid-season, high yielding, soft red winter wheat that is powdery mildew and Septoria tolerant. plants are erect, reach about three feet tall, and good for milling into flour and baking. About 28 seeds/gram.

3600091 — 3½ grams — \$ 1.95

3600092 — 7 grams — \$ 3.65

Wheat, GA-Gore (*Triticum aestivum L. subsp.*

aestivum) Soft red winter wheat categorized as late maturing in the Southeast and early maturing in the Mid-Atlantic Coastal Region. Bred to be resistant to Hessian fly biotypes E, G, M, and O, leaf rust, and septoria glume blotch as well as moderate resistance to powdery mildew. Good for milling and baking. About 28 seeds/gram.

3600081 — 3½ grams — \$ 1.95

3600082 — 7 grams — \$ 3.65

Ordering Online

Checking our website for availability prior to placing a mail order is not a bad idea. Our cart system is easy, secure, and always the fastest way to receive your order. Orders typically ship in one to three business days.

Please share about us with your gardening friends and family. As a small organization, we rely on your word-of-mouth recommendations as our primary form of "advertising."

Anise (*Pimpinella anisum*)

Strong licorice flavored seeds are commonly used in breads; slightly sweet when chewed.

4000021 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Arugula (*Eruca sativa*)

This spicy herb is a common salad green in Europe and increasingly so here. It thrives in cool weather so plant early. Annual.

4000401 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Balm, Lemon (*Melissa officinalis*)

A tea made from the leaves is pleasant tasting and has calmative and carminative properties. Perennial. Zones 5 to 9.

4000031 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.85

Basil (See listings on page 4.)

Borage (*Borago officinalis*)

Self-sows and returns year after year in most areas. Grows two to three feet tall and is covered with blue, star-shaped, edible flowers from June to August. Annual.

4000061 — 2 grams — \$ 1.75

Caraway (*Carum carvi*)

The seeds are used as a flavoring for rye bread, sauerkraut, sausage, cheese, and soups. Its origin lies in Northern and Central Europe as well as parts of Asia and is believed to be the longest used spice in Europe. Biennial. Zones 5 to 8.

4000421 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Catnip (*Nepeta cataria*)

Bushy, two to three foot high plant. One whiff and your cats will be hooked. They will not be able to control themselves and will likely wallow your plant to death. Placing some form of protection around your plants is a good idea. Leaves are used to make a calming tea. Perennial. Zones 3 to 9.

4000071 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Chamomile, German (*Matricaria recutita*)

This low growing, four to eight inch plant with white flowers, makes a lovely ground cover. Annual.

4000081 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Chamomile, Roman (*Chamaemelum nobile*)

Unlike German Chamomile, Roman Chamomile is a perennial and will do well in Zones 4 to 10. After plants mature, you can propagate more by dividing the roots in the fall.

4000451 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Chervil, Curled (*Anthriscus cerefolium*)

Sometimes referred to as "gourmet parsley," its flavor is delicate in comparison. Popular in France, where it is added to omelets, soups and salads. It is also used to season poultry, seafood, and young vegetables. Annual.

4000441 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Many additional varieties plus tons of photos and information can be found on our website at VictorySeeds.com.

Chicory (*Cichorium intybus*)

Roots are dried, roasted and used as a coffee amendment or substitute. A native of the British Isles but naturalized worldwide. It flowers at two to three feet tall. Chicory, with sugar beet and rye, was used as an ingredient of the East German Mischkaffee (mixed coffee), introduced during the 'coffee crisis' of 1976 to 1979. Some beer brewers use roasted chicory to impart a rich flavor to their stouts. Perennial. Zones 3 to 9.

4000091 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Chives (*Allium schoenoprasum*)

Used as a flavoring but probably more common minced up as a garnish. Perennial. Zones 3 to 9.

4000101 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75

Chives, Garlic (*Allium tuberosum*)

Also known as Chinese leeks, they are excellent in stir-fry. Larger than standard chives with a mild garlic flavor. Perennial. Zones 3 to 9.

4000111 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75

Coriander / Cilantro (*Coriandrum sativum*)

Seeds are used to flavor for meats, pickles, sausages, and sauces. In this (seed) form, the spice is known as coriander. Leaves are used fresh in soups, salads and salsas as a fresh, green seasoning, called cilantro. Annual.

4000121 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Cumin (*Cuminum cyminum*)

Low growing, about six inches tall, has dark green leaves and reddish flowers. The seeds are collected and dried and used whole or powdered to add some "heat" to recipes. Annual.

4000131 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Dill (*Anethum graveolens*)

Dill is used as a culinary herb. Fine, tender parts are finely chopped and added to sauces. Also used fresh in pickling. Seeds and leaves are also used dried as a seasoning. Annual.

Bouquet Dill 4000151 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75
Dukat Dill 4000531 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75
Mammoth Dill 4000141 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75

Echinacea / Purple Coneflower

(*Echinacea purpurea*) This variety is the true wild form of echinacea. Although well known and quite popular for its medicinal properties, it is also a wonderful addition to your flower garden. Perennial. Zones 3 to 10.

4000171 — 2 grams — \$ 2.25

Fennel, Florence (*Foeniculum vulgare dulce*)

65 to 100 days — Sown directly in the garden in spring and harvested in the fall, the bulbs have a sweet celery flavor with a hint of anise. They can be baked or boiled in soups or stews and can also be used raw in green salads. Leaves and stalks are also useful for flavoring. If you live in an area with mild winters, plant in the summer to enjoy winter harvests. Perennial. Zones 6 to 11.

