

\$2.00

RARE
&
INTERESTING

Descriptive Catalogue of SEEDS

2017
our
19th year

Victory Seed Company

"Preserving the future one seed at a time"™

www.VictorySeeds.com

All of the seeds that we sell are open-pollinated and untreated. Most are family heirlooms or rare commercial varieties. We offer no unstable hybrids or chemically treated seeds. Additionally, as an early signer of the *Safe Seed Pledge*, we will never knowingly sell genetically engineered organisms.

Why Support the Victory Seed Company with Your Orders? We really can use your support!

Quite frankly, this work is expensive. While profit margins continue to shrink, we have resisted raising prices and we really need your help! As an organization, we remain true to our foundational mission of protecting and preserving heritage seed varieties and keeping them available to home gardeners. We are committed to providing you with the highest quality seeds combined with the best customer service that we possibly can. We are able to do these things because we are not a typical seed business and our values are a bit different than most other seed suppliers.

- 1) We are independent and have no one to answer to except you, our supporters. We do not have financial backers, debt, shareholders, or large suppliers that dictate our actions.
- 2) We actually farm and raise seeds - most garden packet seed companies do not. Since it is not practical (or possible) to raise everything ourselves, we work with a select group of smaller growers here in the United States. Supporting other family farmers, especially small seed producers, is important to us. We do not do business with companies tied to genetic engineering (GMOs).
- 3) Although some companies claim to be family owned, what they really mean is that they are privately held. (Ask them where they get their seeds and who they are associated with!) We are a traditional, multi-generational, family owned and operated, farm-based organization.
- 4) Making money is not what motivates us. We sell seeds as the means of supporting our preservation and philanthropic work. Other seed companies sell seeds with financial gain as their only goal. Some do keep older varieties in circulation, but sadly, very few of them are actually doing original research or variety preservation work.
- 5) Your orders directly fund our ability to save varieties and keep them available to gardeners. It is expensive to go from a sample that we receive, to the point of having enough seed to share. It takes several years, a commitment of farmland and a lot of labor. To ensure accuracy, we use historical documentation (that can be very costly), to confirm a variety's accuracy.

We deeply appreciate the support your orders provide and do consider you partners in this seed variety preservation work. *Thank you!*



The Victory Seed Company Crew, Summer 2016

Cover photo: 'Plains Coreopsis' (*Coreopsis tinctoria*) on the farm. Photo by Brittany Stutes.

MAKE YOUR 2017 GARDEN

A VICTORY GARDEN

Dear Friends,

Duty, privilege and age-old tradition dictates that I pen this annual note to you, our gardening friends. You are partners in our charitable giving and plant variety preservation mission. Your orders, along with the occasional and greatly appreciated donation, fund this work.

Although the work is never-ending, most folks understandably only think about us in preparation of their planting time. This trend has developed our skills at budgeting and operating within our means. Expenses in all areas have continued to rise, so I hope you will appreciate that we have yet again resisted price increases for the 2017 season.

Measured by the number of organizations that we helped and the number of rare and threatened varieties that we added to our seed list, 2016 was very productive. As the seed collection grows, so too does the importance of keeping it secure.

This coming year we hope to raise the funds necessary to upgrade and modernize both our short-term and long-term seed storage facilities. Your orders certainly help, and we are thankful, but I would like to ask a big favor.

Since word-of-mouth is our primary form of "advertising," if you believe in the work that we are doing, please share about us with gardening family and friends, with your local garden writers, with local master gardeners, and if you use social media, please do follow us and share posts. You are an important part of keeping Victory Seeds® available to gardeners. We need cheerleaders!

With your help, we can improve our outreach and build upon the infrastructure that we have established over the past 19 years. We continue to dream big and diligently plan to make these dreams reality.

Looking forward in time towards a new year ahead is by definition an exercise in contemplating the unknown. Every day continues to be a gift, and although there is always some degree of anxiety associated with uncertainty, there is also joy, beauty, and hope for what can be. The future does not merely happen ... we make it.

Here is to hoping that in 2017 we all work to be a positive force, an influence on the world around us, and that by doing good things, we are planting the seeds for making it the place we want it to be.

We look forward to being of service to you again in 2017 and thank you in advance for choosing to partner with us by using Victory Seeds® in your garden!



About Our Farm

Our farm is located on the fertile soils of Oregon's Northern Willamette Valley.

Although we do not have sufficient staff or facilities to accept visitors at this time, you can take a virtual tour from our website. We even have a weather station and a Web camera where you can watch things grow in the summer.

www.DuntonFarms.com



Our family have been farmers for centuries. The driver in this circa 1916 photograph is our company's namesake, Victor Hugo Dunton (Mike's Great-grandpa). The boy looking up to his Dad is Mike's Grandpa John.

Both men farmed and were stewards of the same soil that we continue to work to this day. We literally walk in our ancestors footsteps on a constant basis and feel blessed to build upon their hard work. We owe them everything.

Legend

The following symbols next to variety names mean:

{CNG} = Varieties grown to Certified Naturally Grown standards. See page 56.

[NEW] = New additions to our catalog for 2017. More are found on our web site.

<ossi> = Open Source Seed Initiative pledged seed varieties. See back page for pledge.

Place your order using our secure website instead of mailing it and receive your order much faster, select from other shipping options, plus save 5%.

Enter "**save5in17**" (minus the quotes) in the "Apply Coupon" field of our cart system.

Offer is for online purchases only and expires on December 31, 2017.

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Although this isn't a glossy, photo laden catalog, check out our website. We have one of the best available. It contains information based on our historical research and actual field observations, photos, recipes, gardening info and many more rare plant varieties than can be listed within these pages.

Artichoke & Cardoon

(Approximately 15 to 20 seeds/gram)

Start seeds indoors in late January or early February. Transplant into the garden after all danger of frost has passed. This will ensure that your plants will be well developed before the fall weather turns cold.

Grown from seed, up to 25% of the plants will be useless. This is due to the genetic makeup of the species and not a problem with our seeds. Cull sickly and albino plants at transplanting time. Eliminate nonproductive plants after the growing season is over.

From your select plants, you will be able to save seed and divide the clumps to increase your stands. Division is a good method for propagating additional plants with known traits.

Green Globe Artichoke

(*Cynara scolymus*) An attractive ornamental with edible flower buds. A delicacy that is boiled and served hot with melted lemon-butter (some of my family like to dip the petal tips in mayonnaise). The plant will require winter protection if you live in a zone that experiences severe freezing. Perennial.

3010012 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Cardoon {CNG}

(*Cynara cardunculus*) A relative of the artichoke, the growing characteristics are similar. However, instead of consuming the flowers, like you do with an artichoke, the thick, fleshy leaf bases, hearts and roots are eaten. They have a slightly spicy, celery-like flavor. They should be wrapped in paper and have dirt mounded around them to over-winter. Harvest is enjoyed beginning in early summer. Perennial.

3010022 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

About Our Seeds

We strive to provide the best quality garden seed varieties available. Our seeds are:

- Heirloom, heritage and often very rare.
- Open-pollinated (save your own seeds).
- Non-hybrid - No unstable F1 Hybrids.
- No chemically treated seeds.
- We will never knowingly sell genetically engineered seeds.

Additionally, many of our seeds are grown on our Certified Naturally Grown farm. Others are purchased from our network of small farmers and seed growers. We support other family operated organizations like ourselves.

Asparagus

(*Asparagus officinalis*)

(Approximately 30 seeds/gram)

Not a plant to grow if you are looking for a fast reward. Although you probably will not enjoy your first crop for three growing seasons, it is well worth the wait!

Start the seeds indoors or in a greenhouse 60 to 90 days prior to your last expected frost date. Direct seeding is not recommended. The plants will grow deep roots, therefore well drained, heavily composted soil is required. Asparagus likes to be fed — manure and compost are important to successful crops.

Mary Washington

Bred by J.B. Norton and released in 1919, it became the most popular variety. As a perennial plant, it will serve you for years.

3020011 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25



Basil

(Approximately 750 to 900 seeds/gram)

An annual plant that has been cultivated for centuries as a fresh and dried culinary herb. Common in America by the late 1700s. The leaves can be used fresh, or dried, and used as a seasoning. Prefers well-drained soil, even moisture, and full sun.

Cinnamon Basil (*Ocimum basilicum*)

Adds an interesting cinnamon flavor to dishes that call for basil. Purple stems with dark green, two inch leaves on plants that can reach 30 inches tall. Purple blooms as well.

4000471 — 1 gram — \$ 2.55

Lemon Basil (*Ocimum americanum*)

A small leaf variety on 15 inch tall plants. Adds a lemony flavor to teas, salads and other recipes.

4000052 — 1 gram — \$ 2.55

Lime Basil (*Ocimum americanum*)

The 12 to 24 inch tall plants grow best in full sun on well drained soil. The leaves have a zesty, citrus aroma and can be used in any recipe calling for basil.

4000481 — 1 gram — \$ 2.55

Licorice Basil (aka Thai Basil)

(*Ocimum basilicum*) Grows up to 15 inches tall with leaves as big as two inches long. It has a distinct licorice or anise aroma and flavor. Used in Thai or other traditional Asian dishes.

4000521 — 1 gram — \$ 2.55

Sweet Basil (*Ocimum basilicum*)

These plants grow to about 18 inches, and provide several harvests. The leaves are used fresh to make pesto, and can be dried and used as a seasoning. A favorite of ours in Italian dishes.

4000042 — 1 gram — \$ 2.55

Beans

(*Phaseolus*)

Common beans (*Phaseolus*) originated somewhere near Guatemala, but their migration throughout North & South America had occurred prior to European arrival. In fact, beans were almost as universally cultivated as maize was by the native people.

We offer many different varieties of beans and have organized them in the following pages by their growth habit (how they grow) and by their primary usage.

Refer to the planting guide at the end of this catalog and to our website for more information, recipes and additional varieties that we couldn't include in print.

Bush & Try Beans

Calypso, Black (aka Yin-Yang)

70 to 90 days — Nice texture and used as a baking bean. The plants reach 15 inches and are strong. The pods contain 4 to 5 seeds which are white and black with black dots in the white part of the seed. Harvest young as a snap bean and after about 90 days for dry use. About 55 seeds/oz.

**3030141 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030142 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030143 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95**

Dark Red Kidney

95 days — Plants reach about 2 feet tall, are very productive, and set pods that are 5 to 6 inches long containing five beans each. The beans are large and dark maroonish-red. About 55 seeds/oz.

**3031281 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031282 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031283 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95**

Great Northern

90 days — In the early 1880s, seedsman Oscar H. Will reportedly obtained this bean from Son of Star, a Hidatsa Indian. It grows well in northern climates, is hardy and a heavy yielder. Reaches 20 to 24 inches in height. The white seeds are excellent baked or in soups. About 90 seeds/oz.

**3030501 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030502 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030503 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95**

Montezuma Red (aka Mexican Red) {CNG}

95 days — Bushes tend to sprawl and produce small, flattened dark red beans. Very productive. An heirloom popular in California since the mid-1800's but fairly rare now. Keeps shape well when baked. About 80 seeds/oz.

3030451 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Wanted!

Old seed catalogs!

(Any Company — Any Year)

PLEASE contact us at:

info@victoryseeds.com

Navy

90 days — Productive plants with 4 inch long pods that contain pure white seeds that are meaty and stay firm when cooked. An excellent choice for soups and baking. About 120 seeds/oz.

3031271 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031272 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031273 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Pinto

95 days — Vigorous bush type plants that tend to sprawl. Pods are three to four inches long, flat, and green. Can be used for snap beans when young and tender but primarily grown to maturity and used as a dry bean. About 80 seeds/oz.

3031241 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031242 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

White Marrowfat (aka White Egg)

100 days — Dates back to the mid-1800s. It can be used at the green shelling stage, but it shines as a dry bean. An excellent choice for baking. They also puree nicely for soups and some say they have a bacon-like, meaty flavor. About 60 seeds/oz.

3030211 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030212 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030213 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

**Bush Snap, Wax & Shell Beans****Alicante {CNG}**

55 days — French filet-type gourmet bush green bean. Compact, very productive with straight, thin pods best harvested when young and tender. They are uniformly dark green in color and tasty.

Disease resistant. About 75 seeds/pack.

3031311 — ½ ounce — \$ 2.45

Blue Lake 274

58 days — A bush version of the popular climber. The pods reach 5½ to 6½ inches in length. This is a canner's favorite as the variety tends to mature its heavy crop all at once. Introduced in 1964. Disease resistant. About 90 seeds/oz.

3030011 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030012 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030013 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Borlotto (aka Borlotti)

70 days — An Italian heirloom; grows like regular bush beans. Pods are cream colored, mottled with rosy-red. Harvest beans just as the seeds start to swell in the pods. About 40 seeds/oz.

3030341 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030342 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

Bountiful

47 days — Plants are 15 to 18 inches tall, bushy and erect when young but straggly appearing when fully grown. As the name implies, it is very productive, very early, vigorous, and hardy. The pods are 6 inches long, light green in color, broad and straight. Excellent fresh, frozen or canned. About 85 seeds/oz.

3031131 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031132 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031133 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Brittle Wax (aka Brittlewax)

55 days — Pods are 6 inches long, pale green ripening to a light golden-yellow color, stringless, fleshy, fiberless, with fine texture. An excellent choice for home gardens, market growers and canning. About 40 seeds/oz.

3031251 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031252 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031253 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Coco Noir Starazogorskii

56 days — An attractive, dual-purpose variety with 5 inch, flat, light-green pods. Picked at the young, immature stage, they are stringless and used cut or sliced in a julienne, French-style. The mature, glossy, black beans can be used shelled or as dry beans. About 55 seeds/oz.

3031041 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031042 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031043 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Contender

55 days — Extremely early, very dependable and prolific. It produces long, round to slightly oval pods that are medium green and about six inches long at maturity. Very tasty fresh out of the garden, canned or frozen. About 60 seeds/oz.

3030791 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030792 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030793 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Golden Wax Improved (aka Topnotch)

50 days — Plants grow 16 to 18 inches tall, are upright and compact. The pods are about 5 inches long, golden-yellow in color, thick, flat, straight, stringless and tender. Excellent heavy yielding home garden variety. About 95 seeds/oz.

3030531 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030532 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030533 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Greencrop (aka Bush Kentucky Wonder)

50 days — Plants grow 18 to 20 inches tall with stringless pods that reach about seven inches long with white seeds. The crop matures at one time. AAS® winner in 1957. About 70 seeds/oz.

3030051 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030052 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030053 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Gross Brother's Vermont Cranberry {CNG}

65-85 days — A 2007 Victory Seed Co. introduction. The seeds are buff, heavily mottled with cranberry coloring. Used fresh or canned as green beans or dried. Upright plants are sturdy and don't require support. About 55 seeds/oz.

3030601 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Harvester

53 days — The pods are straight, round in cross section, 5 to 6 inches in length, medium-green in color, tender, smooth and stringless. The bushes are tall (over 20 inches) and set the pods high for easy picking. Introduced in 1957. It is resistant to common and NY bean virus. About 90 seeds/oz.

3031061 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031062 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031063 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Improved Commodore

60 days — Plants are open, vigorous and reach 16 inches tall. Pods are 6 to 8 inches long, slightly curved, and dark green. They are very tender and tasty. Good fresh or frozen. AAS® winner in 1945. About 75 seeds/oz.

**3031051 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031052 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031053 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95**

Landreth Stringless

55 days — This very old variety was released in 1885 by the Landreth Seed Company. The pods are borne on 21-inch, erect plants and are green, round in cross-section, about 5 inches long, slightly curved, meaty, tasty, tender and nearly fiberless. About 65 seeds/oz.

**3030611 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030612 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55**

Pencil Pod Black Wax

50 days — Plants can reach about 2 feet, are bushy, vigorous, rust and mosaic virus resistant. Pods are curved, about 5 to 7 inches long, and golden-yellow in color. Excellent all-purpose type; great fresh, canned, or frozen. Seeds are black. Introduced in 1900. About 80 seeds/oz.

**3030651 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030652 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030653 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95**

Promise Half-Runner {CNG}

60 days — A 2004 Victory Seed Co. introduction, this variety has been grown by Mike Dunton's family since 1898. Prolific and hardy, it helped sustain a pioneer family. Semi-erect, half runner plants. Good fresh or canned. About 75 seeds/oz.

3030461 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Provider

50 days — High yielding. Plants have a strong, upright growth habit. Pods have purple seeds, are 5 to 6 inches long, smooth, and medium-green in color. Resistant to Bean Common Mosaic Virus, Pod Mottle Virus, and some races of rust. Introduced in 1966. About 80 seeds/oz.

**3031071 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031072 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031073 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95**

Resistant Cherokee Wax

52 days — Vigorous and productive plants. Pods are 5 to 6 inches in length, pale yellowish-green in color, and with deep black seeds. An excellent early variety for home or market growers.

Introduced in 1959. About 100 seeds/oz.

**3031251 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031252 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031253 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95**

Roma II

53 days — Broad, flat pods that are grayish green in color. Very tasty fresh and retains flavor after processing. About 70 seeds/oz.

**3030061 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030062 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55**

We have too many heirloom varieties to fit in the catalog. Find more on our website.

Royal Burgundy

60 days — Erect plants reach 18 inches tall and do well in cool weather. Stringless, purple, 6 inch long pods turn dark green when cooked. Great for fresh eating, freezing or canning. About 110 seeds/oz.

**3030801 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030802 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55**

Royalty Purple Pod

53 days — Strong, upright plants with short runners and 6 inch long, round, creased-back, stringless, purple pods. Germinates well in cooler soils. Resistant to Bean Common Mosaic Virus. Released in 1957. About 90 seeds/oz.

**3031081 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031082 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031083 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95**

Slenderette

55 days — Plants are upright, dark green and produce excellent yields of slim, five inch long, straight pods with white seeds. Excellent fresh, canned or frozen. Bred and introduced by the Charter Seed Co. in 1968. About 85 seeds/oz.

**3030811 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030812 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55**

Spartan Arrow

52 days — Plants are hardy, upright, about 2 feet tall, and productive. Pods are concentrated, easy to pick, green, straight, 5 to 6 inches long and stringless. Bean Common Mosaic Virus and New York 15 strain of Bean Virus 1 resistant. Introduced in 1963. About 80 seeds/oz.

**3031091 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031092 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031093 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95**

Spartan Half Runner (aka Spartan Striped)

55 days — Semi-vining bushes are vigorous and productive. Pods are slender, light-green, about five inches long with seeds that are tan with brown striping. Multipurpose variety. About 90 seeds/oz.

**3031301 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031302 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031303 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95**

State Half Runner

60 days — Semi-vining bushes are productive with silver-green colored pods reaching about four inches long, are stringless when young, and have an old-fashioned bean flavor. Introduced in 1963. About 110 seeds/oz.

**3031291 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031292 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031293 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95**

Tender Crop (aka Tendercrop)

54 days — Good fresh and frozen. Pods are 5 to 6 inches long and medium-green in color. Resistant to Bean Common Mosaic Virus and Pod Mottle Virus. Introduced in 1958. About 85 seeds/oz.

**3031141 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031142 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031143 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95**

Have you read Craig LeHoullier's book,

"Epic Tomatoes" yet?

<http://www.craiglehoullier.com/>

Tenderette

56 days — Plants are upright, productive with pods that are 5½ inches long, slim, straight, dark-green with white seeds. Resistant to Common Bean Mosaic Virus and New York 15 Virus. Excellent fresh, canned or frozen. Bred and introduced by the Charter Seed Co. in 1962. About 85 seeds/oz.

3030901 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030902 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030903 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Tendergreen, Improved

55 days — Productive plants are vigorous, strong, erect, and reach 20 inches in height. Pods are six inches, bright green, tender but brittle, and have an excellent flavor. Great choice for freezing, canning and of course, fresh eating. Released in 1950. About 70 seeds/oz.

3031221 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031222 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031223 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Tenderpod

55 days — Pods are about 6 inches long, uniform, meaty, stringless, and medium-green in color. A home garden variety used fresh and processed. Particularly suited for freezing. Introduced and an AAS® winner in 1941. About 95 seeds/oz.

3031151 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3031152 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3031153 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Topcrop (Top Crop)

50 days — Very disease resistant, strong, upright plants reach 24-inches tall. Pods are 6 to 7 inches long, round and stringless. Crops are heavy with concentrated pickings. Seeds are dark brown speckled with tan. Great fresh, canned or frozen. Introduced and an AAS® winner in 1950. About 80 seeds/oz.