4000181 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75

Oregano (*Oreganum vulgare*)

Standard kitchen garden herb is commonly used as a spice in Mexican and Italian dishes. Plants grow fairly tall, have pink flowers, and spread by underground runners. It can be used fresh but is generally used after drying to add a warm spicy flavor to a recipe. Perennial. Zones 5 to 9.

4000231 — 1/10 gram — \$ 1.85

Parsley (See listings on page 23.)**Sage** (*Salvia officinalis*)

Sage has well known culinary uses and medicinal properties. Attractive landscape plant. Perennial. Zones 5 to 9.

4000301 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Summer Savory (*Satureja hortensis*)

Repels insects in the gardens which makes it a candidate for companion plantings. Used as a peppery flavoring for salads, soups, stuffing, sausage, and gravy. Surface sow as it requires light to germinate. Annual.

4000341 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Thyme, Creeping (Mother of Thyme)

(*Thymus serpyllum*) This low growing (up to six inches) plant is often planted between the stones or bricks in garden paths for its beauty and sweet aroma. Perennial. Zones 4 to 9.

4000361 — 1/10 gram — \$ 1.95

Thyme, Garden (*Thymus vulgaris*)

Used as a seasoning, it is said to help in the digestion of fatty foods. As a medicinal, it was used for its antiseptic properties as a gargle, and in a tea as a cough remedy and digestive aid. Grows to 18 inches. Perennial. Zones 4 to 9.

4000351 — 1/10 gram — \$ 1.95

Yarrow, Gold (*Achillea filipendulina*)

Its botanical name derives from the ancient story of how Achilles, during the Trojan War, used the leaves of the plant to stop the bleeding of his fellow soldiers. Can reach 24 inches tall. Plant in a location that receives full sun and has well-drained soil. Perennial. Zones 3 to 9.

4000371 — 1/10 gram — \$ 1.95

Yarrow, White (*Achillea millefolium*)

Somewhat sprawling plant. Can reach 24 inches tall. Plant in a location that receives full sun and has well-drained soil. Nicely fills empty spaces around shrubbery, attracts butterflies, is attractive as a dried flower. Historically was used for its medicinal properties. Perennial. Zones 3 to 11.

4000461 — 1/10 gram — \$ 1.95

Read what gardeners have written about how we have taken care of them over the years.

The Green Pages™
garden.org/greenpages/view/122/

The Garden Watchdog
davesgarden.com/products/gwd/c/136/

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Flower Seeds

African Marigold 'Crackerjack Mix'

(*Tagetes erecta*) Robust plants reach 3 to 4 feet with solitary flowers that are 2 to 5 inches across, are yellow to orange with finely divided and strong scented leaves. Very popular as cut flowers and garden plants. Annual. About 70 seeds/pack.

1000821 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Baby Blue Eyes (*Nemophila menziesii*)

California native. Plants grow 4 to 6 inches tall with dainty, cup-shaped, sky-blue flowers; bloom from spring into summer. Prefers partial shade but will tolerate full sun in cooler climates if watered. Annual. About 125 seeds/pack.

1000271 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Bird's-Foot Trefoil (*Lotus corniculatus*)

Yellow flowers, blooms in summer, 12 to 24 inches tall, prefers a sunny, dry location. Perennial. About 200 seeds/pack.

2000121 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Blanketflower (*Gaillardia aristata*)

Discovered near the Lewis & Clark Pass in Montana on July 7, 1806. Yellow and red blossoms display from summer into autumn. Thrives in dry soil in full sun. Grows 18 to 30 inches in height. Perennial in zones 3 to 8. About 85 seeds/pack.

2000251 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Chinese Forget-Me-Nots (*Cynoglossum amabile*)

Hardy, blooms well into fall, has pretty little dark blue flowers, and grows in sun or shade, dry or moist locations. 18 to 24 inches. Annual. About 180 seeds/pack.

1000041 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Dwarf Candytuft (*Iberis umbellata*)

Grown as an annual in most of North America, the flower heads are made up of many tiny white blossoms tinged with pink or purple. Bloom within weeks from germinating. Perennial. Zones 3 to 9. About 200 seeds/pack.

1000981 — ½ gram — \$ 1.85

Dwarf Columbine (*Aquilegia vulgaris*)

Blooms are in hues of red, violet and blues appearing from spring into summer. Thrives in moist soil in sun or partial shade. Grows 10 to 18 inches in height. Perennial. Zones 3 to 8. About 175 seeds/pack.

2000241 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Dwarf Godetia (*Clarkia amoena*)

Grows up to 14 inches tall with very showy clusters of lavender and pink flowers with bright red centers. Prefer full sun to light shade. Best sown in fall in hot desert and coastal areas, in spring elsewhere just as soil starts to warm up. Does not germinate well in hot temperatures. A very good cut flower. Annual. About 250 seeds/pack.

1000771 — 1/10 gram — \$ 1.75

Cornflower (Bachelor Buttons)

(*Centaurea cyanus*) Good for beds and cut flowers. If sown in early spring, will bloom in early summer. Prefers sunny, well-drained locations. Grows to 36 inches. Annual. About 100 seeds/pack.

1000011 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75

Cosmos (*Cosmos bipinnatus*)

Grows 36 inches tall but reach up to six feet. Plant in an appropriate location such as the back of a flower bed; you may need to stake and tie. Blooms from summer into the fall, and prefers partially sunny, dry locations. Flowers are white, pink and crimson. Annual. About 90 seeds/pack.

1000131 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75

Daisy, Gloriosa (*Rudbeckia hirta*)

Although typically planted as an annual, conditions may cause it to act as a biennial or perennial. Plant in areas that receive partial sun in dry or moist soil. Blooms from summer into the fall. Flowers are reddish-colored in the center blending to yellow at the tips. About 900 seeds/pack.

1000181 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Daisy, Ox-Eye (*Chrysanthemum leucanthemum*)

White blossoms. Blooms in the Summer. Prefers full sun and moist soil. Will grow 18 to 30 inches tall. Perennial. About 400 seeds/pack.

2000211 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Daisy, Painted (*Chrysanthemum carinatum*)

Painted Daisies can live in full or partial sun in either dry or moist areas. Will grow 18 to 36 inches in height. Will bloom in summer into fall. Blossoms are colored white, yellow, red and purple. Annual. About 100 seeds/pack.

1000141 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Daisy, Shasta (*Chrysanthemum maximum*)

White blossoms. Blooms in the summer. Prefers full sun and moist soil. Will grow 18 to 24 inches tall. Perennial. About 225 seeds/pack.

2000221 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Flax, Blue (*Linum perenne lewisii*)

Sow in May through July for small sky-blue flowers the following spring. Grows 12 to 36 inches. Perennial. Zones 4 to 9. About 150 seeds/pack.

2000141 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Forget-Me-Not (*Myosotis sylvatica*)

It is great for borders, blooms early, and reseeds freely. It can act as either a biennial or a short-lived perennial. Prefers partial shade and moist soil. Small blue blossoms spring through summer. About 375 seeds/pack.

1000221 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Four-O'Clocks (*Mirabilis jalapa*)

This heirloom may stir memories of Grandma's house. The fragrant, trumpet-shaped flowers open in the late afternoon. A tender perennial and grown as an annual in colder climates. Bushy, 12 to 36 inches tall. About 20 seeds/pack.

2000151 — 2 grams — \$ 2.25

Foxglove (*Digitalis purpurea*)

Prefers rich, moist soil in partial to full shade. Best if sown directly into the garden as soon as the soil warms to 55°F. Grows up to four feet tall. Can be biennial or short-lived perennial depending on the climate. Zones 4 to 8. About 1,000 seeds/pack.

2000171 — 1/10 gram — \$ 1.95

Lacy Phacelia (*Phacelia tanacetifolia*)
Native to the Southwestern U.S. and northern Mexico. Highly attractive to other pollinator insects including bumblebees and hoverflies. Annual. About 250 seeds/pack.

1002091 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75

Love-in-a-Mist (*Nigella damascena*)

Plants are branched, 18 to 24 inches tall with leaves that are finely divided and thread-like. The flowers are blue, pink and white, borne at the ends of stems. Native to the Mediterranean and western Asia. Annual. About 50 seeds/pack.

1000811 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Johnny Jump-Up (*Viola cornuta*)

Dainty flowers that look like miniature pansies. Old time favorite. Perennial. About 200 seeds/pack.

2000161 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.85

Money Plant (*Lunaria annua*)

40-inches tall; Large, coarse, pointed-oval leaves with serrated edges. Blooms from spring into summer with colors ranging from white to pink to lavender that develop into showy, light brown to translucent-silvery, 1 to 2 inch, disc-shaped seed pods. Very ornamental and commonly used in floral arrangements. Annual. About 50 seeds/pack.

1002101 — 1 gram — \$1.75

Morning Glory, Grandpa Ott's

(*Ipomoea purpurea*) Deep purple flowers with a red star in the throat. Bloom from mid-summer into the fall on vines that can grow to 25 feet. Annual. About 20 seeds/pack.

1000091 — 1 gram — \$2.30

Morning Glory, Heavenly Blue (*Ipomoea tricolor*)

Bright blue shading which gets lighter towards the center. Annual. About 20 seeds/pack.

1000101 — 1 gram — \$2.30

Plains Coreopsis (*Coreopsis tinctoria*)

Plants reach 12 to 36 inches tall, producing masses of flowers, ranging in color from deep red and bronze to bright yellow with red centers. Blooms in about 70 days. Annual. About 350 seeds/pack.

1000791 — 1/10 gram — \$ 1.75

Poppy, California (*Papaver rhoeas*)

California's state flower. Common throughout the western U.S. Grows 8 to 12 inches tall, shades of orange colors. Perennial. About 150 seeds/pack.

2000111 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Poppy, Red Corn (*Papaver rhoeas*)

Prefers partial sun and dry soil. Bright red flowers bloom in the summer. Plants grow 12 to 30 inches. Annual. About 125 seeds/pack.

1000241 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Primrose, Common Evening

(*Oenothera biennis*) Blooms in the summer, yellow flowers, likes sunny, dry locations. 24 to 60 inches tall. Perennial. About 450 seeds/pack.

2000201 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.95

Rose Balsam (*Impatiens balsamina*)

Plants are branching, reaching 12 to 18 inches in height with leaves that are long and toothed.

Mostly double-blooms in rose, salmon, white, scarlet and violet. Annual. About 50 seeds/pack.