3030071 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030072 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030073 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95



Pole Beans

Aunt Doll {CNG}

80 days — A family heirloom sent to us by Sammie Long of TN who said, "This is a green stick (pole) bean that has been handed down in my family for over a hundred years. The pods are long and flat (up to 12 inches) and about one inch wide. Good as green or dried beans and as leather britches." About 50 seeds/oz.

3031021 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Blue Lake FM-1K

66 days — A disease resistant strain of the old pole green bean. Pods are stringless when young and tender. Excellent flavor. Can be used fresh, dried, canned or frozen. About 95 seeds/oz.

3030861 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030862 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030863 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Find out how to earn Victory Points™!
www.victoryseeds.com/victory-points.html

Blue Lake, Wright Strain {CNG}

70 days — An old strain of the original 'Blue Lake' pole bean grown since the 1950s by a local farm family here in Liberal, OR. Once the standard commercial green bean variety. Pods are stringless and tender when young, tasty, and reaching 6 inches long. For fresh, canned, frozen or dried use. About 100 seeds/oz.

3030931 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Cherokee Trail of Tears {CNG}

65 to 90 days — An old Oklahoma heirloom from the Wyche family. Vines reach eight feet. Pods are six inches and green with purple shading. The seeds are a shiny, jet-black color. Used when young and tender as green snap beans or left to mature for dry beans. About 55 seeds/0.5 oz.

3030921 — ½ ounce — \$ 2.95

Grandma Rose's {CNG}

75 to 90 days — A multi-purpose Italian heirloom pole bean with vines reaching 6 to 8 feet (visit our website for its history). Harvest young as a green bean, at the green shelling stage, and mature as a dry bean. Pods are green and tasty when young turning tan with maroon streaks as they mature. The seeds are large, flattened-oblong shaped and tan with maroon streaks. About 55 seeds/oz.

3031211 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Indiana Wild Goose {CNG}

100 days — The pods are 8 inches long each containing 5 to 8 seeds that are sandy-brown in color with flattened ends and have an almost nutty flavor. Primarily referenced as a dry bean, it is quite good at the green shell bean stage. About 45 seeds/oz.

3030981 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Kentucky Wonder (aka Old Homestead)

68 days — A green pole bean. Very reliable, early maturing, and productive. It can be enjoyed fresh, canned, dried, or frozen. About 75 seeds/oz.

3030081 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030082 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55
3030083 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

McCaslan

66 days — An old Southern family heirloom introduced by the Hastings Seed Co. in 1912. The prolific vines produce pods that reach 8 inches and can be used as snap beans or shelled. The seeds are plump and white. About 80 seeds/oz.

3030751 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

Rattlesnake

100 days — Named after the way their pods twist and snake around the vines and poles. Used young as green beans. As dry beans, they are great in chili or baked dishes. About 95 seeds/oz.

3030231 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3030232 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

Please share about us with your gardening friends and family. As a small organization, we rely on your word-of-mouth recommendations as our primary form of "advertising."

Lima Beans & Butterbeans

Burpee Improved Bush

75 days — Fatter than Fordhook limas, there are typically three to five pale green seeds per four to five inch long pods. The pods are borne in clusters of five to six pods. About 20 seeds/oz.

3030821 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

Christmas Lima

(aka Giant Butter, Giant Florida Pole)

90 days — Large, quarter dollar-sized, flat beans. Light cream colored with maroon spots, splashes, and swirls. Dates back to the 1840s. Vines are vigorous, reaching 10-feet, with heavy yields. Does well even in extreme heat. Has a butter-like texture and a subtle chestnut-like flavor. Can be used as either a green shelled or dry bean and retains its markings after being cooked. About 25 seeds/oz.

3030271 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

Dixie Butterpea Speckled

75 days — Seeds are almost round, small, reddish-brown speckled with darker brown. The plants are bushy, vigorous growing to about 2-feet in height. The pods are slightly curved, about 4 inches long, and contain 3 to 4 seeds each. Very productive in hot, dry conditions. About 95 seeds/oz.

3030381 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

Fordhook 242 Bush Lima

80 days — An improved version of an old Burpee variety. The plants are 16 to 20 inches with pods containing 3 to 5 large, flat greenish-white seeds. Good in Northern and Maritime climates. AAS® winner in 1945. About 25 seeds/oz.

3030391 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

Henderson's Bush Lima

70 days — This old favorite is also known as Henderson's Dwarf, Henderson's Baby Lima, and Earliest Bush Lima. An old-time favorite used for canning, freezing and dry use. The seeds dry to a creamy white. The erect, bushy plants are reliable and set pods until frost. About 75 seeds/oz.

3030401 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3030402 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

3030403 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Jackson Wonder Lima

68 days — An heirloom originating on the farm of Thomas Jackson near Atlanta, Georgia in the 1880s. The 3-inch pods are set on 20 to 24 inch bushy plants and with 3 to 5 seeds that are light brown splattered with purplish-brown. Good as a butterbean or dried for soups. About 50 seeds/oz.

3030251 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3030252 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

King of the Garden Lima

102 days — The vines reach 10 feet and are productive. The pods average 5 to 8 inches long. Pods contain 4 to 6 large, cream colored beans. It may not be a good choice as a dry bean for areas with shorter growing seasons. Pole-type plant. About 25 seeds/oz.

3030281 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45

3030282 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.55

Snow on the Mountain {CNG}

90 to 120 days — Vines reach 8 to 10 feet tall and require support. Very productive variety with pods containing 2 to 4 beautiful beans each. The dry beans are maroon in color with a splash of white around the eye which gives it the appearance of a snow-capped mountain. About 50 seeds/oz.

3031201 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45



Fava Beans

(*Vicia faba*)

(Approximately 15 to 20 seeds/ounce)

Fava beans are not from the same genus as garden beans. They are used small as you would green or snap beans or if they are a bit past their prime, shelled by cooking in salted water. The upper leaves can also be cooked like spinach.

Aquadulce

90 days — This variety can stand very cold conditions (to about 15°F) and can be planted in the fall for early spring harvest. Plants reach 40 inches. About 15 seeds/oz.

3030312 — 2 ounces — \$ 2.45

3030313 — ¼ pound — \$ 3.55

Broad Windsor

85 days — 36 to 48 inch plants that are upright and non-branching. The 5 to 8 inch long pods contain 5 to 7 seeds. The seeds are about the diameter of a U.S. quarter dollar coin and a little over twice as thick. About 15 seeds/oz.

3030292 — 2 ounces — \$ 2.45

3030293 — ¼ pound — \$ 3.55

Sweet Lorane

100 days — A small-seeded fava variety, it is a great nitrogen fixer and can be used for cover cropping to improve your garden's soil, when planted in the fall. It is also a very cold hardy variety. About 48 seeds/oz.

3030911 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75



Runner Beans

(*Phaseolus coccineus*)

(Approximately 25 to 30 seeds/ounce)

Runner beans grow well in almost any soil but benefit from that which has been well-dug and manured. Support growing plants with canes, poles, netting or bean frames.

Scarlet Runner

60 to 90 days — An heirloom variety cultivated as early as 1750. A very vigorous grower and good producer. The vines grow to 18 feet. Often planted as an ornamental and to attract hummingbirds. Used young as a snap bean or mature as a shelled or dry bean. About 25 seeds/oz.

3030092 — 2 ounces — \$ 2.45

3030093 — ¼ pound — \$ 3.55

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White Emergo (aka Sweet White Runner)

80 days — Prolific and vigorous growth with white flowers. The slender pods are quite good when picked young and tender. Flavorful and fleshy with a fine texture. Pick regularly for a continuous crop. About 25 seeds/oz.

3030562 — 2 ounces — \$ 2.45
3030563 — ¼ pound — \$ 3.55



Beets

(*Beta vulgaris*)

(Approximately 50 to 80 seeds/gram)

Historically speaking, beets seem to be a relatively new vegetable. With no firm records of their existence prior to the 1600s, what we call a "beet" today was known as a "Blood Turnip" up until the late 1880s.

Because the plant has a long taproot, beets like well worked, loam soil. However, if the soil is too rich, you may experience forked roots or plants that go to seed. Beets tend to toughen as they mature. Table varieties can be eaten raw, canned, pickled, baked or boiled.

Bolterdy (aka Boltherdy)

60 days — A Detroit-type beet from Holland that has deep-red, ringless flesh with smooth skin. Hardy enough to withstand cool weather sowings in spring and is highly resistant to bolting.

3040131 — 4 grams — \$ 2.15

Bull's Blood

60 days — The tops of this variety are quite tasty and beautiful. Matures in 35 days for tops and 60 days for roots.

3040081 — 4 grams — \$ 2.15

Burpee's Golden

55 days — This dual purpose variety was bred and released by W. Atlee Burpee Company. Reportedly available since about 1828. The tops are tender and excellent cooked as greens. Roots are a dark golden color with deep yellow flesh that does not bleed like red beets.

3040111 — 4 grams — \$ 2.50

Cylindra (aka Butter Slicer or Formanova)

75 days — This Danish variety, as the name suggests, produces a beet that is elongated (6 to 8 inches) making it ideal for slicing. Produces many more uniform slices than globe shape varieties. Sweet, tender and smooth skinned with small, edible, reddish green tops.

3040011 — 4 grams — \$ 2.15

Detroit Dark Red

58 days — Introduced in the U.S. in 1892, it is said to be the most popular garden variety ever. Its origins are based on the European 'Early Blood Turnip'. Very good right out of the garden, canned or pickled. Globe shaped, excellent deep blood-red color, sweet, smooth and tender.

3040021 — 4 grams — \$ 2.15

Early Wonder Tall Top

55 days — This variety yields crimson-red flesh with flattened globe-shaped roots and tall, bright, dark green succulent tops. You can use the tender leaves for greens and the dark red roots for salads, pickled, borscht or cooked. Originally introduced to the United States in 1811.

3040031 — 4 grams — \$ 2.15



Red Mammoth Fodder Beet

95 to 120 days — Although fodder beets have just about disappeared from modern agriculture, they were once very important on typical farms. When immature, they are quite suitable for eating. Left to reach maturity, they are lifted, stored and provide valuable winter feed for livestock and poultry. The oval to spindle-shaped roots can reach 20 to 25 pounds. They are a dull red color with white flesh.

3040151 — 4 grams — \$ 2.15

Ruby Queen

55 days — A popular Northeast canning variety. Does well in poor soil. Round with smooth skin and uniform dark red, fine, buttery flesh. Tops are dull green with a bit of maroon. Holds shape well when crowded. AAS® winner in 1957.

3040041 — 4 grams — \$ 2.15



Broccoli

(*Brassica oleracea*)

(Approximately 250 to 350 seeds/gram)

Historically a cool weather crop. Start seeds inside in early spring for a summer crop and in late summer for a late fall crop. Transplant outdoors when the plants have developed 4 or 5 leaves or sow directly in warm, moist soil.

Fresh broccoli is full of vitamins and minerals and should be part of everyone's home garden. Excellent raw, when young and tender as a garnish in a green salad, lightly steamed, or roasted with olive oil and salt.

Di Cicco

75 days — An old, reliable European variety introduced in 1890. Compact, 2 to 3 foot high plants with a central 3 to 4 inch head and numerous side shoots. More productive than many hybrids. Non-uniform in maturity making it an excellent home garden variety. Freezes well.

3050031 — ½ gram — \$ 2.05

Early Purple Sprouting

200 days — An old English, over-wintering variety for early spring harvest. Many secondary shoots with small purple heads for continuous cutting.

3050051 — ½ gram — \$ 2.05

Early Fall Rapini (*B. rapa* subsp. *rapa*)

55 days — Sown in the late summer into early fall, the tender leafy shoots and flowering heads of this early bolting variety are harvested before the flowers open. Thrives in cooler temperatures.

3050061 — ½ gram — \$ 2.45

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Green Sprouting Calabrese

80 days — Plants reach 36 inches tall, are erect and leafy. Planted in the spring, they produce central heads, that are bluish-green in color, average 3 to 5 inches across, and are harvested in the summer. The plants can be laid down and side shoots harvested as they develop. Frost resistant.

3050011 — ½ gram — \$ 2.05

Romanesco Broccoli (*B. oleracea* var. *botrytis*)

95 days — Related to broccoli, it is actually a variant of cauliflower. Its heads incorporate a unique, beautiful, spiraling pattern that is a light-green color. Plants looks like cauliflower plants.

3050091 — ½ gram — \$ 2.05

Spring Rapini (*B. rapa* subsp. *rapa*)

40 days — Another variety of Broccoli Raab sown for an early spring harvest. No central head but many small, tasty leaves and side shoots.

3050081 — ½ gram — \$ 2.45

Waltham 29

90 days — Bred to survive the increasing cold of fall. Don't use this variety for spring planting. Best for late summer or fall harvests. Compact plants with large crops of side shoots and solid medium green heads. Can survive dry spells.

3050021 — ½ gram — \$ 2.05



Brussels Sprouts

(*Brassica oleracea* var. *gemmifera*)
(Approximately 150 to 200 seeds/gram)

Brussels Sprouts require the same basic culture as broccoli. They are generally very winter hardy.

Catskill

85 to 110 days — The 20 to 24 inch tall plants produce heavily. The sprouts are large (up to 1½ inches), dark-green, and firm. Primarily used for fall harvests, it is good fresh or frozen. Developed in 1941 by Arthur White of Arkport, New York.

3060021 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Long Island Improved

110 days — Closely set, tight, dark green, 1½ inch sprouts grow on a 20-inch tall plant. This is a standard old variety.

3060011 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

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Cabbage

(*Brassica oleracea* var. *capitata*)
(Approximately 150 to 200 seeds/gram)

Spring planted cabbage is usually started indoors, four weeks prior to your last expected frost date. Two weeks before transplanting, the seedlings should be hardened off or acclimated to the outdoors. Do this every day by moving pots outside into the shade and then returning indoors at night exposing the plants to increasing amounts of direct sunlight. Check moisture often so that they do not dry out. Some varieties can be planted in the summer for fall harvests.

All Seasons (aka Vandegaw or Succession)

90 days — Heat resistant, fine-flavored, produces good, hard heads that are ten inches in diameter, average about 12 pounds in weight, and are round but flattened on the top. One of the first yellows resistant varieties, it was released in 1920.

3070231 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Bok Choy (*B. rapa Chinensis Group*)

60 days — Fast growing, slow to bolt, and cold hardy, 'Bok Choy' is a good choice for cool climate areas. Grows best in spring and fall.

3070251 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Brunswick

70 days — Large drumhead-type cabbage. Cold hardy, late-season variety. Good for fall/winter harvest and stores well. Some sources state that it is an old, 18th Century variety while others list it as having a 1924 introduction date. An excellent market variety that is becoming rare.

3070221 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Charleston Wakefield

85 days — Heads are dark-green, compact, and conical shaped, reaching 4 to 6 pounds. First selected and released in the late 19th century. Dates to at least 1889.

3070241 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Chinese Michihli (*Brassica rapa*)

90 days — Produces cylindrical heads that are upright, 4 inches in diameter and 14 to 24 inches in height. Interiors are self-blanching. Plant mid-summer for a fall crop. The most common Chinese cabbage grown in America.

3070011 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Copenhagen Market

100 days — One of the largest early maturing roundhead varieties. Solid, 6 to 8 inch diameter, round heads average 3 to 4 pounds. Keeps well. Developed by Hjalmar Hartmann & Company of Copenhagen, Denmark and first introduced in 1909. The exact parentage is not known but is believed to be the old German variety, 'Ditmarscher'. In 1911, W. Atlee Burpee introduced 'Copenhagen Market' into the United States.

3070021 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

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Drumhead

100 days — The heads are blue-green in color with good wrapper leaves, flattened and large. Can reach 12 pounds under ideal conditions.

3070081 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Early Jersey Wakefield

75 days — This variety has been grown in the U.S. since the 1830s and has its origin in England in the late 1700s. An early variety, it is generally grown for a summer harvest but does over-winter well. The plant is short stemmed and yields conical, 7 inch in diameter green heads with a fine tender flavor. Yellows resistant.

3070041 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Glory of Enkhuizen

100 days — Heads are blue-green and can reach nine inches in diameter and ten pounds in weight. It is a good early variety, a good keeper, ideal for storage, and for kraut. Introduced in 1903.

3070091 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Golden Acre

64 days — The heads are tightly folded, solid, 5 to 7 inches in diameter, round, grey-green in color and weigh 3 to 5 pounds. An early variety, not a long-standing variety but is Yellows resistant.

3070051 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Late Flat Dutch

110 days — The flattened oval heads are about 7 inches deep by 10 to 12 inches in diameter. A good keeper, they are one of the best late fall and early winter cabbages. Flat Dutch varieties are some of the earliest recorded cabbages.

3070201 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Mammoth Red Rock (aka Red Danish)

100 days — Well adapted for most areas and yields large (4 to 7 pound), red, solid, round heads that have fine flavor and that keep well. Great raw, cooked or pickled. Nice deep color.

3070061 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Perfection

90 days — Savoy-type cabbage with deeply crumpled, dark green leaves. Very tender with an excellent flavor.

3070211 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

Red Acre

100 days — Compact plants with short stems produce solid, 5 to 7 inches in diameter, round, flattened, red-purple colored heads weighing 2 to 4 pounds. Stands well and is one of the best red varieties for storage. Yellows resistant.

3070071 — ½ gram — \$ 1.95

WEBSITE NEWS

Updated on almost a daily basis, you will find news, gardening and seed saving information, as well as products that were too new or too few to make it into this printed catalog.

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© Carrots

(Daucus carota)

(Approximately 400 to 650 seeds/gram)

Sow directly into the garden as early as the ground can be worked. Space rows 12 to 18 inches apart. Make successive plantings until the first of August.

Generally, the brighter the orange color, the higher the content of Beta Carotene. Breeders began developing orange carrots about 400 years ago — before that time they were purple or white in color and considered undesirable.

Amsterdam

50 to 70 days — Often grown as an early season variety, it is a small, 4 to 6 inch long, slim, stump-tipped, cylindrical, deep-orange carrot that is nearly coreless. Exceptional forcing variety, which makes it a good choice for greenhouse use.

3090191 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Atomic Red

65 days — Tapered in shape reaching about 9 inches in length. High in Lycopene, the pigment that gives them their red color. The color gets more intense when cooked.

3090111 — 1 gram — \$ 2.50

Autumn King (aka Flakkee, Flakkee Giant Processor, Vita Longa, and Long Flacoro)

85 days — Bright-orange roots reach 12-inches long and 2½ inches in diameter. Popular European variety used primarily for processing. Cold tolerant allows it to be sown in August for harvesting throughout the winter.

3090171 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Chantenay, Red Cored

70 days — This variety was developed in France in the 1830s. It is stump-rooted, 5 to 5½ inch long, tender, sweet, with bright orange roots.

3090011 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Chantenay, Royal

70 days — A good variety for heavy or shallow soils. This stump-tipped and cylindrical, 5 to 7 inch long, reddish-orange and sweet. Good for canning, drying, or freezing.

3090021 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Cosmic Purple

60 days — Purple colored carrots have been cultivated for centuries. Bright purple on the outside and orange on the inside. They make an interesting and tasty addition to a veggie platter. Six to eight inch long, sweet Danvers-type carrot.

3090121 — 1 gram — \$ 2.50

Danvers 126

73 days — Works in most soils. Uniform orange-red color, 7 to 8 inches long. The tops are large and the plant is heat tolerant. For home and market processing. Introduced in 1971.

3090031 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

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Imperator 58

75 days — Slender, slight taper, 6 to 7½ inches in length, small cored with deep-orange flesh. It also stores well. An AAS® winner in 1933.

3090051 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Kuroda

85 days — Bright orange, 7 to 9 inch long, stump-rooted, cylindrical shaped, tender and sweet flavored. Popular Asian market variety. Does well in a wide variety of soils.

3090161 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Little Fingers

60 days — Deep-orange color, one-half inch by three inch long, blunt tips, with smooth skin and small cores. Because the color develops early, they can be harvested at the young, tender stage for use as baby gourmet carrots.

3090101 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Lunar White

60 days — Originating in Northern Europe, white carrots have been around since the early 1600s. They are tasty, nutritious, and add one more dimension of color to your veggie platter.

3090131 — 1 gram — \$ 2.50

Nantes Fancy [NEW]

68 days — Smooth skinned, cylindrical in shape, and reach about 8-inches in length. They are sweet and crisp, holds well in the ground, and are a good storage variety.

3090201 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Scarlet Nantes

68 days — Outstanding for flavor, this strain has a strong top with 4 to 5 inch semi-tapered roots.

3090071 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Shin Kuroda

75 days — Bright orange, 5 to 6 inches long, stump-rooted, tender and sweet flavored. Good for table, juicing and storage.

3090151 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Solar Yellow

60 days — A Danvers-type carrot with roots reaching about 6 inches long. Their bright yellow color combines nicely with red, purple, white and orange varieties. Yellow carrots originated in the Middle East in the 900s.

3090141 — 1 gram — \$ 2.50

St. Valery (aka James Scarlet)

80 to 90 days — The roots are smooth, bright orange-red, 10 to 12 inches long, and exceptionally sweet and tender. In 1885, Vilmorin Seeds of France stated that it was already an old variety.

3090181 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Tendersweet, Henderson's [NEW]

75 days — Distinct, dark purplish-green foliage. Roots are deep-orange colored, average 8 to 10 inches long, and taper slightly from the shoulder to a blunt end. Introduced in 1928.

3090211 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

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Cauliflower

(*Brassica oleracea* var. *botrytis*)
(Approximately 220 to 280 seeds/gram)

Since the "heads" best develop in cool weather, seeds are typically sown in the summer and allowed to mature during the fall. Sunlight will cause the heads to discolor so blanching may be required for some varieties. This is accomplished by tying the outer leaves around the heads when they reach the size of a golf ball.

Harvest the heads at their peak while they are tight. Cauliflower can be enjoyed raw, steamed as well as frozen or pickled.

All-Year-Round

68 days — The heads are large and tight and surrounded by dark green leaves. It is a good variety for succession planting as well as growing in cold frames.

3100031 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.85

Early Snowball

55 days — Heads are smooth, pure white in color, average between 3 to 5 pounds in weight and about six inches across. It is a medium-sized plant with good foliage coverage and matures uniformly. It is reliable, excellent fresh and also freezes well.

3100011 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.85

Igloo

70 days — A snowball-type with leaves that curl in the cool fall weather and cover the head to keep the white color. Does not require tying until heads are six to eight inches across.

3100041 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.85

Lecerf (aka Le Cerf)

68 days — Grows in such a way that it is self-protecting or self-blanching. With little intervention, the small, solid heads remain bright white. Old European variety.

3100051 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.85

Snowball Self-Blanching

68 days — A snowball-type with leaves that curl in the cool fall weather and cover the head to keep the white color. Does not require tying until heads are six to eight inches across.

3100021 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.85

An important part of our seed variety preservation work is verifying that the seeds we offer to folks actually match the historical record. Accuracy is one of our primary goals.

Old seed catalogs, company records, agricultural bulletins, and horticultural books are valuable tools for this work.

We purchase what we can, but with limited funds, we welcome donations. Over the years, we have been blessed with some pretty amazing collections from folks.

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Celery & Celeriac

(*Apium graveolens*)

(Approximately 900 seeds/gram)

Start indoors from February through April. Germination is slow and can take up to three weeks. During germination, keep soil consistently moist but not wet.

Set out when plants are 3 to 5 inches tall and after danger of frost has passed. Space 6 to 9 inches apart in rows 2 to 3 feet apart.

Keep mulched to ensure soil moisture retention. They are a very heavy feeder and like rich, fertile ground loaded with organic matter. Biennial.

Giant Prague Celeriac (aka Rooted or German Celery) 120 days — Grown like celery but the root, not the hollow stalks, are used. Roots up to 2 inches in diameter can be eaten fresh. Larger ones harvested and stored. Used to flavor soups, stews or sliced for salads. Released in 1871.
3110011 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.85

Golden Self-Blanching

90 days — Vigorous with upright, medium green foliage. Stocky, solid, thick stalks blanch easily.
3110021 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.85

Tall Utah 52-70

110 days — Eleven to twelve inch stalks on plants that reach about 30 inches in height. Medium dark green, crisp, tender and tasty. Released in 1953.
3110031 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.85

Tendercrisp

105 days — Compact plants that reach about 2 feet tall. Stalks are smooth, thick, and dark green. Resistant to boron and magnesium deficiencies. Tolerance to western celery mosaic virus.
3110071 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.85

Ventura

100 days — Strong upright stalks that are dark green in color, and smooth-ribbed. Heavy yielding, resistant to bolting and some Fusarium wilts.
3110081 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.85

Collards

(*Brassica oleracea* var. *viridis*)
(Approximately 250 to 300 seeds/gram)

Although a type of kale, they are cold-hardy, can survive down to 10°F, but thrive in heat.

In the South, sow in late summer or early fall for winter and spring harvests. In colder climates, sow in late spring, when the soil temperatures are between 50° and 80°F, for fall harvest.

Start cutting individual leaves about 65 days from planting and continue harvesting the leaves as they become tough with age.

Champion

75 days — Released by the Virginia AES in 1979. A longer standing selection of 'Vates'. It is slower

to develop seed stalks in the spring following fall planting. Hardy, widely adapted, dark blue-green leaves on thirty inch plants.

3130041 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Georgia (aka Southern)

70 days — Traditional Southern variety that is heat and cold tolerant and slow to bolt. Non-heading, juicy blue-green wavy leaves will withstand light freezing which improves the cabbage-like flavor. Plants grow up to about three feet tall.

3130011 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Morris Heading

79 days — An old-time favorite with broad wavy leaves on tall, fast-growing plants that reach 36 inches tall. Slow to bolt.

3130021 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Vates

75 days — Large, upright, 24 inch tall, dark green leaves with a mild cabbage-like flavor. Used for boiling. It is bolt and frost resistant.

3130031 — 1 gram — \$ 2.15

Corn (Maize)

(*Zea mays*)

In Native American lore, maize was one of the *Three Sisters*. Along with beans and squash, the three sisters were planted and grown together, supporting each other through their life cycles and providing their cultivators with a balanced diet of carbohydrates, proteins and fats.

People today associate "eating corn" with modern, super sweet ears. Most varieties of corn can be eaten fresh while in the young "milk" stage. Others are grown to maturity, dried and used for popping, flour, meal and animal feed.

Big Daddy's (Dent-type)

80 to 120 days — A Pendergrass family heirloom from Hickman County, TN. Stalks reach 8-feet with two large, yellow ears. This is a roasting variety that is also used for grits, meal, and animal feed. About 70 seeds/oz.

3140101 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75

3140102 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95

Bloody Butcher (Dent-type)

120 days — Old variety grown in the U.S. since at least 1845. Stalks reach 10 to 12 feet tall with 2 to 6 ears per stalk. Kernels are solid or striped red on pink to red cobs. An occasional white ear may appear. Used for roasting or frying but generally used for flour or corn meal. About 100 seeds/oz.

3140141 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.95

Earth Tones (Dent-type)

95 days — Ears are 8 to 10 inches, colored in beautiful, muted, soft, earth-tones - gold, bronze, mauve, pink, green, browns, blues and shades in between. The kernels are not shiny like typical ornamental varieties. About 90 seeds/oz.

3140381 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75

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Floriani Red (Flint/Flour) {CNG}

95 days — Stalks are sturdy and reach ten feet. Ears are 6 to 7 inches long with 12 to 16 rows of medium to deep-red colored kernels that are lightly yellow-tipped and slightly pointed. An Italian heirloom used for grits, polenta, and corn meal. About 100 seeds/0.5 oz.

**3140431 — ½ ounce — \$ 2.75
3140442 — 2 ounces — \$ 5.75**

Glass Gem (Popcorn) {CNG}

105 days — An amazingly beautiful, translucent, multicolored corn. Colors are rare in the plant world, let alone all contained upon one ear of corn. Stalks are sturdy and erect reaching up to 10 feet. Primarily grown for its unique ornamental appeal, it can be popped or ground into cornmeal or flour. About 100 seeds/0.5 oz.

**3140441 — ½ ounce — \$ 3.75
3140442 — 2 ounces — \$ 8.25**

Golden Bantam (Sweet Corn)

78 days — A favorite since the early 20th Century. A farmer named William Chambers of Greenfield, MA grew this variety for years. After his death, his friend sold some of the seeds to W. Atlee Burpee who featured it in his 1902 catalog. Plants grow to 6 feet tall and produce 7 inch ears with sweet, plump, golden kernels. About 110 seeds/oz.

**3140031 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75
3140032 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95
3140033 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95**

Green & Gold (Dent-type)

100 days — Ground for feed or flour, but primarily grown by home gardeners and market growers for its unique, ornamental value. Green corn kernels are actually fairly uncommon. About 100 seeds/oz.

3140401 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75

Japanese Hulless (Popcorn)

85 days — A very old popcorn variety that has not lost its appeal to home gardeners. Dwarf in habit, plants reach about 5 feet tall. Each plant produces 2 to 3 ears per stalk. The ears are short and thick, about 4 inches long by 2 inches in diameter. Kernels are arranged irregularly on cob and are unusually tender, sweet, and pure white when popped. About 170 seeds/oz.

**3140171 — 1 ounce — \$ 3.25
3140172 — 2 ounces — \$ 4.60**

Miniature Colored (Popcorn)

105 days — Stalks grow to about 6 feet tall with 2 to 3 small, narrow, 3 to 5 inch, ears each. Kernels are shiny, often pearly in appearance, bright, and varying in color including red, yellow, black, gray, brown, purple, pink, blue, white and orange. About 200 seeds per ½ ounce.

3140371 — ½ ounce — \$ 3.25

Miniature Pink (Popcorn)

105 days — An old variety that grows 6 to 7 feet in height and produces 2 to 3 ears per stalk. The ears are small, narrow and average 3 to 5 inches in length. Shiny, bright kernels range from pink to mauve to light purple and often have a pearly appearance. About 190 seeds/0.5 oz.

3140351 — ½ ounce — \$ 3.25

Mosby Prolific (aka Moseby Prolific) (Dent-type)

100 days — Very prolific old white dent corn. Predates the 20th Century. Introduced by J. K. Mosby of Lockhart, MS. Although now fairly rare, it was once grown extensively for feed and silage, particularly in the Gulf States. About 110 seeds/oz.

3140261 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75

Oaxacan Green (Dent-type)

95 days — Kernels are shades of green on large ears. Fairly early maturing for a dent-type corn and has good vigor. The corn stocks reach about 7 feet in height and produce ears ranging between 7 to 10 inches in length. About 100 seeds/oz.

3140401 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75

Orchard Baby (Sweet Corn) {CNG}

65 days — Very early, short (3 to 5 feet tall) with two small, 5 to 6 inch ears that have 8 to 10 rows of sweet, yellow kernels. The flavor is delicious, tender, sweet, not starchy. About 80 seeds/packet.

3140191 — ½ ounce — \$ 3.75

Painted Mountain (Flint/Flour) [NEW]

80-100 days — Since the '70s, Dave Christensen has bred this, his life's work, in the harsh Montana mountains using heirloom maize varieties grown by northern Native American tribes for millennia. Can be eaten fresh or dried and ground for meal. The ears are beautiful and also used for decorations. About 85 seeds/oz.

**3140471 — ½ ounce — \$ 3.25
3140472 — 2 ounces — \$ 7.95**

Petmecky (Flint/Flour) [NEW]

95 days — A Victory Seed Co. introduction. This Texas family heirloom, with Native American roots, dates back to the 1840s. Beautiful, multi-colored ears are ornamental, can be eaten fresh, or dried and ground for flour and meal. About 85 seeds/oz.

**3140321 — ½ ounce — \$ 3.25
3140322 — 2 ounces — \$ 7.95**

Rainbow (Flint/Flour)

110 days — Has great colors for ornamental uses. Eaten like sweet corn when young but generally used for flour and meal. About 100 seeds/oz.

**3140051 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75
3140052 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95**

Reid's Yellow Dent (Dent-type)

115 days — Once the most popular corn variety in the corn belt. Large ears. Used for flour, meal and feed. After moving from Ohio to Tazwell County, IL in 1846, Robert Reid and son James developed this variety. About 90 seeds/oz.

**3140071 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75
3140072 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95
3140073 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95**

Although we are a small organization operating on a shoestring budget, we believe in community and charity. We donate to many programs and organizations and help out whenever we can. However, over the course of the year, we receive hundreds of requests and have implemented a formal procedure. You can read more about it at:

www.VintageVeggies.com/charity

Silvermine (Dent-type)

112 days — An old variety that was once common throughout the corn belt. The ears grow about 9 inches long and have 14 to 16 rows of large, white kernels. This is a roasting corn variety that is also used for grits, meal, and feed. About 65 seeds/oz.

3140241 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75

3140242 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95

3140243 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Silver King (aka Wisconsin No. 7) (Dent-type)

100 days — Not to be confused with the modern hybrid variety sold under the same name. 'Silver King' is an old roasting corn dating back to the early 20th Century. The ears grow 8 to 9 inches long and have 16 rows of white kernels. Also used for grits, meal and feed. About 70 seeds/oz.

3140251 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75

3140252 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95

3140253 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Stowell's Evergreen (Sweet Corn)

95 days — A home garden and market favorite since Nathan Stowell of NJ introduced it in 1848. A late season variety, yields 8-inch ears that have from 14 to 18 rows of sweet, white, tender kernels. Keeps longer than most which makes it one of the best heirloom varieties for table, canning and freezing. About 100 seeds/oz.

3140081 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75

3140082 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95

3140083 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Sunshine (Sweet Corn) {CNG}

75 days — Stalks grow 5 to 6 feet tall. It retains the good, old-time corn flavor of its Golden Bantam parentage but reaches fresh stage 3 to 10 days earlier. Ears are 6 to 8 inches long averaging 12 rows of golden yellow kernels. Originally released in 1927. About 50 seeds per packet.

3140151 — ½ ounce — \$ 3.75

3140152 — 2 ounces — \$ 8.25

Trucker's Favorite (Dent-type)

80 to 115 days — An old standard dent corn that produces 9-inch ears with 16 to 18 rows of tender, sweet white kernels making it a favorite roasting or frying corn. The plants are 6 to 7 feet tall. As with all field corn it is best picked in early milk stage (about 80 days) for eating fresh. A high yielding variety. About 75 seeds/oz.

3140091 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.75

3140092 — 2 ounces — \$ 3.95

As a small organization, we have very little to budget for advertising and marketing. We work hard to supply high quality seeds and to provide the best customer service possible.

We greatly appreciate your word of mouth recommendations to your family, friends, local garden writers, newspaper editors, etc. This is our main form of advertising. Thank you!

For more ways to help, please visit:

VintageVeggies.com/support.html

Cucumbers

(*Cucumis sativus*)

(Approximately 25 to 30 seeds/gram)

Cucumbers are heavy feeders and will benefit from well composted material being worked into the area that you are planting. Sow after the soil temperatures are above 70°F to 95°F. Plant seeds ½ to 1-inch deep, 6 inches between plants and in hills or rows 4 to 6 feet apart.

Addis

55 days — Fruits are dark-green with white spines, straight and cylindrical in shape, slightly rounded ends but tending to taper at the blossom end. Excellent processing variety. Introduced in 1976.

3160251 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Armenian (*C. melo, Flexuosus*)

60 days — Can reach 3 feet in length although they are best eaten when around 12-15 inches long. Its flavor is that of a mildly sweet cucumber with hints of melon undertones and aftertaste.

3160291 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Ashley

65 days — Early, productive with dark green, 7 to 8 inch long, tapered, fruits. An excellent slicing variety. Resistant to downy mildew, it does well in humid areas. Introduced in 1956.

3160171 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Boston Pickling Improved

55 days — Originally released about 1880, this improved strain is disease resistant. Dependable bearing over a long period. Plants have blocky, bright green fruits that are perfect for pickling.

3160161 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Chinese Curved Snake

70 days — Smooth, dark-green with white spines, 15 to 18 inch long, curved fruit on strong vines. Disease resistant.

3160221 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Delikatesse

60 days — Productive. Fruits are pale-green, warded and reach 10 inches. Excellent taste. Used for pickles when small and for slicing when larger.

3160131 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Homemade Pickle

55 days — A heavy producer of solid, crisp fruit. Can be harvested at two inches long or at full maturity at five inches.

3160021 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Lemon

60 days — Vigorous and productive variety. Fruits about the size and color of a lemon. Flesh is crispy white, sweet, and burpless. The fruit is ripe when it starts to turn yellow, but can be used green.

3160031 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Long Green Improved

65 days — Released in 1842, it was the most widely grown slicing and pickling variety for decades. Bred as a selection of 'Long Green Turkey' that predates 1778. A vigorous and

dependable variety with dark green fruits that are 10 to 12 inches long by 2½ to 3-inches in diameter.

3160191 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Marketer

65 days — Holds up very well in late spring heat. Fruits are dark green, uniform in shape and color, smooth and slender; 2-inches in diameter and 9-inches long. An AAS® winner in 1943.

3160201 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Marketmore 76

70 days — Developed by Dr. Munger of Cornell. The fruit are 8 to 9 inches long and dark green in color. They have a sweet mild flavor and are very disease resistant. Does well in cool climates.

3160051 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Muncher

65 days — Strong, vigorous vines that prolifically produce smooth, tender fruits that reach nine inches in length. Good slicer that does not get bitter and is burpless. Mosaic resistant.

3160061 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

National Pickling

58 days — Fruit are straight, medium green, black-spined, and average 1¼ by six inches in size. You can start picking at about two inches. The vigorous vines are very productive. Introduced in 1924.

3160241 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Poinsett 76

70 days — Released in 1976. An excellent slicer, averages 8½ inches long by 2½ inches in diameter when mature. Flesh is crisp, white and tender.

3160071 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Rhinish Pickle

55 days — An old German pickling variety. Fruits are crunchy, have small bumps and black spines. Harvest at about 4-inches. Excellent for salads and slicing.

3160211 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Snow's Fancy Pickling {CNG}

60 days — Harvested at 5-inches, they have a nice, sweet crunch. Although a pickling variety, they are great in salads. Keep picking to encourage more fruit production.

3160271 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Spacemaster 80

60 days — Dwarf plants, resistant to mildew, scab and mosaic virus. Heavy producer of 8-inch fruit that are tasty and not bitter.

3160141 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Straight-8 (aka Straight Eight)

63 days — Vigorous and productive plants; dark green, cylindrical, blunt ended, 7 to 8 inch long fruits. A good slicing variety. Released and an AAS® winner in 1935.

3160081 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Sumter

55 days — The fruits are a medium-green color with white spines, blocky and slightly tapered. Well adapted for many parts of the country and excellent as both a home or market garden variety.

3160261 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Tendergreen Burpless

55 days — Burpless type, light green, white spines, 7 to 12 inches long, blocky, sweet, not bitter, tender flesh, good for slicing or pickling. Resistant to downy and powdery mildew.

3160281 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

West Indian Gherkin (*Cucumis anguria*) {CNG}

65 days — Small, one inch by two inch oval fruit look like large burrs on vines with leaves that look like watermelon plants. Used for centuries to make small pickles and relishes. Believed to have originated in Africa and taken to the West Indies during the slave trade. Introduced in 1806. Rare.

3160151 — 1 gram — \$ 2.65

White Wonder

60 days — Popular for slicing and pickling. The fruit is normally 4 to 6 inches long and white colored. Great flavor and texture.

3160091 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Zarnitsa {CNG}

70 days — A good, early, reliable pickling variety from Belarus. Fruits are four to five inches long, dark green with black spikes.

3160231 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25



Eggplant

(Solanum melongena var esculentum)
(Approximately 25 seeds/¼ gram)

Eggplant typically does best in areas that have a warm and consistent growing season. Its growing requirements are similar to peppers and tomatoes. Start seeds indoors in pots 6 to 8 weeks before your last expected frost date.

Black Beauty

80 days — Dark purple, egg-shaped fruits that are 4 to 6 inches long, are borne well off of the ground, on medium sized plants.

3170011 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.95

Diamond

70 days — Originally from the Ukraine, they reach about 2-feet tall producing beautiful, dark purple fruits best harvested at 6 to 9 inches in length. Pale green flesh that is mild and rarely bitter.

3170051 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.95

Florida Market

90 days — Grows very tall, up to 38 inches, and produce large, purple, bell-shaped fruits. A popular variety in the southern U.S. Introduced in 1948.

3170041 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.95

Please join us in preserving horticultural biodiversity by choosing to garden with Victory Seeds®



Long Purple

80 days — Italian-type. 24 to 30 inch plants produce four or more fruits that are dark purple, 2½ inches in diameter and 8 to 10 inches long.