1000871 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75

Siberian Wallflower (*Cheiranthus allionii*)

Plants grow up to 18 inches tall with fragrant, bright orange flowers blooming from late April to early June. A native to North, central and eastern Europe. Perennial. About 180 seeds/pack.

2000321 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

Sunflower, Annual 'Evening Sun' (*Helianthus annuus*)

Can reach 7 feet in height with blooms in shades including yellow, rust, crimson, burgundy, and bronze. Annual. About 20 seeds/pack.

1000171 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Sunflower, Annual 'Lemon Queen' (*Helianthus annuus*)

Blends of orange, yellow and red. Grow in a sunny location in either dry or moist soil. Grow 40 to 60 inches tall; bloom from summer and into fall. Annual. About 20 seeds/pack.

1000691 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Sunflower, Mexican (*Tithonia rotundifolia*)

A wildflower native to Mexico and Central America. Plants are erect, can reach 6 feet tall. Flowers are bright orange, four inches wide with multiple flower heads per stem. Attractive to pollinating insects. Heat and drought tolerant. Makes a great cut flower. Annual. About 45 seeds/pack.

1000861 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75

Sweet William Catchfly (*Silene armeria*)

A native to central and southern Europe. Grows 16 to 22 inches tall and displays its pink blooms in the summer. Annual. About 1,500 seeds/pack.

1000121 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75

Sweet William Pinks (*Dianthus barbatus*)

Blossoms are mixed in reds, whites and pinks. Prefers full sun and will thrive in both dry and moist soils. Grows to 24 inches tall. One of the oldest garden plants. A short-lived perennial. USDA zones 3-9. About 900 seeds/pack.

2000261 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.95

Sweetpea, Royal Family Mix (*Lathyrus odoratus*)

Fragrant blossoms that are red, salmon, pink, white, lavender, and purple in color. They bloom all summer long and prefer locations in full sun. Thrive if watered and kept dead-headed. Annual. About 90 seeds/pack.

1000251 —3 grams — \$ 2.25

Zinnia, Lilliput Mix (*Zinnia elegans*)

Beautiful little (1 inch diameter) double flowers are great for cutting as the stems are 8 to 10 inches long. Begin blooming early and last all summer. Reach about 1½ feet high and make a nice border planting. Annual. About 80 seeds/pack.

1000191 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75

Zinnia, Thumbelina Mix (*Zinnia elegans*)

This zinnia mix has flowers that bloom in pink, red, orange, yellow, and white from mid-summer into late fall. Attractive to bees, butterflies and birds. Also is great as a cut flower. Plants reach about 24 inches. Annual. About 80 seeds/pack.

1001001 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75

Heirloom Tobacco Seeds

Tobacco is a magnificent annual plant with beautiful flowers making them great in flower beds. In no way do we encourage people to use any form of tobacco product. Visit our web site for more information and many more varieties.

Tobacco seed packets contain about 100 seeds and are priced at \$2.95 per packet.

Ahus (1002111) {CNG} [NEW]

(Nicotiana tabacum L) Very early maturing, great choice for shorter growing seasons. Compact plants flower in about 30 days. Swedish variety used for a cigar, pipe, and snus blends.

Bafra (1001271)

(Nicotiana tabacum L) Five foot plants, flue-cure to a medium reddish-brown color and reportedly has a low nicotine content. Old Turkish-type tobacco used historically for pipe and cigarette blends.

Barnett Special (1001281)

(Nicotiana tabacum L) Burley-type historically used for chaw, cigar, pipe and cigarette blends.

Big Gem (1001701)

(Nicotiana tabacum L) Pink flowers on 7-foot plants, large leaves that reach 18-inches wide by 30-inches long. Historically flue-cured, it air-cures to a light brown color and used for cigarette and pipe blends.

Bonanza (1001211) {CNG}

(Nicotiana tabacum L) A flue-cured type of tobacco historically used for cigarette and pipe blends. A post-1880 introduction that is very hardy.

Burley Mammoth (aka KY16) (1001571)

(Nicotiana tabacum L) Historically used for cigarette blends, it exhibits day-length sensitivity, known as photoperiodism, and requires days with less than fourteen hours in order to trigger its blooming period.

Catterton (1001061) {CNG}

(Nicotiana tabacum L) "Maryland-type," historically used for pipe, cigar and cigarette blending. Resists black root rot. Ready for harvesting 7 to 10 days earlier than typical medium broadleaf varieties.

Clevelandii (1001161) {CNG}

(Nicotiana clevelandii) A wild tobacco found in the arid regions of the Southwestern US. Beautiful, white, trumpet-shaped blooms appear as early as three weeks after transplanting. Drought tolerant.

Comstock Spanish (1001291)

(Nicotiana tabacum L) Pre-1880 variety historically used for cigar binder, wrappers and filler. Large leaves reaching up to two feet long by one foot wide, curling downward at maturity, that maintain good elasticity when cured.

Connecticut Broadleaf (aka East Hartford Broadleaf) (1001071) {CNG}

(Nicotiana tabacum L) Leaves are broad, strong, thin, elastic, silky, have small fibers, a sweetish taste, and cure light in color. Larger leaves are used as cigar wrappers, filler, blending and binder.

Dixie Shade (1001311)

(Nicotiana tabacum L) Bred to be used for cigar wrappers. Lower grades used for filler and binder. Shade grown leaves are finer, larger and more elastic than sun grown, producing some of the finest cigar wrappers. Root-knot resistant flue-cured variety introduced before 1960.