3170031 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.95

Thai Green

80 days — Plants have soft spines, grow 2 to 3-feet tall, and produce light green, elongated, 10 to 12-inch long fruit. Their flesh is white with a pleasant, mild flavor. Good yielding heirloom.

3170061 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.95



Endive, Escarole, Chicory & Radicchio

(Approximately 450 seeds/gram)

Although considered a salad essential in Europe, America is only recently adopting these garden herbs. The leaves are used as an addition to a green salad, their slightly bitter taste adding an interesting flavor dimension.

The forcing varieties are grown through the summer season and then trimmed to one inch from the root crown about three weeks before the first frost. The regrowth during this cooler weather is what is harvested. In areas with colder winter climates or with the slower maturing varieties, indoor forcing will be required. The extra effort yields a wonderful fresh winter salad green.

Broadleaf Batavian Endive (Escarole)

(*Cichorium endiva*) 85 days — Dating back to the 1860s, the leaves are lettuce-like, large, broad, and reach 12 to 16 inches tall.

3180061 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Castelfranco (aka Radicchio Castelfranco)

(*Cichorium intybus*) 85 days — Italian heirloom. Loose heads, up to 4 inches across with rounded, ruffled, tender, slightly bitter leaves that are light colored and variegated with red spots and stripes. Best sown in early spring for baby greens, or mid-to-late summer for an autumn harvest of heads.

3180081 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Frisée Endive (aka Curly Endive)

(*Cichorium endiva var. crispum*) 75 days — The loose heads of frilly, lacy, finely cut leaves are mainly used as a salad green imparting a slightly bitter flavor. Blanch by tying the heads with string or a rubber band, which results in a milder flavor.

3180091 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Full Heart Batavian Endive (Escarole)

(*Cichorium endiva*) 90 days — Tasty, large, thick, dark-green leaves, compact head, easy blanching. AAS® winner in 1934.

3180011 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Green Curled Ruffec Endive

(*Cichorium endiva*) 75 to 100 days — An old variety that is hardy and resistant to cold, wet weather. Can be sown in summer or autumn. The deeply cut, dark green leaves blanch easily.

3180041 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Palla Rossa Radicchio (Italian Chicory)

(*Cichorium intybus*) 90 days — An old, non-forcing, Italian radicchio-type chicory. Tight heads grow up to 4 inches, have dark-green outer leaves, red inner leaves, and white ribs. Best sown in early spring for baby greens, or in mid-to-late summer for an autumn harvest. Requires protection from the sun for best results.

3180101 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Rosso di Treviso Radicchio (aka Red Treviso)

(*Cichorium intybus*) 85 days — Famous radicchio-type chicory from Treviso, Italy. A non-heading type producing long, slender, crisp green leaves in summer, turning deep-red with the cool autumn temps. Tart, and slightly bitter tasting. Can over-winter for a spring harvest or be used for forcing.

3180111 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Rossa di Verona Radicchio

(*Cichorium intybus*) 90 days — Compact, round, solid heads with heart-shaped, deep red leaves. Used sparingly to add a bite to salads or cooked.

3180071 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Salad King Endive

(*Cichorium endiva*) 90 days — Well adapted for the Western United States, it is giant, vigorous, resists bolting, tip burn and frost. The outer leaves are tied to blanch a heart up to two feet in height. Introduced in 1957.

3180031 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Witloof Chicory (aka Belgian Endive)

(*Cichorium endiva*) 60 to 160 days — Traditionally used as a forcing variety but is also quite fine when grown as a standard salad green.

3180051 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85



Gourds

(*Lagenaria siceraria* cultivars unless otherwise noted)

(Approximately 6 seeds/gram)

Gourds have similar growing requirements to squash. Unless trellised, they require large amounts of space, full sun and a long growing season. The fruits are not typically grown for food but instead for ornamental and practical uses. Gourds have been used for thousands of years as containers, vessels and bowls.

Birdhouse Gourd

125 days — Large, bottle-shaped fruits that can be dried and used as decorations or birdhouses. Matures very late in the season. Sow early or start indoors in peat pots.

3200011 — 3 grams — \$ 2.15

Bushel Gourd

120 days — Requires a long season and a lot of space for the fruits to reach full size. With a little care, you should be able to get fruits at least the size of a basketball.

3200021 — 3 grams — \$ 2.50

Have an idea of about something we could do better? Please email us and let us know.

Cucuzzi (aka Italian Edible Gourd)

75 days — Similar to vining type summer squash in growth habit with pretty, evening blooming flowers. Mature fruits are very ornamental. They will reach 3 feet in length and 3 inches in diameter, however, harvest at about 6-inches when they are tender and use like summer squash. Try sautéed in olive oil with garlic and basil and finished off with a sprinkling of Parmesan cheese.

3200031 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Longhandle Dipper

120 days — Also used for birdhouses, the neck is very long and makes a perfect handle when dried and cut as a dipper.

3200041 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Luffa Sponge (aka Dishrag Gourd or Vegetable Sponge) (*Luffa aegyptiaca*) 130 days — Requires a very long, hot growing season, so start the plants indoors. Fruits are 12 to 15 inches long but can reach 30. When young (under 6 inches) can be eaten like zucchini. When mature and dried, they are peeled, cleaned and used as sponges.

3200051 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Spoon (Cucurbita pepo var ovifera)

100 days — Its fruits are fairly small, 5 to 6 inches long, have a narrow curved neck with a 3-inch bulb, and are bi-colored orange and green. Flowers are yellow and not white.

3200061 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95


Kale

(*Brassica oleracea* var. *sabellica*)
(Approximately 250 seeds/gram)

Kale still grows wild along much of the European coastline, is also known as Borecole, and is a non-heading cabbage. Kale, unlike collards, is a cool weather crop and not very tolerant of heat.

Dwarf Blue Curled Scotch

60 days — Finely curled, bluish green leaves, low growing at 12 to 15 inches tall with a spread of 24 to 30 inches. Hardy.

3210011 — 1 gram — \$ 2.10

Dwarf Siberian Improved

65 days — The plants reach about fifteen inches in height and have large, frilled leaves that are bluish-green in color.

3210041 — 1 gram — \$ 2.10

Lacinato (aka Dinosaur Kale or Tuscan Kale)

(*B. oleracea* var. *palmifolia*) 90 days — A primitive kale with dark bluish-green, long, narrow, deeply savoyed leaves. Plants reach 2 to 3 feet tall. Cold hardy, the flavors become more complex and sweeter after a hard frost.

3210051 — 1 gram — \$ 2.10

Premier (aka Early Hanover)

65 days — When tender and young, it is good fresh in salads as a more nutritional alternative to lettuce. Also good as a cooked green or roasted with a little olive oil and course salt. It lasts a

couple of weeks longer into the summer (does not bolt to seed as fast) than other similar varieties.

3210061 — 1 gram — \$ 2.10

Russian Red

60 days — The red frilly leaves have purple veins and an excellent flavor. Introduced into Canada by Russian traders in about 1885. Frost tolerant.

3210031 — 1 gram — \$ 2.10


Kohl Rabi

(*Brassica oleracea* var. *gongylodes*)
(Approximately 450 to 500 seeds/gram)

If you have never tried eating a Kohl Rabi and you like fresh, raw turnips, you are in for a treat. Unlike a turnip, the "globe" develops on top of the soil making them resistant to soil borne maggot damage. The outer layer of the skin is peeled and the flesh is eaten either raw or cooked. Young leaves are excellent as greens. More info and recipes can be found on our website.

Delicatesse, Blue

60 days — Similar to 'Early Purple Vienna' except slightly more uniform and disease resistant.

3220031 — 1/2 gram — \$ 1.85

Delicatesse, White

60 days — Similar to 'Early White Vienna' except slightly more uniform and disease resistant.

3220041 — 1/2 gram — \$ 1.85

Early Purple Vienna

55 days — The bulbs have a purplish hue and the tender flesh is greenish-white.

3220011 — 1/2 gram — \$ 1.85

Early White Vienna

55 days — The flesh is very sweet and mild, creamy-white in color and tasting like a mild turnip.

3220021 — 1/2 gram — \$ 1.85


Leeks

(*Allium ampeloprasum*)
(Approximately 350 seeds/gram)

Refer to **Onions** for growing notes.

Broad London (aka American Flag)

130 days — Thick sturdy stalks with pearly-white bulbs. Popular main season variety.

3230021 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Carantan

100 days — Carantan is an old European variety that is hardy and suitable for fall and winter use. They are very productive with nice white stems and bases.

3230031 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Musselburgh

150 days — Very large and hardy, tender white, mild flavored stalks, with fan-shaped leaves that are dark green in color. Over-winters well.

3230041 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Lettuce

(*Lactuca sativa*)

(Approximately 500 to 600 seeds/gram)

Lettuce can be planted in average soil in early to mid spring and again in late summer. Cover the seeds with ½ inch of fine soil then firm lightly. You can either seed in a bed or in rows. Successive plantings will extend your harvest. Keep the soil moist. Germination should occur in 7 to 14 days. Lettuce can also be started in flats.

Thin seedlings as required so that crowding is not restricting growth. Final spacing is about twelve inches — the leaves from one plant should just touch the next. Thinnings are good for an early salad. Control weeds by mulching or periodic cultivation. Lettuce thrives in cooler weather.

All Year Round (aka All the Year Round)

(Butterhead-type) 70 days — Medium sized heads stay firm and solid even in hot weather. Can be sown in most locations from March through August for a nearly "year-round" harvest. Does well in both hot and cooler locations.

3240201 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Black Seeded Simpson (Leaf-type)

45 days — Large, upright, compact, plants with light green, wide curled leaves. Very early, dependable and productive. Tolerant of heat, drought and some frost. It is slow to bolt and can be planted in early spring to early summer.

3240031 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Bronze Mignonette (Butterhead-type)

65 days — Plants are small and compact, have green-on-bronze, frilled leaves with hearts that are creamy colored. Introduced in 1898, it is slow to bolt and suitable for hot weather.

3240111 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Buttercrunch (Bibb-type)

60 days — Long lasting, heat tolerant, dark green with reddish tints. The heads are rosette shaped with thick leaves. Introduced by Cornell University and an AAS® winner in 1963.

3240011 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Cimarron (Romaine, Cos-type)

70 days — Sow in the spring or late summer. The medium sized heads stay firm and solid even in hot weather. Does well in the North.

3240211 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Great Lakes 118 (Head-type)

70 to 90 days — The heads are large with slightly crumpled, thick, broad, glossy leaves. It is widely adapted, very hardy and resistant to scald and tip burn. Introduced in 1948.

3240221 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Great Lakes 659 (Head-type)

80 to 90 days — The heads are large with slightly crumpled, thick, broad, glossy leaves. It is widely adapted, very hardy and resistant to scald and tip burn. Introduced in 1948.

3240221 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Green Ice (Leaf-type)

45 to 60 days — Heavily-savoyed, glossy, dark-green leaves. Exceptionally crisp and slow to bolt. Bred and introduced by W. Atlee Burpee Co. in 1973. Although the PVP expired in 1990, it has the distinction of being the first plant ever patented.

3240271 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Hanson Improved (Head-type)

70 days — This variety was released prior to 1855. The heads are large, yellowish-green with frilled leaves and white hearts. Does well in heat.

3240081 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Iceberg (Head-type)

82 days — Medium size, light green with a tinge of brown, tightly folded, crinkled. Crisp white interior with a fine flavor.

3240021 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Kagrainer Sommer (Butterhead-type)

58 days — A good mid-season variety as it is slow to bolt in the summer heat. Heads are light green and medium sized. Originally from Germany.

3240191 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Little Gem (Butterhead-type)

65 days — Small, five inch heads that are heat tolerant, have excellent flavor and texture; Sweet and crunchy.

3240181 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Lollo Bionda (Leaf-type)

50-70 days — Beautiful bright, lime-green, frilly leaves that are loose, deeply curled and crinkled, tender, and with a very tasty, mild flavor. Can be sown in spring or fall in most areas and is a "cut and come again" type.

3240291 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Lollo Rosso (Leaf-type)

60 days — The leaves are a beautiful magenta color with a light green base, deeply curled with a very mild flavor. It can be sown in spring or fall in most areas and is a "cut and come again" type.

3240091 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Merveille de Quatre Saisons (Bibb-type)

40 days — This French heirloom, as the name suggests, is marvelous. Ruby red-tipped leaves that surround tight-folded green hearts. Does great through summer heat and can withstand down to 20°F in a sealed greenhouse.

3240101 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Oak Leaf (Leaf-type)

40 days — Early variety, tender and long standing. Its leaves are heat resistant, dark green and not bitter.

3240041 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Parris Island Cos (Romaine, Cos-type)

66 days — Uniform heads are tall and erect. Interior is pale-green to cream and the outer leaves are dark, gray, green. Named after the island off of South Carolina. Released in 1952 by Clemson/AES and the USDA.

3240061 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Order online and earn Victory Points™!

Prizehead (Leaf-type)

55 days — Despite the name, it is a non-heading, leaf lettuce. The leaves are upright, deeply curled, broad, and light green with bronze margins. It is an attractive plant, fast growing, never bitter and is not very quick to bolt.

3240121 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Red Romaine (Romaine, Cos-type)

70 days — A gourmet variety that adds color and tartness to a tossed salad. The leaf colors vary from green to deep red to bronze and develop darker in cool weather. Introduced in 1950, reportedly from a selection of an African variety.

3240241 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Ruby (Leaf-type)

50 to 60 days — A beautiful leaf lettuce . Intense red color that holds under conditions where color fades in many other red cultivars. Introduced in 1957 and was an AAS® winner in 1958.

3240251 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Rouge d'Hiver (Romaine-type)

65 days — Large, broad leaves vary in color from green to bronze to red and are sweet flavored. Very attractive and an old European heirloom variety from the 1800s.

3240131 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Salad Bowl, Green (Leaf-type)

50 days — Light green, long wavy leaves are slow to bolt. Does not get bitter in hot weather. An AAS® winner and introduced in 1952.

3240051 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Salad Bowl, Red (Leaf-type)

50 days — Similar to Green Salad Bowl except for the reddish-bronze color. Very decorative plant and is slow to bolt allowing for a long harvest. Introduced in 1955.

3240141 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Tango (Leaf-type)

50 days — Extremely frilly leaves look almost like endive. Plants are attractive, uniform, and dark green in color. Leaves are tangy and tender. You can use young leaves in a "cut and come again" fashion or wait until they mature into compact, tight, rosettes. Grows best as a cool season crop. It can become bitter in hot weather.

3240261 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Tom Thumb (Butterhead-type)

70 days — Very compact plants with small, tennis ball sized heads. The leaves are medium green, slightly crumpled with creamy yellow centers. Dating back to the 1830s, it is one of the oldest American varieties still available. Does well in containers indoors and out.

3240151 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Waldmann's Green (Leaf-type)

50 days — Large frilled leaves. The plants are productive and uniform and do well in the garden or greenhouse.

3240161 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Saving rare, threatened, heritage seeds for over 19 years! Thank you for your continued support.

Wayahead (Butterhead-type)

65 to 80 days — Medium-sized, compact, buttery heads of savoyed, vibrant green leaves with tender, cream color hearts. An exceptionally early variety that thrives when grown for a Spring or Fall harvest. Introduced by W. Atlee Burpee in 1908.

3240281 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

White Boston (Butterhead-type)

70 days — Large tight heads allow the large hearts to be blanched a bright, creamy, butter-yellow color. Up to 12-inches across, uniform, solid and firm yet tender; light-green in color. An excellent all season variety that is also well-suited for forcing.

3240301 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Winter Density (Romaine-type)

65 days — The heads of this variety are dark-green, heavy and compact reaching ten inches. They are slow to bolt and tolerant of some frost making it suitable for summer and winter gardens.

3240171 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95



Melons

Plant seeds directly into the garden after the last chance of frost for your area. Seeds will not germinate in cold soil so wait until soil temp is at least 65°F at four inches in depth. For an earlier harvest, seeds can be started in peat pots and **carefully** transplanted.

Melons are a warm-season crop and require full sun and a lot of room. Plants should be 5 to 6 feet apart in rows that are spaced 6 to 8 feet from each other. They will benefit from rich, healthy, well-drained soils. Work in plenty of well composted organic matter in early spring in preparation of planting a patch. Hand watering or drip irrigation is preferred. Water so that the soil is moistened to a depth of at least six inches; especially during fruit set and development.

Cantaloupe & Muskmelon

(*Cucumis melo*)

(Approximately 25 to 35 seeds/gram)

Altaiskaya {CNG}

75 days — The plants have short vines, are productive with small (2 to 4 pounds), oval-shaped fruits. The rinds are finely netted with flesh that is yellowish-orange, fragrant, and tasty. From Siberia.

3250571 — 1/4 gram — \$ 2.25

Amarillo Oro

100 days — A very old melon pre-dating 1870 originating in Spain. Productive plants. Fruits have golden-yellow rinds and sweet, creamy green to slightly salmon colored flesh. Reaches 15 pounds.

3250521 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Ananas (aka Pineapple and Sharlyn)

110 days — An old variety that dates back to at least the 1800s. Vines are large with fruit that are oblong and average about five pounds. The flesh is soft, sweet and juicy and creamy white to slightly salmon colored at maturity.

3250531 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Banana

90 days — Pre-dates 1880. Fruits are an interesting, elongated shape, pinched at the ends and weigh about five pounds. The yellow skin is mostly smooth with very little netting. It resembles a giant (18 to 24 inch long) banana.

3250511 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Burrell's Jumbo

82 days — A selection made from 'Hale's Best' by D. V. Burrell for large fruit. Suited for both home and market gardeners. Netted melons weigh up to 5 pounds with thick, sweet, salmon-colored flesh.

3250091 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Canary Yellow

95 days — Plants are vigorous with pear-shaped, 4 to 6 pound fruit that have tough, bright, light-yellow skin that is slightly wrinkled with sweet, pale green flesh. A popular old European variety; they are very late maturing but keep well into winter.

3250591 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Charentais Cantaloupe

85 days — A true cantaloupe from the French region of Charentais. Fruits are 5 inches in diameter weighing about 2 pounds. Rinds are smooth, thin skinned, maturing to a creamy color. Salmon colored flesh, very fragrant and tasty.

3250541 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Eden Gem

90 days — Introduced in 1881. The green-fleshed melons weigh 2 to 3 pounds, are heavily netted, slightly ribbed and prolific.

3250111 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Edisto 47

90 days — Oval fruits that are finely netted, with light ribs and weigh about 4 pounds. They have orange flesh with a small seed cavity. Does well in hot, humid conditions. Introduced in 1957.

3250021 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Hale's Best Jumbo

85 days — Large (3½ to 5 pounds each), oval shaped melons with heavy netting and thick, salmon-orange colored flesh.

3250031 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Hearts of Gold (aka Hoodoo)

90 days — Fruits are nearly round, weigh 2 to 3 pounds, deep-orange, sweet, fragrant flesh. Heavily netted, medium ribbed, on vines that are vigorous and productive. Introduced in about 1895.

3250461 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Honey Rock

80 days — Fruits are up to 6 inches around with a tough, coarsely netted skin and sweet, flavorful salmon colored flesh. Plants are vigorous and are Fusarium wilt resistant. Introduced in 1925 and an AAS® winner in 1933.

3250141 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Honeydew, Green Flesh

115 days — Smooth, creamy white skin with lime-green flesh that is incredibly sweet. Small seed cavity. Typically 7 to 9 inches long and 5 to 6 inches in diameter weighing 3 to 6 pounds.

3250471 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Honeydew, Orange Flesh

110 days — Smooth, creamy white skin with nice light orange flesh that is incredibly sweet. Small seed cavity. Typically 7 to 9 inches long and 5 to 6 inches in diameter weighing 3 to 6 pounds.

3250481 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Iroquois

85 days — Fruits are round to slightly oval, thick, with deep orange flesh and weigh from 5 to 7 pounds. The first variety resistant to fusarium wilt. Introduced in 1944.

3250551 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Long John

85 days — Small, oval shaped, 6 to 8 inches in length, averaging 2 to 3 pounds, with fairly prominent ribbing and heavy netting. Flesh is firm, juicy, aromatic, sweet, and light-green color with a pale pink blush around their seed cavity.