Flowering Tobacco (1000261) {CNG}

(Nicotiana sylvestris) Their flower heads reach about 5 feet, so they are typically planted in the back of the bed. Blooms July through September. The beautiful white flowers are trumpet-shaped and a nice source of evening fragrance.

Gold Dollar (1001531)

(Nicotiana tabacum L) A flue-cured type with pretty pink flowers; historically used for pipe and cigarette blends. Early maturing.

Golden Burley (1001051) {CNG}

(Nicotiana tabacum L) Historically used for plug tobacco, cigarette and pipe blending, as well as for blending material for cigar filler. The plants are attractive, upright, compact with beautiful flowers.

Greenwood (1000741) {CNG}

(Nicotiana tabacum L) Also known as 'Little Wood', it is a flue cured type that has been historically used as a chew, snuff and cigarette blending tobacco. Single stalk, uniform and erect.

Havana 263 (1001531)

(Nicotiana tabacum L) Historically used for cigar binder, wrappers and filler.

Isleta Pueblo (1001111) {CNG}

(Nicotiana rustica) Fast growing, matures early, and reaches 5-feet. Has thick, waxy, dark green leaves. Does very well in cool, damp weather. Originated from the Pueblo region of NM. Air cures to medium-brown in color and is high in nicotine.

Keller (1001221) {CNG}

(Nicotiana tabacum L) "Maryland-type" historically grown for pipe and cigarette tobacco blends. Also used as cigar filler.

Kelly Brownleaf (1001351)

(Nicotiana tabacum L) Burley-type historically used for plug tobacco, as well as cigarette, pipe, and cigar filler blending.

Kelly Burley (1000751) {CNG}

(Nicotiana tabacum L) Historically used as a plug tobacco, for cigarette, pipe blends, and cigar filler. Plants have medium sized leaves that grow open, upright and ripen uniformly.

Lizard Tail Orinoco (1001231) {CNG}

(Nicotiana tabacum L) A flue-cured type grown historically for pipe and cigarette blends as well as for cigar filler and chewing tobacco. Leaves are medium-sized and heavy bodied.

Long Red (1001391)

(Nicotiana tabacum L) Attractive and productive. Reach 6-feet with long, narrow, dark-green leaves. Once used for cigar filler, binder and wrappers.

Mohawk (1000721) {CNG}

(*Nicotiana rustica*) Reportedly high in nicotine and was not used for habitual smoking. Reaches three feet, is vigorous and fairly hardy. The abundant, pale-yellow blossoms bloom all day and make an interesting choice as an ornamental annual.

Mountain Pima (1001121) {CNG}

(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) Named for the Mt. Pima region of Western Chihuahua, Mexico from where it originates. It has beautiful pink flowers, large, pointed leaves and reaches about five feet.

One Sucker (1000901)

(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) All-purpose, dark, air-cured variety that was used for snuff, chaw, cigarettes and cigar blends. Leaves are very long, narrow, and have a prominent midrib.

Pennlan (1001191)

(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) Cigar filler variety produce compact, beautiful, uniform, healthy plants with short, oval shaped leaves. Resistant to tobacco mosaic and wildfire diseases, with moderate resistance to black root rot.

Red Rose (1001611)

(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) Dark, air-cured tobacco. Historically used for cigar filler, but also good for wrappers and binder. Good choice for beginning cigar rollers. Its flowers are pink.

Red Russian (1000731)

(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) Plants average 3 to 4 feet with beautiful red blooms and dark green, rounded leaves resemble old Cuban-types. Leaves cure to medium tan to light red color.

Samsun (1000911) {CNG}

(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) A Turkish-type tobacco that has been historically used as a cigarette and pipe blending tobacco. Interesting plant and leaf structure. Single stalk, uniform and erect.

Sensation Mix (1001261)

(*Nicotiana alata*) Beautiful, ornamental tobacco; fragrant, trumpet-shaped blooms in shades of carmine, pink, purple and white. Attractive to pollinating insects and hummingbirds, the plants grow 18 to 36 inches tall. Thrives in moist, well-drained soil with partial shade to full sun.

Shirazi (1001401)

(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) Turkish-type from Iran. Leaves are thick and heavy, high in nicotine, and valued for their rich flavors and aroma. It was sun-cured and used for cigarette and pipe blends, as well for traditional Mu'assel, meaning "honeyed" in Arabic, or "shisha," which is a syrupy tobacco mix smoked in a hookah.

Virginia Bright Leaf (1000891) {CNG}

(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) A flue cured tobacco that was primarily used for cigarette and pipe blends. Became popular in the early 1800s as demand for milder and more aromatic products arose.

White Mammoth (1001431)

(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) Flue-cured type that produces medium smooth, fine, bright leaf

historically used for pipe and cigarette tobacco blends. Plants reach 48-inches tall when topped, and up to 7-feet when allowed to flower.

Wild Tobacco (1000681) (aka Sacred or Shaman) {CNG} (*Nicotiana rustica*) Due to high amounts of nicotine, not intended for smoking. The plants are very compact , reaching about 2 feet tall, with prolific yellow blooms.

Yellow Mammoth (1000671) {CNG} (*Nicotiana tabacum L*) A high yielding, rapid grower with very large leaves. A multipurpose flue-cured type of tobacco historically used for pipe and cigarette blending. An old, pre-1880 variety.

Zimmer Spanish (1001241) {CNG} (*Nicotiana tabacum L*) Pre-1880. Plants reach 4 feet with 14 to 20 quality leaves each. They have good body, elasticity, and small veins. Historically used as cigar filler, binder and wrappers.



Web Only Items

Although our seed annual offers a great selection of rare and hard to find heirloom seeds, printed space is limited. Visit our web site for additional varieties as well as the following:

Books and Old Seed Catalogs — We offer new, publisher over runs, used, and rare out of print titles. We are also working on organizing our horticultural library and will be selling duplicate titles of books and old seed catalogs from our collection to help fund the project.

Garden Kits & Collections — Our kits and collections are groupings of seeds with a common theme. They make great gifts or are a cost effective way of starting an heirloom garden.

Personalized Seed Packets — Ideal for wedding favors, bridal showers, birth announcements, birthday parties, memorials, holiday greeting card inserts, sales & marketing promotions, public relation campaigns, incentives and any other special event you want to commemorate. We are flexible on designs and affordable!

Rare Seeds — Many of the varieties that we offer are grown by hand, resulting in limited availability. These varieties are only available from our website and are not printed in our catalog.

Red Worms, Worm Bins & Supplies — Worms are great for converting your kitchen waste into a high quality plant food. Even apartment dwellers can join in.

Traditional Garden Hand Tools — Tired of buying disposable junk garden tools? Check out the selection of artisan-crafted pieces, individually hand forged in Montana.

Wildflower Mixes — Mixes of annual and perennial flowers formulated with specific growing regions or applications in mind. These include mixes to promote pollinating insects.

About "Certified Naturally Grown" & "Organic"

The farm has been our family's home for six generations. It is sacred to us and we consider ourselves blessed to steward this piece of the Earth.



We have farmed and gardened using organic and sustainable methods since before the grassroots movement of the '70s.

However, when the National Organic Program was implemented in 2002, farmers like us that once proudly referred to themselves as organic were no longer allowed to use the "O-word" unless we paid to become Certified Organic.

With requirements favoring large corporations, the costs associated with certification, both in terms of time and money, is simply too great of a burden for many small farmers to bear.

As an alternative, we chose to become Certified Naturally Grown (CNG) which was created to address the challenges that smaller, diversified organic farms face. Please support CNG farms!

To learn more about CNG, please visit:

www.cngfarming.org/gardener_signup



Ordering Information, Policies & Warranties

Ordering Online

Our website offers the fastest, most efficient and secure method of placing an order. Updated on nearly a daily basis, it more accurately reflects availabilities than a printed catalog possibly can.

Payment Terms

Full payment in U.S. dollars is due before orders are filled. We accept money orders and checks. Cash sent through the mail is a risky practice. While cash and money orders are processed immediately, checks can take up to three weeks to clear. Returned checks are turned over to an agency and incur additional fees. Credit card orders can **only** be placed from our web site.

Prices

Prices are good through the Spring and Summer 2020 season but subject to availability. We do our best to offer our high quality Victory Seeds® at the lowest possible prices. You may find cheaper packets on racks at your local big box stores, but please consider their selection, quantity, storage conditions, country of origin, and who you are supporting before making your purchase decision.

Business Hours

As you probably have already gleaned, we live and work here on the farm. We are almost always here (except when we are someplace else).

Contacting Us

We are a small organization and not able to justify staffing the phone. Electronic mail is the most efficient way for us to handle general communications. Please email us at:
info@victoryseeds.com

Victory Seed Company

P.O. Box 192

Molalla, Oregon 97038

Phone & Fax: (503) 829-3126

www.VictorySeeds.com

Delivery

We typically fulfill and mail orders within one to three business days using the U.S. Postal Service. If you include an email address with your order, we will send you status updates.

Backorder Policy

If we cannot fulfill any portion of your order, we issue refunds for those items. No backorders.

International Sales

Due to varying postal rates and import regulations, special rates and conditions apply. Please contact us before ordering.

Return of Merchandise

We cannot accept returned seed packages. For quality reasons, they are destroyed and frankly, we could not maintain our low prices absorbing such losses. Prior authorization is required before returns are accepted and a refund of the value of the item, minus a 30% restocking fee, applied. Unauthorized returns will be refused. No returns will be accepted after 10 days from time of shipping. Special orders cannot be returned.

Descriptions and Illustrations

Descriptive information in this catalog are based on observations, grower's reports and other trial or experimental situations. Although accurate, we cannot predict the results under your specific growing conditions. Any reference to medicinal properties is included for informational and historical purposes only and should in no way be construed as medical advice.

Our Warranty and Limitation of Liability

In lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied we warrant that the seeds which we sell are as described and within recognized industry tolerances. As is standard in the seed trade, our liability is limited to the amount of the purchase price of the seeds under all circumstances and regardless of the nature, cause or extent of the loss, and as a condition to any liability on our part. By ordering from us, you acknowledge and agree to this limited warranty.

Germination Standards

Our seeds are tested to ensure that they meet or exceed the germination standards set by the Federal Seed Act and by the Oregon Department of Agriculture when they leave our farm.

Privacy

We believe that privacy is the foundation on which all other personal freedoms are built. We do not share information except as necessary for fulfilling your order or as required by law.

Help Us Conserve Resources

If you are receiving duplicates of our catalog, please share them with your gardening friends or family and let us know so we can correct our list.