3250691 — ½ gram — \$ 2.25

Minnesota Midget

70 days — Very early maturing. Small, 5 to 6 inch fruits, weighing up to one pound with a delicious flavor. Fruit slips from vine when ripe. Developed at the University of Minnesota and introduced by Farmer's Seed Company around 1948.

3250351 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Old Time Tennessee

100 days — Fruits average 12 pounds, 12 to 16 inches in length, and are football-shaped. Pick and eat at peak ripeness. A garden-to-table melon.

3250081 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Piel de Sapo

100 days — The shiny, green, blotched skin fits the literal translation of its name perfectly — "toad skin." Fruits are 8 to 12 inches, oblong, and average 8 pounds each. Their flesh is pale green to white and it is very tender, juicy and sweet. Relatively rare, the variety originated in Spain.

3250561 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Pike {CNG}

80 days — Fruits are heavily netted, weigh 3 to 6 pounds, have light-orange colored flesh that is fragrant, juicy and sweet. An Oregon heirloom.

3250671 — ½ gram — \$ 2.25

Planter's Jumbo

88 days — Vigorous, mildew resistant vines do well in drought or high rainfall. Fruits have a firm rind with light ribs and thick, orange flesh, and average 4 to 5 pounds each. Selected in 1954

3250161 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Schoon's Hardshell (aka New Yorker)

90 days — Very hard rinds, almost round, weigh up to 8 pounds. Flesh is sweet, very tasty, apricot-colored and maintains its flavor and texture days after harvesting. Introduced in the early 1940s.

3250151 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Tendral Verde Tardif

100 days — The fruits are oblong in shape, have dark-green rinds, and very sweet, light-green flesh. Matures very late and ripeness is difficult to detect. They are a popular winter melon in Europe.

3250251 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

Tip Top (aka Livingston's Tip Top Nutmeg)

100 days — Fruits are large, 6 to 8 pounds, round to oblong shaped, distinctly ribbed and lightly netting. Flesh is a deep salmon color, very thick and sweet. You can just about eat it down to the outside rind. Introduced in 1892.

3250341 — ½ gram — \$ 2.25

Top Mark (aka Topmark)

90 days — The tough rind protects the fruit from bruising. May be picked at full slip stage of maturity. The oval fruits average 3 to 3½ pounds and measure 5 by 5½ inches. Flesh is sweet, deep salmon colored with a small seed cavity.

3250251 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25

**Watermelon**

(*Citrullus lanatus*)

Arikara {CNG}

80 days — Small (about 5 inches in diameter) fruits have dark rinds and good tasting, sweet, pink flesh. Small size makes them attractive as personal watermelons. About 10 seeds/gram.

3250391 — 1 gram — \$ 2.45

Black Diamond

90 days — This old standard variety generally reaches the 30 to 50 pound range. The fruit is slightly oblong with prominent creases, and dark skin. The flesh is dark red with large grayish seeds. About 8 seeds/gram.

3250404 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Charleston Gray No. 133

90 days — The rinds are tough, grayish green with darker veining, oblong shaped with rounded ends, dark red flesh and reaching 20 to 40 pounds in weight. Released in 1954. About 10 seeds/gram.

3250401 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Congo

100 days — The rind is tough, medium green with darker stripes, cylindrical in shape with blunt ends. Can reach 12 inches by 25 inches and up to 50 pounds. Excels in the Southeastern U.S. and has medium-red colored flesh with very high sugar content. 1950 AAS® winner. About 12 seeds/gram.

3250171 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Crimson Sweet

88 days — The fruits are light-green with dark-green stripes and average about 25 pounds. The flesh is dark red and very sweet. 1964 AAS® winner. About 20 seeds/gram.

3250411 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Dixie Queen

90 days — Fruits are light green with dark green stripes, are generally round but can be oblong, and reach 40 pounds. The flesh is pink, crisp and sweet. Released by Johnson & Stokes Seed Company in about 1890. About 10 seeds/gram.

3250491 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Early Crimson Treat {CNG}

85 days — A small, round, icebox-type melon that reaches up to ten pounds. The skin is striped light

and dark green with the flesh being very sweet and bright red in color. About 25 seeds/gram.

3250181 — 1 gram — \$ 2.45

Florida Giant

90 days — Fruits are nearly round, 15 or more inches in diameter, and can reach 60 pounds. The skin is smooth, thick and tough and a dark green color. The flesh of these watermelons is bright red, firm and sweet. About 8 seeds/gram.

3250501 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Garisonian

90 days — Large in size with a hard rind and sweet, rose colored flesh. Well adapted for the Southern and Eastern U.S. melon markets. Introduced in 1957. About 12 seeds/gram.

3250431 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Georgia Rattlesnake

90 days — An old Southern variety dating back to at least the mid-1800s. Vines are productive with large (up to 30 pound), light green with irregular, dark-green striped fruits. The flesh is bright-scarlet, crisp and sweet. About 12 seeds/gram.

3250441 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Iopride (aka Pride of Iowa)

100 days — Fruits are dark green with darker green stripes, oblong and blocky with sweet, bright-red flesh and a high sugar content. Resistant to Fusarium wilt and Anthracnose (race 1). Has become quite rare. Released in 1957 by the U. of Iowa. About 16 seeds/gram.

3250431 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Kleckley's Sweet (aka Monte Cristo)

85 days — Fruit is oblong, dark green in color, weigh up to 40 pounds. Very sweet, dark red flesh with a stringless heart and large, white seeds. About 10 seeds/gram.

3250201 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Klondike Blue Ribbon Stripe

85 days — A very sweet, scarlet colored flesh with no strings, the fruit has a thin, but tough rind and can weigh up to 30 pounds. About 18 seeds/gram.

3250211 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Mabry's Yellow {CNG}

100 days — Fine-grained, crisp, wonderful, orange flesh that is juicy and amazingly sweet. A family heirloom from Cobb County, GA and introduced in 2016. About 10 seeds/gram.

3250681 — 2 grams — \$ 2.45

Moon & Stars

100 days — Both its leaves and the fruit are speckled with bright yellow (stars) with at least one larger patch (moon). About 10 seeds/gram.

3250051 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Mountain Sweet [NEW]

95 days — Fruits are slightly oblong, medium-green with darker stripes intermingled with mottled shades of green in color. Average 40-60 pounds. The flesh is solid, red and has a real nice, sweet taste. An old variety dating back to the 1800s. About 10 seeds/gram.

3250301 — 2 grams — \$ 2.45

Orange Flesh Tendersweet

90 days — The fruit of this melon are oblong in shape, roughly 12 inches in diameter by 18 inches in length weighing between 35 and 40 pounds. The rinds are medium thick, light green with flesh that is a deep orange and high in sugar content. About 13 seeds/gram.

3250061 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Sugar Baby

84 days — The best and most popular small or icebox melon around. One of the sweetest and earliest melons with very small seeds. Fairly tough, thin rinds which store well. About 24 seeds/gram.

3250071 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

3250072 — 4 grams — \$ 3.65

Tom Watson

95 days — A pre-1900 variety that was very popular with home gardeners as well as market growers. The fruits are large, up to 40 pounds, with sweet, crisp dark-red flesh. The tough rind allows it to ship well. About 10 seeds/gram.

3250221 — 2 grams — \$ 1.85

Will's Sugar

90 days — Nearly round, 12-inches in diameter and 10 to 12 pounds. Flesh is juicy, sweet, pink to red with almost black seeds. Introduced by the Oscar Will Seed Co. in 1888. About 18-20 seeds/gram.

3250371 — 1 gram — \$ 2.45

Winter Queen {CNG}

90 days — Ripens to a pale yellow color with light-crimson flesh. The fruits are nearly round, about ten inches in diameter, and weigh 20 to 25 pounds. About 10 seeds/gram.

3250581 — 2 grams — \$ 2.45



Mustard Greens

(Brassica juncea)

(Approximately 350 to 450 seeds/gram)

Sow seeds $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, 2 to 3 seeds per inch, in rows 18 inches apart. Cover with loose soil. Avoid disease by not planting where other Brassica plants (cole crops) have grown in the past year.

Start harvesting by thinning young plants to about six inches apart. As the plants grow, continue culling plants until they are 12 inches apart. Continue to harvest larger outer leaves as needed.

Mustard bolts rapidly as days lengthen in spring. It is important to plant as early as possible and make sure that the plants have plenty of nitrogen.

Florida Broad Leaf

50 days — Semi-upright plants with oval, 8 inch dark green leaves. Very vigorous.

3260011 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Giant Southern Curled

60 days — An old favorite. Large oval leaves with fringing of the edges. Slow to bolt.

3260021 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Greenwave

50 days — Large, upright plants with dark green, spineless, finely cut and deeply fringed leaves with a spicy flavor. Slow to bolt. Lasts up to four weeks longer than other mustards. AAS® winner in 1957.

3260041 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Mizuna

30 days — A cold-hardy Japanese variety. Plant growth is vigorous and swift allowing for multiple harvests of thin and frilly-edged leaves. Flavor is slightly peppery, yet notably mild for a mustard. Often used in salad mixes or lightly braised.

3260091 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Old Fashioned (aka Hen Pecked)

50 days — Plants reach 2 feet and produce medium-sized, long ruffled leaves. Regarded as one of the tastiest mustard greens and has remained very popular.

3260071 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Osaka Purple

40 days — Plants grow 12 to 14 inches tall with large, broad, reddish-purple leaves. Young leaves are tender, mild, and flavorful. Flavors become more pungent as it matures. Originated in Japan.

3260081 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Red Giant

45 days — Large, tender, deep purplish-red savoyed leaves with a strong mustard taste. Slow bolting variety. Good pickled.

3260051 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Tatsoi (Spinach Mustard or Rosette Bok Choy)

45 days — Beautiful and one of the easiest Asian greens to raise. Plants grow into a flat rosette formed by spoon-shaped, shiny dark green leaves with pale stalks and veins. Leaves are used like spinach, as salad greens, or lightly cooked. Mild, but distinctive mustard flavor. Can withstand temperatures down to 15°F (-10°C).

3260061 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Tendergreen

45 days — Dark green, shiny leaves with smooth edges. A heavy producer.

3260031 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Read what folks have written about how we have taken care of them.

The Garden Watchdog

davesgarden.com/products/gwd/c/136/

As a preservation organization, we strive for accuracy and take pride in the volume of original research we are able to perform with our limited resources.

Our website features photographs and descriptive information based on our actual farm results, and where available, from historical documentation as well. If you are interested in the histories and pedigrees of the seeds you sow, check out our website.

Okra

(*Abelmoschus esculentus*)

(Approximately 14 to 17 seeds/gram)

Okra or "Gumbo," has been used for thousands of years. It originated in Northeast Africa and spread into the Eastern Mediterranean regions. It was brought to Brazil in the mid-1600s and it is likely that the French colonists of Louisiana introduced it to America.

Popular in the Southern United States, it is served breaded and fried, or as an ingredient in soups, stews or relishes. Okra is a typical ingredient of Cajun and Creole dishes.

Pods are harvested young before they are too large and fibrous. Harvest often to increase production and use immediately. Four to six plants are usually plenty for most families.

Okra likes fertile, well-composted soil and needs moisture and warmth to thrive. Soak seeds overnight before directly sowing into warm soil or start indoors 3 to 4 weeks prior to your last expected frost. Be careful not to damage the roots during transplanting. Okra typically has no problems with disease or pests but it is very sensitive to frost.

Burgundy

60 days — The plants are attractive and reach 4 to 5 feet with burgundy stems and leaf ribs producing high yields of burgundy pods that are tender to 6 inches. An AAS® winner in 1988.

3270031 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Clemson Spineless 80

55 days — One of the most popular okra varieties. The plants reach 3 to 5 feet developing deep-green, straight and spineless ribbed 6 to 9 inch pods. Released by Clemson University in 1980.

3270041 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Dwarf Green Long Pod

52 days — The pods are fleshy, ribbed and dark green developing to 7 to 8 inches long and one inch wide. Plants grow 24 to 30 inches high. Pods can be used boiled, fried, in soups or frozen.

3270021 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Emerald

55 days — Bred by the Campbell Soup Company. The pods are thick walled, round, slender, long, spineless, and a deep green color. The plants are semi-dwarf with large leaves. Introduced in 1950.

3270071 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Mama Payton's {CNG} [NEW]

70 days — A 2017 Victory Seed Co. introduction. Plants grow from 6 to 12-feet tall producing huge, tasty pods. An old family heirloom sent in to us by Brian Payton of Georgia. His grandparents, Arthur and Carrie Payton, were married in 1917 and were given the seed shortly thereafter. They raised this one variety of okra exclusively; A tradition carried on in the Payton family ever since.

3270111 — 1 gram — \$ 2.35

Perkins Long Pod

55 days — Pods are bright green, 4 to 6 inches long on strong plants that can reach 6 feet tall. For pickling, canning and used in soups and gumbo.

3270081 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Onions

(*Allium cepa*)

(Approximately 200 seeds/gram)

Consider your geographical location as you select a variety. There are three main types — **short**, **intermediate** and **long day** varieties. Onions require a specific balance of daylight to darkness to develop properly.

Short day varieties are recommended for the Southern U.S. where temperatures are typically warmer year round. They will make bulbs earlier in the year with only 10 to 12 hours of daylight.

Intermediate day onions typically need 12 to 14 hours of daylight to trigger the bulbing process. They are generally suited for most areas.

The long day varieties are best suited for the north as they need 14 to 16 hours of daylight to bulb. In the South, they will grow nice green tops but not bulbs. Long day onions are generally more pungent and store better.

Sow seeds in flats 6 to 8 weeks prior to planting into your garden. If they get spindly, use scissors and prune to 2 to 3 inches tall. You may need to do this a few times before transplanting time. Don't toss the clippings, they make a great topping for baked potatoes or flavoring for soups and salads. When the soil can be worked, transplant 2 to 4 inches apart. Keep weeded.

Blanco Duro

130 days — Translates to "Hard White" in English. Medium maturing variety producing large white bulbs with firm, pungent flesh. An exceptionally long storing variety that is also tolerant of pink root disease. Introduced in 1980. Long Day.

3280121 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Evergreen Long White Bunching

120 days — Long, silvery white stalks that don't form bulbs under most conditions. Hardy and slow to bolt. (Day length n/a)

3280011 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Red Creole C5

100 to 190 days — Produces small to medium sized bulbs that are thick, flat, and light-red in color. The flesh is firm, purple-red, and pungent. Bred specifically for use in the South. A good storage variety. Short Day.

3280141 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Ringmaster White Sweet Spanish

120 days — An improved White Utah strain has large globes, with single centers and firm, mild flesh. Stores well and is excellent for onion rings. Long Day.

3280081 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Ruby

100 days — Medium large, red, deep globe shaped with firm, pungent flesh. Excellent keeper when properly cured. Bred by John Brozdowski, a private breeder, and introduced by Asgrow Seed Co. in 1964. Intermediate Day.

3280131 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Tokyo Long White Bunching

95 days — Fresh market bunching variety. White stalks are upright, uniform and are slightly pungent tasting. A good summer and fall variety but will not over winter well. (Day length n/a)

3280101 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

White Lisbon (aka White Bunching)

110 days — The smooth stalks have a very mild flavor. One of the most popular bunching varieties. Will not form bulbs in most areas. (Day length n/a)

3280051 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Yellow Sweet Spanish (Utah Strain)

115 days — Extra large (up to six inch) globe shaped onion. The skin is a straw color and the flesh is white. It has a popular mild and sweet flavor. Long Day.

3280071 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Parsley

(*Petroselinum sp.*)

(Approximately 325 seeds/gram)

Cultivated for centuries and used as a flavoring in soups and as a garnish. Herbalists have used it as a breath freshener, digestive aid, and in tea to treat high blood pressure and rheumatism. It's high in vitamins A and C, has been used as a quinine substitute to treat malaria.

Parsley becomes very bitter as the plant starts to flower. Freeze seed for 3 to 5 days and then soak in warm water for about 8 hours before planting and cover seed lightly for best germination.

Evergreen (*Petroselinum crispum*)

70 days — Exhibits more frost resistance than other varieties and grows vigorously. Leaves are compound, curled, dark-green and large. AAS® winner in 1940.

4000391 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Hamburg Rooted (*Petroselinum hortense*)

90 days — Although the leaves can be used like standard parsley, this variety is grown for its 8 to 10 inch long, fleshy white, parsnip-like roots.

4000241 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Italian (*Petroselinum neopolitanum*)

72 days — Deeply cut, dark green leaves with a rich strong flavor. Generally stronger in flavor than the curled types.

4000261 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Moss Curled (*Petroselinum crispum*)

70 days — The plants are vigorous and compact. Leaves are deeply cut and so curled that it resembles moss. Introduced in the late 1800s.

4000271 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Plain (aka Common) (*Petroselinum crispum*)

75 days — The plants are erect, about 12 inches tall, and quite vigorous. The leaves are large, flat, and glossy green. This was the preferred variety in early-1800s Europe.

4000251 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

Parsnips

(*Pastinaca sativa*)

(Approximately 175 seeds/gram)

Plant as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. Loosen soil to a depth of 18 inches.

Cover the seeds with ½ inch of soil in rows 2 feet apart. When the plants are well established, thin to 4 to 6 inches apart. Flavor improves with frost and they can be left in the ground over winter.

All American

130 days — Flesh is fine-grained, tender, and white. Roots are uniform and smooth with thick shoulders that are 2½ to 3 inches across, tapering to 10 to 12 inches long. High sugar content, very sweet, and stores well.

3290031 — 3 grams — \$ 1.85

Harris Early Model

90 days — ¾ inches in diameter by up to 12 inches long with a nearly solid crown. The flesh is white and tender and because it has little side shooting, is easy to pull.

3290011 — 3 grams — \$ 1.85

Hollow Crown, Long Smooth

95 days — Roots are 12 inch long by 3 inches thick with white, tender and sugary flesh.

3290021 — 3 grams — \$ 1.85

Turga

95 days — A sweet-fleshed Hungarian heirloom with smooth, white skin. Roots are stout, reach 5 to 7 inches in length, and are hardy.

3290041 — 1 grams — \$ 1.85

Peas

(*Pisum sativum var sativum*)

(Approximately 90 to 125 seeds/ounce)
One ounce will plant about a 10-foot row.

English or garden peas are frost hardy and like to be planted in cool weather (55°F to 60°F). They can become bitter with heat. Plant in early spring in full sun and in light soil when soil temps reach about 40°F. Plant the seeds 1½ inches deep, spacing them at a rate of 1 to 2 seeds every 2 inches. Space the rows 2½ feet apart.

Edible Podded Peas

Dwarf Gray Sugar Pod

60 to 70 days — The plants are bushy with 18 to 24 inch vines. Dating back to at least the 1770s, it was commercially introduced in 1892.

3300181 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35

3300183 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Dwarf White Sugar

50 to 65 days — Plants are vigorous and very productive growing 24 to 30 inches tall. Pods are sweet and tender.

3300951 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35
3300953 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Mammoth Melting

75 days — Vines reach 5 feet or more and should be trellised. High yielding. Thrives in cool weather and is uniform in production. Pods are very sweet and tender and stay that way even after they reach three inches or more and the seeds start to fill out.

3300191 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35
3300193 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Oregon Sugar Pod II

70 days — Succulent pods filled with semi-wrinkled seeds on plants that are 2½ feet in height. Improved resistance to wilt and powdery mildew.

3300011 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35
3300013 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Sugar Ann

60 days — Plants reach about 30 inches tall. Crisp, flavorful, 3-inch pods. Great fresh or frozen. Released in 1981 and an AAS® winner in 1984.

3300421 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35
3300423 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Sugar Snap

65 days — Pods are tasty and tender but do develop strings at maturity. Vines can reach six feet and require trellising. Does well frozen but will not stand up to canning temperatures. Released and was an AAS® winner in 1979.

3300431 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35
3300433 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95



Garden Peas

As a rule, smooth seeded varieties are more starchy and used for soups while wrinkle seeded varieties are sweeter.

Alaska (aka Earliest of All)

55 days — Introduced in 1881 by pea breeder Thomas Laxton. The plants are 24 to 36 inches tall and grow well in cool soils. Typically five to eight smooth peas in each round pod. Used for canning or freezing but fine fresh or dried for soups.

3300021 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35
3300023 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Badger

68 days — Plants are erect, moderately branching and reach 18 to 24 inches in height. The pods are three and a half to four inches long and contain about nine wrinkled peas each.

3301601 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35
3301603 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Our 19th Year!

Thanks to all of you, we have been able to follow our mission of preserving and supplying rare and heirloom seeds.