Copyright & Trademarks

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WEBSITE NEWS

Updated on almost a daily basis, you will find news updates, recipes, gardening and seed saving information, as well as many more varieties that were too new or too few to make it into this printed seed catalog.

As a preservation organization, we strive for accuracy and take pride in the volume of original research we are able to perform with our limited financial and human resources.

Our website features many high resolution photographs, as well as detailed descriptive information based on our actual farm results and from historical documentation. If you are interested in learning more about all of our "vintage veggies," please visit our website.

www.VictorySeeds.com

We are excited to be one of the early seed suppliers to partner with the Open Source Seed Initiative (OSSI) to offer, "freed," OSSI Pledged varieties. Additional information provided with purchase of OSSI seeds.



The Open Source Seed Initiative (OSSI) Pledge
"You have the freedom to use OSSI-pledged seeds in any way you choose. In return, you pledge not to restrict others' use of these seeds, or their derivatives, by patents or other means, and to include this Pledge with any transfer of OSSI-pledged seeds or their derivatives."

To learn more about how open source seeds protect food and seed sovereignty, check out the Open Source Seed Initiative at www.osseeds.org.

Free the Seed!

Why Use Heirloom and Open-pollinated Seeds?

Modern agriculture focuses on profits. Plant varieties are developed with traits beneficial to mechanical harvesting, handling and shipping, while traits related to taste and nutrition have become secondary and are often sacrificed.

As home gardeners and small market growers, our seed choices should not be dictated by the corporate seed chain. We exert our right to save and share our own seeds and to choose varieties that taste great, look interesting, or ripen over a longer period of time.

In addition, corporate greed has threatened thousands of years of agricultural history by adopting genetic engineering (GE) over natural breeding techniques. Between unstable hybrids and GMOs, our planet's biodiversity is at risk.

We believe that this GE technology is not necessary nor is it obviously beneficial to our world. The marketing promises of the biotech industry, "feeding the world" or "reducing chemical use," have never occurred. By ignoring industry rhetoric and reading annual reports of these GE companies, it is obvious that financial gain is their sole motivation.

In an era of consolidation and mergers amongst seed, pharmaceutical and chemical companies, we stubbornly remain a small, independent, farm-based, family owned and operated, biodiversity preservation organization.

By choosing to garden with Victory Seeds®, you are declaring your independence from the corporate-owned food chain, taking ownership of part of your own food production, and preserving your ability to save seeds from year to year, generation to generation.

By choosing to use us as your garden seed supplier, your orders directly support our preservation and philanthropic work while allowing us to keep real seeds in your gardens.

We wish you the best of gardening success and encourage you to use Victory Seeds® and natural, healthy gardening practices.

About Our Seeds

Our goal is to provide you with the highest quality seeds at the best possible price. All of our seeds are:

- Open-pollinated; no unstable F1 hybrids (you can save your own seeds).
- Open source or public domain; no patented varieties (you can save your own seeds).
- No chemically treated seeds.
- Heirloom, heritage and other rare varieties.
- As an early signer of the *Safe Seed Pledge*, *we will not knowingly offer for sale any seed that has been genetically modified through laboratory practices* (NO GMOs).

Victory Seed Co. Growing Guide

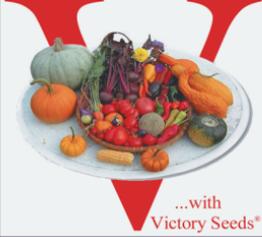
(These figures are approximate and to be used as a guide.)