Thank You!

Early Frosty

65 days — The vines are wilt resistant, uniform, reaching 28 to 30 inches and benefit from some support. It is a prolific freezing variety. Pods are about 4 inches long, blunt-ended, dark green in color, and containing 7 to 8 wrinkled peas each. Good fresh or frozen. Introduced in 1966.

3300961 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35
3300963 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Early Perfection 326

66 days — Vines reach 3 feet, are sturdy, drought tolerant and wilt resistant. Pods are straight, blunttipped, 3½ inches long, and contain 7 to 8 wrinkled peas. Good fresh or canned as they hold their color and texture well. Dates back to the 1950s.

3300971 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35
3300973 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Freezonian

60 days — This is a cross of 'Thomas Laxton' with 'World's Record'. The vines are vigorous, 36 to 48 inches tall with heavy yields of three-inch pods containing 7 to 8 wrinkled peas. High sugar content. An AAS® winner in 1948.

3300131 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35
3300133 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Green Arrow

70 days — Popular with commercial processors and home gardeners as it has high yields and freezes well, has an excellent flavor, and exhibits disease resistance. Pods average about 4 inches long on 24 to 28 inch vines. Wrinkle seeded.

3300201 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35
3300203 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Laxton's Progress Number 9

60 days — Named after the famous 19th Century plant breeder, Thomas Laxton. A leading home garden pea with 18 to 24 inch plants, 6 to 9 tasty, sweet, large, peas per pod. Wrinkle seeded.

3300031 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35
3300033 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Lincoln (aka Homesteader)

68 days — Resists wilt and is tolerant of heat. Vines grow 18 to 30 inches tall and benefit from some support. It produces well and the pods are easy to shell. Wrinkle seeded.

3300041 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35
3300043 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Little Marvel

64 days — The plants are compact, up to 30 inches tall, very productive, hardy, luscious and sugary. Small pods whose peas stay tender and sweet even when fully ripe and filling the pod. Wrinkle seeded.

3300051 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35
3300053 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Thomas Laxton

75 days — Does well in maritime conditions and it is wilt resistant. Peas are bright green, excellent quality, and high in sugar content. Pods grow to about 3½ inches with 6 to 8 peas. Wrinkle seeded.

3300141 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35
3300143 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95

Wando

70 days — Although it is resistant to the effects of heat and therefore used for late sowings, it pollinates well under cooler conditions. Plants are sturdy, grow up to 30 inches, are high yielding and produce seven or more seeds per pod. Released in 1943. Wrinkle seeded.

3300151 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.35
3300153 — ¼ pound — \$ 6.95



Southern Peas, Field Peas, or Cowpeas

(*Vigna unguiculata*)
(Approximately 90 seeds/ounce)

Originated in Asia, naturalized in Africa and finally brought to the U.S. with the slave trade. They became a staple food in the Southeast where they are eaten as green shelled peas or left to dry on the vine for later use. Plants are used as hay.

They are more likely to succeed in areas with warm soil temperatures (at least 60°F) and no danger of frost during the growing season. They are highly drought tolerant and do well in most soil types, from heavy clay to sandy soils.

Cowpeas can be planted from May to August. The seedpods form in about 60 days and will mature in about 100 days. Therefore in most areas, cowpeas must be planted in May or June.

Plant 4 to 6 seeds per foot, ¾ to 1⅓ inches deep in rows 20 to 42 inches apart. Control weeds early in the season with shallow cultivation. Later they will shade out most weeds. Avoid cultivation after the plants begin to bloom. Irrigation is normally not necessary. Southern peas are renowned for their ability to grow and produce under harsh conditions.

Big Boy

75 days — Bushes are erect and bear up to 10 peas per 8-inch pod set high on the plants for easy picking. Very productive. Good for fresh use, freezing or canning. Peas are cream colored with light brown eyes.

3300371 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300373 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300374 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Black Crowder

70 days — Very productive with unusually long pods. The peas themselves have a deep purple color when first shelled which then turn black when dried. The green pods are easy to shell.

3300381 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300383 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300384 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

California Blackeye Pea #5

70 days — The plants are high yielding, vigorous and fairly easy to grow. Used as green shell or dry, like winter beans.

3300061 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300063 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300064 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

California Blackeye #46

90 days — Peas are cream-colored with black eyes. Similar yield and qualities to California Blackeye #5 but smaller. Released in 1987.

3300491 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300493 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300494 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Champion (aka Cream 76)

75 days — Plants are upright, pods high and they mature uniformly. Excellent for freezing and canning. Released in 1962.

3300501 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300503 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300504 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Colossus

60 days — Productive plants with large, 9 to 10 inch, light-brown pods with brown peas that shell easily. Released in 1972.

3300511 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300513 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300514 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Coronet

62 days — Upright and compact plants. At the fresh stage, peas are green with light-red colored eyes and its 6-inch pods are purple. At maturity the dry seeds are smooth with maroon eyes.

3301301 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3301303 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3301304 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Cream 8 (aka Texas Cream 8)

75 days — Bush-type with oblong, kidney shaped peas. A nice variety for both home and market gardens. Excellent for freezing.

3300081 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300083 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300084 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Cream 12 (aka Texas Cream 12)

72 days — A bush-type, cream pea bred and released by the Texas AES in 1953. An excellent fresh shell pea, it is good for both home gardeners and market growers. Fusarium wilt and nematode resistant.

3300931 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300933 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300934 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

CT Pinkeye Purplehull

65 days — Vigorous, bush to semi-vining plants grow 18 to 24 inches tall. Pods are 6 to 7 inches long. At the shell stage, the pods are purple with light green peas with a red eye. They turn almost white with a maroon eye when dried.

3300451 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300453 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300454 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

If you are interested in horticultural history, you may enjoy a project that we began back in 2002. It is online at:

www.Seedsman.org

Learn more about historic seedsmen and the companies they founded.

Dimpled Brown Crowder

70 days — Prolific, bush-type plants that produce pods that each contain 12 to 15 fine flavored peas. Closely bunched on the plants makes picking easy. As a crowder pea, the seeds are tightly packed into the pods so that at maturity they have a flattened, dimpled appearance.

3300941 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300943 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300944 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Dixielee

65 days — Plants are erect to semi-vining type. Heavy producers of pods that are easy to pick. The peas are brown and are easy to shell.

3300521 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300523 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300524 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Early Scarlet

75 days — Pods are produced at the top of determinate, medium-sized, bush-type plants. At the green, mature stage, the pods are light-red in color, 7 to 9 inches long and shell out easily.

3300761 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300763 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300764 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Elite

65 days — A high bush type. Pods are 7 inches long, easy to pick and easily shelled. Seeds are small to medium sized, cream colored and great for both canning and freezing.

3300531 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300533 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300534 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Fagiolino Dolico di Veneto {CNG}

70 to 100 days — Rare. Very early and productive. Pods are upright, 7 inches long, 12 seeds per pod on dwarf, bush plants. A great choice for shorter season gardens. Tolerates hot, dry spells as well as the cooler, wet ones. About 65 seeds/pack.

3300891 — ¼ ounce — \$ 2.45

Knuckle Purplehull

65 days — Productive plants with reddish to purple pods. The large seeds turn brown when dry. Excellent dried and as a canning variety.

3300541 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300543 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300544 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Lady (aka Lady Finger)

90 days — A heat tolerant, Southern-type pea. The peas are very tasty, very small, and cream colored with a darker eye. They are good green shelled, frozen or dried. There are up to about 350 seeds per ounce. One packet goes a long way.

3300401 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.45
3300403 — ¼ pound — \$ 7.35
3300404 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Mayo Speckled {CNG}

80 days — Plants are prolific, vigorous and lush. Young pods can be eaten fresh, shelled closely thereafter, and at the dry stage in 100 days. Pods contain a dozen or more small, mottled, tan to brown peas. About 90 seeds/packet.

3301351 — ½ ounce — \$ 2.45

Mississippi Purple

60 days — Pods are reddish-purple with large brown peas that are very easy to shell. Bred by Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station and released in 1976.

3300551 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300553 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300554 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Mississippi Silver

60 days — Pods are silvery-green with large, meaty, brown seeds. Resistant to fusarium wilt and root knot nematodes.

3300561 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300563 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300564 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Pinkeye Purple Hull BVR

65 days — Bush to semi-vining plants. Pods are 6 to 7 inches long and purple with seeds that are cream colored with a maroon eye. Resistant to Blackeye Cowpea Mosaic Virus (BVR).

3300071 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300073 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300074 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Quickpick Pinkeye

60 days — Pinkeye purplehull type. Plants are determinate, erect, compact (about 20 inches), and non-vining. Pods are dark-purple, about 8 inches long, contain 9 to 11, kidney-shaped seeds with large, maroon colored eyes. Larger than other purplehull varieties.

3300921 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300923 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300924 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Sadandy (aka Sa-Dandy)

75 days — Prolific, bush-type plants that thrive in hotter, Southern weather. A "cream pea" type variety, generally used at the fresh shelling stage.

3300581 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300583 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300584 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Texas Cream 40 (aka Cream 40)

65 days — Early, prolific, erect plants with pods set above the foliage. The seeds are small, kidney-shaped, and white with orange eyes.

3300091 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300093 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300094 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

White Acre

70 to 85 days — An old mid-Atlantic heirloom cream pea. Produces over a long period. Great for fresh eating. Plants are large, bushy with some runners. Peas are small, creamy white in color, and excellent tasting.

3300461 — 1 ounce — \$ 2.05
3300463 — ¼ pound — \$ 5.85
3300464 — ½ pound — \$ 8.75

Please help keep these old varieties available to future generations. Learn and practice seed saving, share your seeds and gardening skills with others, support our preservation efforts by purchasing your seeds from the Victory Seed Company, and please tell your gardening friends and family about us.

Peppers

(*Capsicum annuum*)

(Approximately 120 seeds/gram)

Growing Peppers: Sow the seeds about ¼ inch deep, in sterile potting mix, 8 weeks prior to the last expected frost date for your area. Optimum soil temperature is 80°F. Germination occurs in 8 to 18 days but rates tend to be erratic. The most common cause of poor germination is the result of uneven planting depths and cool soil temps.

Transplant outside only after night temperatures average above 55°F. Peppers are tender plants that thrive in warm weather. Blossoms will drop if temperatures drop below 60°F or if they get too much nitrogen. Maturity days are from transplant.

Hot Peppers

The capsaicin oil in hot peppers **cannot** be neutralized by water. Wash hands or rinse mouth with vinegar to alleviate discomfort in an emergency. Bread, bananas, pasta, or potatoes will also alleviate the burning sensation. Never touch your face or eyes after handling hot peppers. Warm growing temperatures develop the hottest peppers.

Anaheim

78 days — The pods develop from 6 to 8½ inches long by 1½ inches long, tapered, medium thick, pungent, deep green, and turning to red at maturity. Can be used fresh, canned or dried. The plants are tall, upright, bushy, and long bearing.

3310121 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Ancho (Poblano)

78 days — The 4 inch long fruit taper to a blunt point. The skin is wrinkled and dark green turning deep red at maturity. Slightly hot with a sweet taste. Excellent fresh (as Poblano), processed (stuffed or roasted), or dried (as Ancho).

3310131 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Cayenne, Long Red

70 days — Hot but delightfully pungent in flavor. For pickling, canning or drying. Long, thin, ½ by 6 inch green fruits, turning red when mature. Named after the South American river in Guyana.

3310141 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Habanero

85 days — Very hot! Light green, thin crinkled flesh ripens to orange-red. Fruits are 1½ inches long by one inch across and about 200 times hotter than Jalapeno! A little slower to germinate.

3310151 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.50

Habanero, Red

100 days — Extremely hot! A Caribbean favorite. Can be used green but are full flavored when they are mature and red.

3310161 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.50

A great gardening resource, check out the
National Gardening Association
www.Garden.org

Jalapeno

72 days — Dark green tapered fruit, 3 inches by 1 inch, turning red when mature. Good for pickling or for fresh market.

3310181 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Serrano

85 days — Very hot, pungent fruit, 2½ inches long by ½ inches in diameter. Slim, club shaped green peppers with medium thin walls maturing to a bright red color on 30 inch tall plants.

3310211 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25



Sweet and Mild Peppers

California Wonder (Bell Variety)

75 days — The plants are upright, strong, and produce 4 or 5 fruits that are mostly four-lobed, blocky, and 4 by 4½ inches with thick flesh that is mild and sweet.

3310011 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Golden California Wonder (Bell Variety)

70 days — Same as California Wonder but the peppers are a bright gold, changing to orange-red when mature.

3310031 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Hungarian Sweet (Sweet Banana)

68 days — The tapering 6 inch by 1½ inch long fruit is light yellow, maturing to red. Good for pickling. An AAS® winner in 1938.

3310071 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Neapolitan (CNG)

65 days — Very early, sweet and mild fruits measuring four inches by two inches that grow upright. Plants are strong, vigorous and productive.

3310281 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.85

Orange King (Bell Type)

90 days — Fruits are blocky, 4 by 3½ inches, beautiful, thick-fleshed, very sweet, and mature from green to a bright orange color. An excellent addition to salads or your favorite stir fry recipe.

3310261 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Pimento

73 days — A standard sweet variety for home and market. The fruits are heart shaped, smooth skinned, reaching 3½ inches by 2½ inches.

3310091 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Purple Beauty

70 days — A truly purple pepper. The 4-inch by 3½ inch blocky fruits have thick flesh. The plant is highly productive. An interesting novelty to add color to your salads and cooking.

3310101 — ¼ gram — \$ 2.25

Ordering Online

Checking our website for availability prior to placing a mail order is not a bad idea. Our cart system is easy, secure, and always the fastest way to receive your order. Orders typically ship in one to three business days.

Pumpkins

(*Cucurbita spp*)

(Seed count varies by type)

Refer to **Squash** for growing notes.

Atlantic Giant (*C. maxima*)

120 days — If you are going for a giant pumpkin, this is a good variety to try. 400 to 500 pound fruits are possible. Developed by Howard Dill of Nova Scotia, these huge fruits have slightly rough skin ranging in color from yellow to red-orange. They are not for small gardens. 8 seeds/pack.

3320041 — 2 grams — \$ 2.50

Big Max (*C. maxima*)

120 days — Bright, yellow-orange flesh is 3 to 4 inches thick. Suitable for pies. Will reach 50 to 70 pounds in weight. 8 seeds/pack.

3320011 — 2 grams — \$ 1.75

Cinderella (aka Rouge Vif D'Etampes)

(*C. maxima*) 95 days — A French heirloom that is very productive and beautiful. The fruits are flattened, deeply ribbed, concave on top and the skin color is a brilliant reddish-orange. They average 15 inches across but only 6 inches high and weigh up to 25 pounds. Cinderella is excellent in pies. About 6 seeds/pack.

3320031 — 2 grams — \$ 1.75

Connecticut Field (*C. pepo*)

110 days — Native American heirloom predating 1700. Large, 15 to 20 pound globes with flattened ends. Typically 12 inches in height and diameter. The rind is hard but thin and slightly ribbed. The flesh is sweet, thick and coarse. Can be used for canning or as stock feed. About 12 seeds/pack.

3320021 — 2 grams — \$ 1.75

Howden (*C. pepo*)

110 days — Used for Jack-o-Lanterns, excellent for pies and roasted seeds. Fruits weigh between 10-20 pounds and are dark orange with deep ridges and strong handles. Vines are large reaching up to ten feet. Tolerant to black rot. About 12 seeds/pack.

3320111 — 2 grams — \$ 1.75

Jack Be Little (aka Little Sweetie)

(*C. pepo*) 95 days — A miniature pumpkin, not a gourd. Fruits fit in your hand, weigh 3 to 4 ounces, and are generally 2 inches high by 3 inches in diameter. Easy to grow, prolific, and can last up to 12 months if carefully cured. About 25 seeds/pack.

3320051 — 2 grams — \$ 1.85

Jack O'Lantern (*C. pepo*)

100 days — Bred to be about the size of a human head. They tend to be about 10 inches in diameter, 10 to 18 pounds and medium-orange colored with shallow ribs. The flesh is sweet, light in color, and fine-grained enough to be of good cooking quality. About 12 seeds/pack.

3320071 — 2 grams — \$ 1.75

Kustovaya Oranzhevaya (*C. pepo*) {CNG}

95 days — Medium to large (8 to 13 pound), orange, relatively thin skinned fruit with fine, thick,

light orange flesh on compact, **bush-type** plants. From Russia, rare in the U.S. About 7 seeds/pack.

3320101 — 1 gram — \$ 2.55

Small Sugar (aka New England Pie)

(*C. pepo*) 110 days — An heirloom pie pumpkin that is outstanding for both pies and processing. The fruits are 6 to 8 inches in diameter and weigh about 6 pounds. The flesh is thick and sweet. About 16 seeds/pack.

3320061 — 2 grams — \$ 1.75

Radishes

(*Raphanus sativus*)

(Approximately 75 seeds per gram)

Radishes are easy to grow, being both quick to sprout and fast to mature. This makes them a perfect choice for a child's first gardening experience. They do prefer cool weather and can become pungent (hot), and will likely bolt (go to seed) in warmer weather. Best when sown in spring or late summer. Sow successively, five to seven days apart, for a steady supply throughout the season.

As soon as the soil temperature is about 45°F and the soil can be worked, sow seeds $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch apart, in rows spaced eight inches. Firm the soil and keep moist until they germinate. They have shallow root systems so keep watered. Harvest as soon as the roots reach desired size. A great snack food as they contain vitamin C and only about 100 calories per pound.

Champion

20 days — Bright red, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch globes with mild flesh. If grown to a larger size, they don't quickly become pithy. 1957 AAS® winner.

3330151 — 3 grams — \$ 1.75

Cherry Belle

22 days — A quick growing, globe shaped radish with bright red skin and crisp, firm, white flesh. 1949 AAS® winner.

3330011 — 3 grams — \$ 1.75

Chinese White Winter

60 days — Excellent for pickling or winter storage. Plant in mid to late August to enjoy all winter. They withstand light frosts and in storage, stay crisp and mild. White skinned with crisp, white flesh, grow 5 to 8 inches long and up to $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. Dates back to at least the late 19th Century.

3330161 — 3 grams — \$ 1.75

Crimson Giant

30 days — Globe to top-shaped roots with crisp, white, mild flesh. We prefer harvesting them young when they are about one and a half to two inches in diameter. Given ample room, they can grow to be about the size of a baseball and remain of good, solid, useable quality.

3330181 — 3 grams — \$ 1.75

Keep in touch and receive exclusive offers by signing up for our newsletter on our website.

Early Scarlet Globe

20 days — Very early variety with bright red skin with white flesh. Also does well in frames or greenhouses for forcing.

3330071 — 3 grams — \$ 1.75

Easter Egg Blend

30 days — This mix produces red, pink, purple, and white colored, round shaped radishes. Colorful addition to a tossed salad or vegetable platter; also great fun for raising in a kid's garden.

3330201 — 3 grams — \$ 1.75

French Breakfast

30 days — Grown since the 1880s, it is still very popular. Roots are oblong and blunt tipped, $\frac{3}{4}$ inches in diameter by 2 inches long. Rose colored with white tips and crisp white flesh. Mild.

3330081 — 3 grams — \$ 1.75

Hailstone (aka White Globe)

25 days — You can plant these in spring or fall and harvest pure-white skinned globe shaped radishes. The flesh is firm and crisp.

3330021 — 3 grams — \$ 1.75

Minowase

60 days — The roots of this Japanese variety are large, three inches in diameter by one to two feet in length. They are white, very smooth, tender and not very pungent.

3330121 — 3 grams — \$ 1.75

Pink Beauty

27 days — The round globes can grow large but still remain crisp, mild and not pithy. The flesh is bright white while the skin is an attractive pink color that makes it an interesting addition to a tossed salad or vegetable platter.

3330191 — 3 grams — \$ 1.75

Purple Plum

30 days — The roots are round, a deep purple color, and have crisp white flesh that is sweet, mild and resists pithiness. Bred and released by the Alf Christianson Seed Company in 1985.

3330131 — 3 grams — \$ 1.75

Sparkler (aka Brightest White Tip)

25 days — Bright red skin with a white tip that covers the lower third of the globe. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter with white flesh that is juicy and sweet.

3330031 — 3 grams — \$ 1.75

White Icicle

28 days — The roots are 5 to 6 inches long, tapered, about $\frac{3}{4}$ inches in diameter. Pure white flesh and thin skinned.

3330041 — 3 grams — \$ 1.75

Watermelon (aka Red Meat or Continental)

Fancy) 55 days — An interesting variety in that it has white skin with tender, sweet, dark pink interiors. Grows fairly large in size (between a golf ball and a baseball).

3330171 — 2 grams — \$ 1.75

Many more varieties, researched and detailed histories, and tons of great photos are available on our website.

Putabaga or Swedes

(*Brassica napus* subsp. *rapifera*)

(Approximately 250 to 300 seeds/gram)

Rutabagas, also known as Swedish turnips or simply Swedes, are an often over-looked table vegetable in our modern western diet. They appeared in Europe in the Middle Ages and can be boiled and mashed as a potato substitute for those on low starch diets. Except in extreme cases, they are cold tolerant and can be left in the ground over winter.

American Purple Top

120 days — The roots are nearly globe shaped, 4 to 6 inches in diameter with 20-inch tall tops. The skin is a buff to light yellow color with purple tops. The flesh is firm and fine-grained. Introduced sometime before 1920.

3350611 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Joan

120 days — Roots are uniform, round, yellow with purple tops and a delicate, sweet flavor. Flavor is enhanced and sweetens after a good frost.

3350631 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Laurantain

120 days — Flesh is fine-grained and sweet; a nice alternative to mashed potatoes. Sow in summer for fall and winter use.

3350621 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

Nadmorska

90 days — More oval and elongated than typical round varieties. Uniformly large with green tops and sweet golden-yellow flesh. Vigorous growth and early maturing. Originally from Lithuania.

3350641 — $\frac{1}{2}$ gram — \$ 1.75



Spinach

(*Spinacia oleracea*)

(Approximately 80 seeds/gram)

In fertile soil, enriched with organic matter high in nitrogen, plant as early as the ground can be worked. Spinach likes cool weather. Plant again in late August for a fall crop. Sow thinly, about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep. Thin seedlings to 1 to 3 inches apart.

Harvest leaves as soon as they are big enough to eat. When the plant is starting to look old, cut whole plant back to 1 to 2 inches high to stimulate growth. If they begin to bolt, harvest and freeze the whole crop.

America (aka American Long Standing)

43 to 55 days — Plants reach about 8 inches in height with thick, dark-green savoyed leaves. It is slow-growing, slow to bolt, and resistant to heat and drought. Suitable for canning, freezing, and eating fresh. 1952 AAS® winner.

3360051 — 2 grams — \$ 1.95

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Bloomsdale Long Standing

45 days — Early, dark green, crumpled leaves can be sown in spring or fall. Resists bolting in hot weather. Originally released by D. Landreth & Co. in the 19th century. "Bloomsdale" was the name of the farm they moved to in 1847 in Bristol, PA.

3360011 — 4 grams — \$ 1.95
3360013 — 28 grams (1 oz.) — \$ 9.25

Early No. 7

37 days — The plants are fast growing, large, vigorous, slightly sprawling with large, dark green, and medium-savoyed leaves. Resistant to both Downy Mildew and Spinach Blight.

3360061 — 4 grams — \$ 1.95

Giant Nobel

50 days — Plants are very large and spreading in habit. Sow in the late spring (it is slow to bolt) for heavy yields of giant, thick, dark green leaves. Excellent for canning. An AAS® winner in 1933.

3360031 — 4 grams — \$ 1.95

Giant Winter

45 days — Large, smooth, medium-green, semi-savoyed leaves. Specifically bred to tolerate cold temperatures allowing it to be sown in late summer or autumn for an early spring harvest.

3360071 — 4 grams — \$ 1.95

Viroflay (aka Monstrueux de Viroflay)

50 days — Plants reach up to two feet in diameter. The leaves are large, dark-green, smooth, crisp, and are about ten inches long. A French variety that dates back to the mid-nineteenth century.

3360041 — 4 grams — \$ 1.95



Squash

(*Cucurbita spp.*)

(Seed count varies by type)

After all danger of frost has passed, sow seeds one inch deep in hills or rows spaced 24 to 30 inches apart. Choose a location that has warm, well-drained, fertile soil. Work organic matter into the soil and because squash require a lot of water, mulch to conserve moisture.

When laying out your garden, consider the growing habits of the varieties that you are planting. Some bush-types are compact while vining types require a tremendous amount of space. Harvest time will also vary by variety.

Squash are typically categorized as summer or winter varieties. The immature fruits of summer varieties are eaten fresh, while the winter squash are harvested in late fall after they have matured and their skins toughened. Store in a cool, dry location, and use into the winter.

Summer Squash

Benning's Green Tint Scallop (*C. pepo*)

55 days — Fruits are gray-green, scallop-shaped and best harvested at 3 inches. Bush-type plants. Dates back to about 1914. About 30 seeds/pack.

3370261 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Caserta (*C. pepo*)

50 days — Prolific, early, bush, cocozelle-type summer squash. Produces cylindrical, slightly tapered, fruits that have creamy flesh and light-green skins with dark-green stripes. Best harvested at 4 to 6 inches in length. 1949 AAS® winner. About 20 seeds/pack.

3370371 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Cocozelle (*C. pepo*)

50 days — Bush-type plants produce 10-inch long, cylindrical zucchini that are dark green with lighter stripes (maturing to yellow) and firm, whitish green flesh. This variety was introduced before 1885. About 24 seeds/pack.

3370161 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Dwarf Summer Crookneck (*C. pepo*)

50 days — A standard for the home garden. Very prolific bushes with smooth, light yellow fruits that become orange and warted at maturity. An AAS® winner in 1938. About 35 seeds/pack.

3370021 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Early Prolific Straightneck (*C. pepo*)

42 days — Bush-type plants with lemon-yellow fruits that taper towards the stem end. Tender and succulent. About 40 seeds/pack.

3370031 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Early White Bush Scallop (*C. pepo*)

47 days — Pale green to white, turning white as the pan-shaped, scalloped fruits mature. Fine textured meat on a bush-type plant. About 30 seeds/pack.

3370041 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Lubnani (aka Lebanese White Bush)

(*C. pepo*) 55 days — Bush-type plants with quick maturing fruits with an excellent flavor. Weigh 2 pounds. Sweet flesh. Resemble small honeydew melons. Has been referred to as "the honeydew of squashes." Very popular in the Middle East. About 20 seeds/pack.

3370401 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Tatume (*C. pepo*)

45 days — Vining plants. Can be eaten young. Harvest the unusually firm, green, round fruits when they reach the size of a baseball. Fine flavored. Leave on the vine and they will mature to a diameter of 6 to 8 inches and golden-yellow in color. About 24 seeds/pack.

3370081 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Zucchini, Black Beauty (*C. pepo*)

60 days — Bush-type plants with black-green to almost black fruits. Harvest at 6 to 8 inches. An AAS® winner and introduced in 1957. About 20 seeds/pack.

3370131 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Zucchini, Dark Green (*C. pepo*)

50 days — Bush-type plants are vigorous and produce early. Fruits are straight, smooth, mottled dark green. Flesh has a pale green tint, is firm and has a fine flavor. About 20 seeds/pack.

3370211 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

What can we do better? Let us know.

Zucchini, Grey (C. pepo)

45 days — Bush-type plants with medium-green fruits flecked with grey. Harvest at 6 to 8 inches. Popular in the Southwest and Mexico. Introduced in 1957. About 30 seeds/pack.

3370141 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Zucchini, Round (C. pepo)

45 days — Deeply cut leaves on a bush-type plant. The fruits are best used at about 2½ to 3 inches in diameter. About 35 seeds/pack.

3370151 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

**Winter Squash**

(Vining-type plants unless otherwise noted.)

Banana, Pink Jumbo (C. maxima)

115 days — Large (up to 12 inches by 48 inches), almost cylindrical fruits with a slight taper at the blossom end. Can weigh up to 75 pounds. Flesh is yellow-orange, dry, firm, sweet not stringy. For pies, baking and canning. About 12 seeds/pack.

3370171 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Boston Marrow (C. maxima) {CNG}

110 days — Looking for a rare, historic, and amazingly productive squash? Its flesh is fine-grained, yellow-orange, and bakes to a bright orange. Good for pies or as a table variety. Give it room to grow and it will reward you with hundreds of pounds of food! About 10 seeds/pack.

3370341 — 3 grams — \$ 2.85

Burgess Buttercup (C. maxima)

100 days — Good maritime variety. The fruits are very sweet, fine meated, 5 to 8 inches in diameter and range from 3 to 5 pounds. They are shaped like a flattened turban with a blossom end button. About 15 seeds/pack.

3370011 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Bush Table King Acorn (C. pepo)

85 days — The plants are compact and produce two pound, glossy dark green, acorn-shaped fruits with a small seed cavity and pale orange flesh. Produces five to eight fruits per plant. An AAS® winner in 1974. About 30 seeds/pack.

3370071 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Delicata (C. pepo)

100 days — Released in 1894. Remains a popular variety as it has a fine, sweet potato-like flavor. Fruits are 3 inches in diameter and 6 to 8 inches long, cream colored with green stripes from the blossom to the stem end. About 40 seeds/pack.

3370221 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Ebony Acorn (C. pepo)

95 days — Vigorous vines are productive. Fruits are nearly round, deep glossy green-black, shallow ridges, average 2 pounds, excellent quality, yellow flesh. It is adapted for use all over the United States. Introduced in 1957. About 28 seeds/pack.

3370411 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Galeux d' Eysines (C. maxima) {CNG} [NEW]

100 days — These are beautifully "ugly," 10 to 15 pounds each, rinds mature to a salmon color covered in warts. Very thick, fine-grained, sweet,

orange flesh. Excellent sautéed, roasted, baked or used for pie or soup. An heirloom from the Bordeaux region France. About 9 seeds/pack.

3370461 — 3 grams — \$ 2.75

Golden Delicious (C. maxima)

100 days — Top-shaped, 7 to 9 pound, reddish-orange skin with green blotches; thick, fine-grained, light-orange flesh. Higher vitamin C content. Developed for baby food, canning, and freezing. Excellent flavor, good keeper. About 15 seeds/pack.

3370421 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Green Striped Cushaw (C. mixta)

95 days — A very old pumpkin / squash variety from back when pumpkins were for eating. Crookneck shaped, thin, hard, smooth rind that is creamy-white with green stripes averaging 10 to 20 pounds. The light colored, fine grained flesh is very dry resembling a sweet potato in flavor. Makes an excellent pie. About 15 seeds/pack.

3370391 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Honeyboat Delicata (C. pepo)

105 days — The oblong fruits are tan with green stripes with a high dry matter to moisture ratio making them a good for storage. Excellent quality and very sweet tasting. About 45 seeds/pack.

3370331 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Hubbard, Blue (C. maxima)

110 days — Tough-skinned, oblong, bluish-green colored fruits weigh 10 to 15 pounds, with golden yellow flesh that is dry with a great flavor. About 12 seeds/pack.

3370051 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Hubbard, Chicago Warted (C. maxima)

115 days — Vigorous vines produce dark-green, hard shelled, heavily warted fruits weighing up to 16 pounds. Can store into late spring. Good for freezing, baking and pies. Released in 1894. About 15 seeds/pack.

3370181 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Hubbard, Golden (C. maxima)

105 days — This type of Hubbard squash has many of the same characteristics of others but has a red-orange rind with tan striping at the blossom end. Great for canning, freezing and an excellent keeper. About 15 seeds/pack.

3370191 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Hubbard, True Green Improved (C. maxima)

105 days — Fruits are 10 to 15 pounds, dark green skinned with golden flesh. Great for canning, freezing and is an excellent keeper. Grown in Marblehead, MA as early as the 1830s. James J. H. Gregory introduced it to the seed trade. About 12 seeds/pack.

3370281 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Long Island Cheese (C. moschata)

100 days — An heirloom pie variety from New York and New Jersey. It is named after its resemblance to a ten pound wheel of cheese. The fruits are flattened, ribbed, buff in color with orange flesh. Vining habit. About 18 seeds/pack.

3370201 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Sweet Meat (*C. maxima*) {CNG}

110 days — Vigorous vines require a lot of space. Fruits weigh 10 or more pounds and are a bluish-gray color. Very hard shelled, with deep orange colored, thick flesh that is very sweet, dry and fine grained (stringless). About 9-10 seeds/pack.

3370231 — 3 grams — \$ 3.45

Sweet REBA (*C. pepo*)

110 days — Each compact plant produces 5 to 6, uniform, 1 to 2-pound, dark green, acorn-type fruit with a classic acorn squash flavor and texture but sweeter. Powdery Mildew resistant. A good storage variety. About 10-12 seeds/pack.

3370351 — 1 gram — \$ 1.95

Table Queen Acorn (*C. pepo*)

80 days — Table Queen is a green-shelled variety that resembles an acorn in shape. They are about 6 inches in diameter at maturity. Very prolific, a good keeper, and great for cutting in half and baking. About 35 seeds/pack.

3370061 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Vegetable Spaghetti (*C. pepo*)

95 days — Looking for a low calorie and nutritious alternative to pasta? Try this. After being cooked, cut in half and scrape out the spaghetti-like strands. Can be eaten plain or with your favorite sauce. About 24 seeds/pack.

3370101 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95

Waltham Butternut (*C. moschata*)

85 days — Light tan rind, 7 to 9 inches long with a thick neck and small seed cavity. Its flesh is a wonderful, bright orange color. An AAS® winner in 1970. About 30 seeds/pack.

3370111 — 3 grams — \$ 1.95



Swiss Chard

(*Beta vulgaris*)

(Approximately 50 seeds/gram)

Although Swiss Chard is a close relative of beets, it has a small, inedible root. The leafy greens of the plant are eaten like spinach and kale and enjoyed for their mild flavor. It has been cultivated for at least 2,000 years and is rich in vitamin A, as well as other vitamins and minerals.

Young, tender leaves are eaten fresh. Mature leaves can be prepared as you would spinach — steamed, boiled, added to soups or sautéed in a little butter or light oil. You might also want to try them "Southern-style" serving them up with a bit of butter, vinegar, and crumbled bacon.

After being stripped of leaves, stalks can be used as an interesting addition to a raw veggie platter.

Barese

30 days — Exceptionally early and productive. The leaves are glossy and dark green, with slightly curled edges. Intended for "baby greens" use and used fresh in salads, or lightly steamed.

3380061 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Fordhook Giant

60 days — This heavy yielding plant is very tasty and good for home and market. The attractive leaves are dark green, crumpled with stalks that are broad, white and of a fine quality.

3380041 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Lucullus

52 days — The most popular variety. Named after the Roman general. Heavily crumpled with wide, broad white ribs about 20 inches tall. Tolerates hot weather and grows until first frost.

3380011 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Orange Fantasia

60 days — Deep-green, savoyed leaves with bright, yellow-orange colored veins and stems. Both beautiful and tasty. Nice for salad blends when young. Color does not fade when cooked. A good bolt resistant variety.

3380081 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Perpetual (aka Leaf Beet or Spinach Beet)

55 days — Leaves are smooth, dark-green with fine midribs. Very vigorous and if you garden in a hot climate, it is a great choice for a continuous supply of tasty summertime greens. An old European variety that was introduced in 1869.

3380051 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Pink Lipstick

60 days — Nearly identical to Orange Fantasia except its savoyed leaves are deep-green with magenta-pink colored veins and stems.

3380071 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Rainbow Chard (aka 5 Color Silverbeet)

50 to 60 days — A tender and tasty variety whose orange, yellow, pink, white and red stalks make it very ornamental. It was nearly lost, was relocated, and is once again regaining popularity.

3380021 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Ruby Red

59 days — Candy-apple red stems with dark green leaves. It is decorative and tasty and makes a nice addition to salad blends.

3380031 — 1 gram — \$ 1.85

Like what we are doing? Please consider sharing about us with your gardening family and friends on your social media pages.

New to Gardening?

Check out our ever developing informational resource, organized by geographical location, on the web at:

www.WebGrower.com

Or drop us an email at:
info@victoryseeds.com

Visit our website for kits, collections, books, cover crop seeds, tools and so much more.

Tomatoes (*Solanum lycopersicum*)

Unless otherwise noted, packs contain at least 20 seeds and are priced at \$2.45 per pack.

NOTE: Visit our web site for photos, more complete descriptions, and documented histories.

Growing Tomatoes: Start indoors 6 to 8 weeks prior to your last expected frost date. Do not direct sow into the garden. Sow seeds $\frac{1}{4}$ inch deep in sterile seed starting mix. Water lightly but keep moist until germination. After sprouting, water as needed. The optimal soil temperature for germination is between 75°F and 90°F.

Full light and cooler temperatures (60 to 70°F) will help to prevent the seedlings from becoming too leggy. If plants become root bound before you can safely set them into the ground, transplant into larger pots.

Harden off plants before planting outside. Young plants are tender and very susceptible to frost and sunburn damage. Avoid too much nitrogen. Water evenly and deeply but not in excess.

Selection tips — Determinate types ripen over 3 to 4 weeks and their bushes generally do not need staking. **Indeterminate** types continue to grow even after the fruit sets and continuously ripen until a frost arrives. **Tree-types**, also referred to as dwarfs, are very compact.

Dwarf Tomato Project Varieties

Additional varieties and more information about this global cooperative tomato breeding project can be found on our website. All of the dwarf varieties are compact with rugose leaves. They are perfect for container growing.

Adelaide Festival (3403141) {CNG} <OSSI>
80 days, tree-type — Rich purple colored fruit with green stripes that ripen to olive-gold. Smooth, oblate, 6 to 10 oz., very juicy and tender with a delicious, well-balanced flavor.

Big Green Dwarf (3403161) {CNG}
70 days, tree-type — Oblate, 8 to 14 oz. fruit, green flesh with an amber skin when ripe. Nice, well-balanced, fruity, sweet flavor.

Boronia (3403171) {CNG}
70 days, tree-type — Fruits are oblate, 4 to 16 oz., pink with dark shoulders with a smooth, meaty texture. Delicious, intense flavor quality.

Bundaberg Rumball (3403181) {CNG}
60 days, tree-type — Productive with 2 to 3 oz., round, chocolate-colored fruit with a delightful, balanced, sweet flavor.

Coorong Pink (3403861) {CNG} <OSSI> [NEW]
95 days, tree-type — Rugose, regular leaf plants, productive, 4 to 8 oz., flattened-globe shaped, pink fruits that are juicy, meaty with a nice mild flavor.

Order online and earn Victory Points™!

Dwarf Arctic Rose

(3403211) {CNG}
60 days, tree-type — Smooth, round to oblate, 3 to 8 oz., pink fruit. Well-balanced and delicious flavor.

Dwarf Beryl Beauty

(3402391) {CNG}
90 days, tree-type — Fruits are smooth, round, 3 to 5 ounces, and barely change color upon ripening. Some fruits develop a pale pink blossom end blush. Flavor is balanced, full and delicious.

Dwarf Blazing Beauty

(3403221) {CNG}
75 days, tree-type — Deep-orange, 4 to 14 oz., smooth, oblate fruits. The flavor sparkles with an intense, ample tart bite.

Dwarf Emerald Giant

(3402401) {CNG}
95 days, tree-type — Fruits are smooth, oblate, up to 16 ounces with bright green flesh and balanced, full and delicious flavor.

Dwarf Golden Heart

(3403231) {CNG}
70 days, tree-type — Productive, 4 to 10 oz., blunt, heart-shaped, medium yellow fruit. Sweet, balanced, delightful flavor.

Dwarf Jade Beauty

(3402611) {CNG}
85 days, tree-type — Sweet, round, 2 to 5 ounces, green when ripe but can have a hint of pink blush on the blossom end.

Dwarf Kelly Green

(3403241) {CNG}
75 days, tree-type — Round, green-fleshed, 3 to 6 oz. fruit. Well-balanced, full and delicious flavor.

Dwarf Lemon Ice

(3403251) {CNG} <OSSI>
70 days, tree-type — Yellow, 3 to 12 oz., heart-shaped fruit. Meaty with a mild, sweet but slightly tart flavor.

Dwarf Mahogany

(3403261) {CNG} <OSSI>
85 days, tree-type — Deep-red with chocolate shoulders, oblate, 5 to 25 oz., fruits with firm flesh with a rich, sweet and slightly tart, intense flavor.

Dwarf Pink Passion

(3403271) {CNG}
65 days, tree-type — Heart-shaped, 4 to 7 oz., pink fruit with a delightful, balanced, sweet flavor.