Vegetable	Seeds Per Gram (typical)	Row Feet per Packet	Planting Distance In Row After Thinning or Transplanting	Planting Distance Between Rows	Planting Depth	Approx. Days To Germination	Optimal Soil Temp in degrees F	Yield per 100 Foot Row
Artichoke & Cardoon	15-20	25'	36"	48"	1/2"	10-14	75	30+ Flowers or stalks
Asparagus	30	25-50'	12"	48"	1/2"	21	77	100s of Spears!
Beans, Bush	25-100/oz.	10-25'	4-6"	18"	1"	8-16	80	30-40 lbs.
Beans, Pole	25-100/oz.	10-25'	6-8"	36"	1"	8-16	80	30-40 lbs.
Beets	50-80	15'	2-4"	12-30"	3/4-1"	8	75	100 lbs.
Broccoli	250-350	20-30'	12-24"	18-36"	1/2"	10	80	75 lbs
Brussel Sprouts	150-200	20'	18"	24"	1/2"	10	80	55 lbs.
Cabbage	150-200	30'	12-24"	24-36"	1/2"	10	80	60 heads
Cabbage, Chinese	150-200	30'	12-24"	24-36"	1/2"	10	80	60 heads
Cantaloupe & Muskmelon	25-35	5-10 hills	6'	5-6'	1-2"	7	70	50-110 lbs.
Carrots	650-700	25'	1-3"	16-30"	1/2"	8	77	50-100 lbs.
Cauliflower	220-280	25-50'	14-24"	24-36"	1/2"	10	80	60 heads
Celery & Celeriac	900	25'	6-12"	18-40"	1/8"	21	70	100 plants
Collards	250-300	50'	12-24"	24-36"	1/4"	10	80	75 lbs.
Corn	65-150/oz.	50-100'	6-10"	30"	1-1 1/2"	7-10	75	100 ears
Cucumber	25-30	5-10 hills	4-12"	36-72"	1-2"	7	80	100 lbs.
Eggplant	100	50-100'	18-30"	24-48"	1/2-1/2"	10	75	100 lbs.
Endive & Chicory	400-450	50-100'	8-12"	18-24"	1/2"	10	60	80 heads
Kale	250-300	40'	18-24"	24-36"	1/2"	10	80	75 lbs.
Kohlrabi	450-500	40'	4"	18"	1/2-1"	5-12	75	75 lbs.
Leek	350	50-75'	2"	18"	1/2"	7-15	75	100 stalks
Lettuce	500-600	25-75'	8-15"	12-24"	1/4"	7	77	50 lbs.
Mustard	350-450	50'	5-10"	12-36"	1/4"	9	80	50 lbs.
Okra	14-17	10-20'	8-24"	42-60"	1"	10	86	100s of Pods
Onions	200	25'	2-4"	12-36"	1/4-1/2"	6-12	75	30-50 lbs.
Parsley	325	15'	4-12"	12-36"	1/4"	21	65	30 lbs.
Pepper	100-120	50'	12-24"	18-36"	1/2-1/2"	10	70	50 lbs.
Pumpkin	3-15	2-4 hills	36-60"	72-96"	1/2-1"	7	80	100s of Pounds
Radish	75	10-15'	1/2-1"	8-18"	1/4-1/2"	6	85	200 Radishes
Rhubarb	60	10'	4'	4'	1/4-1/2"	5-20	65	100 lbs.
Spinach	80	10'	2-6"	12-36"	1/2-1"	8	77	40 lbs.
Squash, Summer	7-15	4-6 hills	36-48"	36-48"	1-2"	7	80	200 lbs.
Squash, Winter	4-15	4-6 hills	48-72"	72-96"	1-2"	7	80	200 lbs.
Swiss Chard	50	10'	10"	18"	1/2-1"	7-10	77	40 lbs.
Tomato	200-400	20-25'	24-72"	36-84"	1/4-1/2"	8	85	100 lbs.
Turnip	250-300	10-15'	2-6"	12-36"	1/4-1/2"	7	77	50 lbs.
Watermelon	7-20	3-5 hills	24-36"	72-96"	1/2-1"	8	90	50-100 lbs.

Victory Garden Kits™

Includes everything you need to start your own Victory Garden.

Grow Your Own
Victory Garden . . .



Throughout history, Victory Gardens have been sown during times of war as a way for folks to both feed their families and to aid in the war effort.

Planting a "Victory Garden" has more personal significance in our time. Whatever your reason may be — stretching your grocery budget and saving money, growing pure food for your family's table or declaring independence from the corporate food chain — planting a garden makes sense.

Contained in a decorative gift bag are tried and true varieties suitable for planting a Victory Garden in a wide range of climates. Great for gifts or as a cost effective way of starting your heirloom Victory Garden.

Many additional kits and collections are available on our web site.

Victory Garden Starter Kit™ Includes:

- 'Blue Lake 274' Bush Beans
- 'Detroit Dark Red' Beets
- 'Red Cored Chantenay' Carrots
- 'Homemade Pickles' Cucumber
- 'Green Salad Bowl' Lettuce
- 'Evergreen Bunching' Onion
- 'French Breakfast' Radish
- 'Dark Green Zucchini' Summer Squash
- Brochure about Victory Gardening
- Clyde's Garden Planner

9000084 — \$ 14.95

Victory Garden Kit™ Includes:

• Everything in the "Starter Kit" plus:

- 'Copenhagen Market' Cabbage
- 'Golden Bantam' Sweet Corn
- 'Honey Rock' Melon
- 'All American' Parsnip
- 'Oregon Giant' Pea
- 'Bloomsdale Longstanding' Spinach
- 'Fordhook Giant' Swiss Chard
- 'Ace 55' Tomato
- 'Purple Top White Globe' Turnip

9000094 — \$ 34.95

Preserving Family Heirloom Seeds

This is the cornerstone of our mission. We work with families to make sure that the legacy of their agrarian ancestors is not lost to time.

If you are caring for a variety that has been in your family for generations, or one that you otherwise feel is worth preserving, we welcome seed submissions. Please contact us for more information at info@victoryseeds.com.

got seed?
we do!

VictorySeeds.com

"Keep In Touch"

We love to stay connected with our gardening friends and wish we could chat over the garden gate with all of you. Here are some modern alternatives:

[instagram.com/VictorySeeds](https://www.instagram.com/VictorySeeds)
[facebook.com/VictorySeeds](https://www.facebook.com/VictorySeeds)
[pinterest.com/VictorySeeds](https://www.pinterest.com/VictorySeeds)
[youtube.com/VictorySeeds](https://www.youtube.com/VictorySeeds)
[twitter.com/VictorySeeds](https://www.twitter.com/VictorySeeds)

About Our Farm

Our farm is located on the fertile soils of Oregon's Northern Willamette Valley.

Although we do not have sufficient staff or facilities to accept visitors at this time, you can take a virtual tour from our website.

www.DuntonFarms.com



Our family have been farmers for centuries. The driver in this circa 1916 photograph is our company's namesake, Victor Hugo Dunton (Mike's Great-grandpa). The boy looking up to his Dad is Mike's Grandpa John.

Both men farmed and were stewards of the same soil that we continue to work to this day. We literally walk in our ancestors footsteps and feel blessed to build upon their hard work and accomplishments. We owe them everything.



VICTORY SEED COMPANY
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