Dwarf Russian Swirl

(3403281) {CNG} <OSSI>
87 days, tree-type — Smooth, 4 to 12 oz., oblate-shaped fruits, colored yellow with red swirls and with a well-balanced and delicious flavor.

Dwarf Sweet Sue

(3403301) {CNG}
80 days, tree-type — Fruits are round to oblate, 5 to 18 oz., smooth, and bright yellow. Flavor is well-balanced, full, delicious with sweet overtones.

Dwarf Wild Fred

(3402621) {CNG}
85 days, tree-type — Medium size (up to 8 oz.), oblate but somewhat irregular shaped, meaty, purple fruits that have an excellent flavor.

Fred's Tie Dye

(3403311) {CNG}
75 days, tree-type — Productive with 5 to 6 oz., round, purple with jagged gold and green stripes and rich, intense, balanced flavors.

Iditarod Red

(3403321) {CNG}
80 days, tree-type — Smooth, round, 2 to 4 oz., red with a well-balanced and pleasant flavor.

Unless otherwise noted, tomato packets contain at least 20 seeds and are priced at \$2.45 per packet.

Kangaroo Paw Brown (3403331) {CNG} <OSSI>

90 days, tree-type — Round to flattened-globe, 2 to 6 oz., crimson flesh and dark, chocolate colored shoulders when ripe. Very tasty.

Kangaroo Paw Green (3403341) {CNG} <OSSI>

90 days, tree-type — Round to flattened-globe, 2 to 5 oz., green flesh and amber skin when ripe. Very tasty.

Kangaroo Paw Yellow (3403351) {CNG} <OSSI>

90 days, tree-type — Round to flattened-globe, 2 to 8 oz., bright yellow when ripe and very tasty.

Lucky Swirl (3403581) {CNG} <OSSI> [NEW]

90 days, tree-type — Rugose, regular leaf plants; 5 to 20 ounce, yellow and red bi-color fruits that are smooth, slightly ribbed, oblate shaped, juicy but meaty with a nice, mild and sweet flavor.

Perth Pride (3403361) {CNG}

80 days, tree-type — Perfectly round, 3 to 5 oz., smooth, purple colored fruits. Juicy, full, tangy flavored. Productive.

Rosella Crimson (3403371) {CNG}

78 days, tree-type — Productive plants. Oblate, 4 to 12 oz., pink fruits with an excellent flavor.

Sean's Yellow Dwarf (3403381) {CNG}

80 days, tree-type — Productive plants with oblate, bright yellow fruits, and providing a refreshing, bright, delicious flavor.

Sleeping Lady (3403391) {CNG}

85 days, tree-type — Smooth, round to oblate, 3 to 6 oz., chocolate-mahogany fruit. Well-balanced and pleasant flavor.

Summer Sunrise (3403401) {CNG}

80 days, tree-type — Smooth, 4 to 24 oz., oblate shaped, bright yellow fruit with a pronounced blossom end blush with a full, delicious flavor.

Summer Sweet Gold (3403411) {CNG}

90 days, tree-type — Oblate, smooth, 6 to 14 oz., medium yellow tomatoes, often showing a pale pink blossom end blush, that have an intense, wonderful and memorable flavor.

Summertime Gold (3403421) {CNG}

85 days, tree-type — Rugose, potato leaf plants; Smooth, oblate, 4 to 14 oz., pale-yellow fruit with pink blossom-end blush; intense, balanced yet sweet, flavor.

Summertime Green (3402631) {CNG}

85 days, tree-type — Oblate, up to 10 oz. fruits are green colored, sometimes with a pinkish or amber blush when ripe; tender, fleshy interior that is juicy, sweet and fruity tasting.

Sweet Scarlet (3403441) {CNG}

90 days, tree-type — Rugose, potato leaf plants; oblate, 6 to 16 oz., smooth, red fruit, with intense, complex flavor. One of the best of the dwarfs.

Uluru Ochre (3403451) {CNG} <OSSI>

65 days, tree-type — The first black/orange variety we've seen. Oblate, 6 to 12 oz. fruit with an absolutely delicious, smokey flavor. Productive.

Yukon Quest (3403471) {CNG}

75 days, tree-type — Its fruit are smooth and round to oblate, ranging from three to six ounces, and ripen pink. Flavor is well balanced and pleasant.

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**Other Dwarf Varieties**

**Alpatieva 905A (3402191) {CNG}**

65 days, determinate — Good flavored, red, 2 to 5 ounce, globe to oblate shaped, on dwarf plants with rugose leaves. Reach 24 inches tall. Old Russian variety.

**Burpee's Quarter Century (3402801) {CNG}**

90 days, tree-type — Fruits are red, solid, smooth, crackless, 2 to 10 ounces, with a nice balanced flavor. Released by W. A. Burpee in 1901.

**Dwarf Champion #15 (3401051) {CNG}**

80 days, tree-type — Compact, rugose leaf plants with 3 to 6 ounce fruits. Good flavor and texture for slicing. Similar to other Dwarf Champion varieties.

**Dwarf Champion (3401041) {CNG}**

80 days, tree-type — Compact, rugose leaf plants with 3 to 8 ounce pink fruits. Tastes slightly tangy but is mild and has sweet overtones and is excellent for slicing.

**Dwarf Champion Improved (3401061) {CNG}**

85 days, tree-type — Similar to Dwarf Champion. Compact, rugose leaf plants with 3 to 5 ounce pink fruits. Good flavor and texture for slicing.

**Dwarf Giant (Burpee's) (3402351) {CNG}**

80 days, determinate — Rugose leaf, bush-type plant with oblate, pink fruit that weigh up to about ten ounces. Introduced in 1909 by W. A. Burpee.

**Extreme Bush (3401371) {CNG}**

50 days, determinate — The plants are 12 to 28-inches tall, very productive, with leaves that curl up and inward. Fruits are very flavorful, average 3 ounces, are red and globe-shaped.

**Golden Dwarf Champion (3400891) {CNG}**

90 days, tree-type — Fruits are bright lemon-yellow with firm, lighter yellow flesh, weigh 2 to 5 ounces and are globe-shaped. Very productive. Released by W. Atlee Burpee in 1898.

**Lime Green Salad (3401671) {CNG}**

85 days, determinate — Flavorful, 2 to 6 ounce globe-shaped green fruit on dwarf plants. Flesh is lime green. Mild, sweet, slightly tart aftertaste, and very juicy.

**New Big Dwarf (3401531) {CNG}**

90 days, tree-type — Large (one pound), delicious fruits develop on dwarf, short, bushy, two to four foot tall plants. Released by S. M. Isbell in 1909.

**Polish Dwarf (3402011) {CNG}**

60 days, tree-type — Plants reach 30 inches and produce 1 to 4 ounce, red, globe-shaped fruits. Keeps producing throughout the season.

As a mission driven organization, your feedback is very important to us.

## Red Fruited

### **Abraham Lincoln (3400011) {CNG}**

87 days, indeterminate — Sturdy plants produce large, dark red, solid, sweet and meaty fruits. Excellent for juices, sauces, and catsup. Released by H.W. Buckbee Seed of Rockford, IL.

### **Ace 55 VF**

80 days, determinate — A medium late, red, firm, mild flavored, oblate fruit. Disease resistant, productive, canning variety.

**3400021 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.45**

**3400022 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.25**

**3400023 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.25**

### **Acme, DeGiorgi (3402161) {CNG}**

70 days, indeterminate — Beautiful and tasty fruits. A great looking oblate, red variety.

### **Ashleigh (3402341) {CNG}**

89 days, indeterminate — Fruits of this family heirloom tomato are meaty, red, generally heart-shaped, but with some being beefsteak shaped, and huge, weighing from ten to thirty six ounces.

### **Australian Giant Oxheart (3401271) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Delicious fruits reach up to 20 ounces, are red and heart-shaped with very few seeds. Originated in Australia.

### **Beefsteak**

90 days, indeterminate — A very old variety with extra large, meaty, ribbed, deep scarlet fruit. Weighs about 12 ounces. Good for slicing.

**3400031 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.45**

**3400032 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.25**

**3400033 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.25**

### **Bisignano #2 (3401291) {CNG}**

80 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants with 4 to 16 ounce, red, variably shaped (oblate to elongated), wonderfully flavored fruits. Though fine for sauce, it's also a great eating tomato.

### **Brandywine, Red (3400041) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — The best known heirloom tomato. The disease tolerant, regular leaf plants yield fruits that are red, globe to oblate shaped and flavorful. Introduced by the Johnson and Stokes Seed Company in 1889.

### **Burgess Mammoth Wonder (3401981) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — A nice full flavored variety. Meaty but not dry, slightly acidic with complex aftertastes. Fruits are oblate in shape and reach up to 20 ounces in weight.

### **Cal Ace**

80 days, semi-determinate — Improved version of 'Ace', tends to be earlier, thicker walled, and sets well in warm weather. Fruits are oblate-shaped, meaty, sweet, smooth skinned and ripe uniformly.

**3402061 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.45**

**3402062 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.25**

**3402063 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.25**

### **Cardinal (3401331) {CNG}**

86 days, indeterminate — An interesting plant with small to medium sized (2 to 10 ounce), red

colored, flattened globe shaped fruits. Good flavor, slightly tart. Released in 1894 by W. Atlee Burpee.

### **Century (3402841) {CNG}**

75 days, indeterminate — Beautiful, smooth-skinned fruits weigh up to 12 ounces, are flattened-globe shaped, and red in color. Very productive. Introduced in 1901.

### **Condon's Peerless (3401231) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Beautiful, uniform shape, nice red color, juicy, and full-flavored tomato. Introduced about 1926.

### **Crimson Cushion (3400071) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — A very old late-seasoned, wilt-resistant beefsteak variety. The fruits are large, 14 to 16 ounce, deeply ribbed, irregular, bright scarlet, juicy, yet solid and very prolific. Nice balance of tart and sweet.

### **Danko (3402221) {CNG}**

61 days, determinate — The fruits are red, heart-shaped, weigh 3 to 14 ounces, and have a good flavor. A Russian commercial variety.

### **De Barao Polosaty (3402231) {CNG}**

100 days, indeterminate — A rare Russian variety. Very productive. Produces striped, bi-color, oval-shaped, 2 to 4 ounce fruits.

### **Delicious (3400081) {CNG}**

77 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants set loads of huge, one pound or larger, smooth skinned, red, fairly crack resistant fruits with solid interiors and very few seeds.

### **Dr. Walter (3402931) {CNG}**

79 days, semi-determinate — Regular leaf plants with 2 to 10 ounce, red, globe to elongated shaped fruits that are mild flavored.

### **Earliana (3400571) {CNG}**

65 days, indeterminate — Extra early 5 to 6 ounce fruit is set in clusters of six tomatoes or more. The bright red color and tasty flavor makes this a great early tomato. Introduced about 1910.

### **Earliosa No. 6 (3401591) {CNG}**

70 days, indeterminate — The plants produce good amounts of medium sized, red, flattened-globe shaped fruits.

### **Fakel (3402941) {CNG}**

85 days, determinate — Compact, productive, regular leaf plants with bright fire-red, globe to slightly elongated, 2 to 5 oz. fruits that grow in clusters and easily slip from the vines. Soviet-era Moldovan variety released in about 1970.

### **Flora-Dade**

74 days, determinate — Extremely popular market tomato. Adapted to humid Southern climate. The fruit are red, seven ounce, firm, smooth, with a deep globe shape. SVF 1 & 2 disease tolerance. Bred by the Univ. of Florida and released in 1976.

**3400091 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.45**

**3400092 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.25**

**3400093 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.25**

**Florida Special (3402821) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Productive plants with red, oblate, nice sized, 9 ounce fruits with a fine texture and flavor.

**Gill's All Purpose (3402521) {CNG}**

90 days, semi-determinate — Attractive, regular-leaf, high yielding plants. Fruits are good sized (about 3 inches in diameter), globe-shaped, and deep-red. Good for canning, juicing, slicing and eating fresh off the vine. Bred by Gill Bros. Seed Co. of Portland, Oregon and introduced in 1947.

**Gill's Red Heart (3403791) {CNG} [NEW]**

95 days, indeterminate — Regular-leaf, productive plants. Fruits are 5 to 12 ounces, emerald-green ripening to deep red, globe to slightly oblate shaped, with juicy, meaty flesh and few seeds. Tasty, balanced flavor. A good canning and processing tomato. Introduced by Gill Bros. Seed Co. of Portland, Oregon in 1939.

**Glacier (3402141) {CNG}**

55 days, determinate — The potato leaf plants set beautiful, red, globe-shaped, 1 to 3 ounce fruits that are tasty and sweet. Very early.

**Glamour (3400101) {CNG}**

74 days, indeterminate — Glamour sets heavy clusters of red, six ounce fruits that are almost globe-shaped, solid and crack resistant. 1957.

**Greater Baltimore (3400611) {CNG}**

95 days, indeterminate — Regular leafed plants with red, slightly flattened globe shaped fruits. Introduced in 1905.

**Gogoshary (3402251) {CNG}**

85 days, semi-determinate — Moldovan heirloom sent to us by Andrey Baranovski of Minsk. Red, 2 to 5 ounce, slightly ribbed, semi-stuffer type fruits.

**Heinz VF (3400111) {CNG}**

75 days, determinate — Early, bright red, crack resistant fruit. Heavy yielder with Fusarium and Verticillium disease resistance.

**Herman's Special (3402501) {CNG}**

70 days, indeterminate — High yielding with large red beefsteak-type fruits that weigh between four and sixteen ounces.

**Homestead 24**

80 days, determinate — Fruits set under a wide range of conditions, making it popular the world over. Plants are large with dense foliage producing eight ounce, red fruits that are meaty, firm, and consistently uniform. Released in 1956.

**3400121 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.45**

**3400122 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.25**

**3400123 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.25**

**Improved Colossal Red (3401811) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — It is a large, red, wonderful slicer with a good balance of sweet and tartness, a great texture, and very meaty.

**Indark (3402831) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Beautiful, smooth-skinned fruits that are oblate in shape, red in color, meaty, tasty and large (weighing up to 20 ounces).

They are also resistant to cracking and Fusarium wilt. Released in 1954.

**Jerusalem (3402661) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants with excellent production. The heart-shaped fruits are large (12 to 16 ounces), red, and have very good flavor. Sent to us by Sammie Long of Tennessee.

**J.T.D. (3401821) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Fruits are 6 to 16 ounces, red, globe to oblate shaped and tasty. Named to honor J.T. Dorrance, the man who developed Campbell's soups. Very productive.

**Legend (3401831) {CNG}**

90 days, determinate — Released by OSU in 2003. The red fruits are mostly seedless, large and resistant to races of late blight. Adapted for areas with cooler weather.

**Linnie's Oxheart (3402271) {CNG}**

97 days, indeterminate — Fruits are red, heart-shaped, weighing 6 to 18 ounces. Introduced by "Big Red" from Kentucky, he got the seeds from a neighbor, Linnie Sears. She had been growing this variety for many years prior.

**Lvinoe Serdtse (3403001) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Russian variety whose name means "Lion's Heart." Plants are regular leaf with 4 to 12 ounce, red, oblate to slightly elongated fruits, some being pointed on the blossom end. Excellent slicer, also for canning.

**Louisiana Red (3401121) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Bred by C. W. Edgerton by crossing 'Louisiana Wilt Resistant' and 'Earliana' and released in 1918. It is one of the early wilt resistant varieties. Fruits are red, slightly flattened globe shaped and weigh 3 to 14 ounces.

**Lutescent Long Red (3401841) {CNG}**

100 days, indeterminate — From Canada. Its foliage yellows as it matures, from the bottom of the plant up, similar to 'Honor Bright'. The fruits are deep globed shaped, 4 to 11 ounces, and turn from a nearly white color to red at maturity.

**Ludmilla Red Plum (3402541) {CNG}**

80 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants, very productive with 6 to 10 ounce, red, plum-shaped fruits. Excellent flavor, meaty, few seeds. A good choice for fresh eating, canning or sauces.

**Mala Bishka (3402671) {CNG}**

90 days, semi-determinate — Compact, regular leaf plants produce red, 8 to 16 ounce, beefsteak type fruits. Excellent fresh eating quality and flavor.

**Malinovaya Grusha (3402361) {CNG}**

90 days, semi-determinate — The fruits are lovely, pear shaped, red and weigh from 1 to 6 ounces. Russian variety sent in by Andrey Baranovski.

**Marglobe (3400131)**

75 days, determinate — Developed by Fred Pritchard of the USDA. One of the first varieties with good resistance to Verticillium and Fusarium wilt. A parent to many newer tomato varieties. Fruits are red, smooth, solid, 6 ounce, crack

resistant. Its earliness favored its adoption in the canning regions of the North. Released in 1925.

#### **Marmande (3402091) {CNG}**

65 days, semi-determinate — Prolific producer of medium-sized (up to 13 oz.), slightly ribbed oblate fruits that are red with an excellent flavor. Bred by Vilmorin Seed Co., and introduced about 1897.

#### **Marvana (3402891) {CNG}**

68 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants with red, globe to slightly elongated, 4 to 5 ounce fruits. Very early. Released in 1924.

#### **Matchless, Burpee's (3400901) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — A main crop variety with fruits that are red, flattened-globe in shape and about six ounces in weight. They are juicy, with a slightly sweet, mildly acid, good flavor. Introduced in 1889 by W. Atlee Burpee.

#### **Matchum (3401261) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Productive, regular leaf plants with red, flattened globe shaped, 7 to 10 ounce fruits. It was introduced by the Schell Seed Company in 1929.

#### **Maule's Success (3401451) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — The red, oblate fruits range from 5 to 13 ounces and have a good, "red tomato" flavor. Introduced by William Henry Maule Seeds prior to 1907.

#### **McGee (3402001) {CNG}**

55 days, indeterminate — A really early variety. The fruits are one to three ounces, red, smooth-skinned, and globe-shaped. They are mild, slightly tart with a good lingering aftertaste.

#### **Medford (3401861) {CNG}**

80 days, determinate — Introduced by Oregon State Univ. Early to medium-early depending on location. Fruit medium (6 to 13 ounces), uniform red color. Solid, good flavor and internal color.

#### **Mediterranean (3401461) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — A bee keeper from the Mediterranean brought this to the Corbett, OR area. Fruits are sweet, weigh up to 2 pounds, and range in shape from globe to large, double-hearts.

#### **Millet's Dakota (3401491) {CNG}**

77 days, indeterminate — Listed in the 1934 Oscar H. Will's catalog as, "The hardest, most drought resistant early Tomato." Originated by John W. Millet of Bismarck, ND. Introduced by Will's in 1913. The fruits are red, oblate, and 4 to 8 ounces.

#### **Moneymaker (3400621) {CNG}**

80 days, indeterminate — An old English greenhouse variety. Reliable, heavy crops of red, 4 to 5 ounce, globe-shaped fruits. Handles humidity well in the greenhouse or outside. The plants are open allowing for good air circulation.

#### **Moravsky Div (3402441) {CNG}**

70 days, determinate — Czech for "The Wonder from Moravia." Compact, potato leaf, productive plants; Red, globe-shaped, 2 ounce fruits. Very good tasting.

#### **Moskvich (3400151) {CNG}**

60 days, indeterminate — An heirloom variety said to have originated in Eastern Siberia. The vines produce flavorful, 4 to 6 ounce, deep red, smooth, globe-shaped fruit. Tolerant of cooler temperatures and starts producing early.

#### **Nepal (3401521) {CNG}**

78 days, indeterminate — Wonderfully flavored, round, medium sized red tomato. A good canning tomato. Sent to us by Craig LeHoullier who said, "It is still a favorite of mine."

#### **Norduke (3402371) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Red-fruited canning variety of the 'Stone' type. Plants are large, erect, with large, smooth, oblate, fairly meaty fruits. Bred by Fred Pritchard, USDA, and released in 1922.

#### **Oregon Eleven (3401691) {CNG}**

70 days, determinate — Bred by Dr. James Baggett of OSU in 1982. Red, nicely flavored, globe-shaped, 2-inch in diameter fruits. Very early and prolific.

#### **Oregon Spring**

85 days, determinate — Another from Dr. Baggett of OSU. Early, large, red, nearly seedless fruit. Sets under cool temperature conditions. Verticillium wilt race 1 resistant. Released in 1984.

**3401701 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.45**

**3401702 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.25**

**3401703 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.25**

#### **Pan America (3401141) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Good for fresh eating, marketing, and canning. Oblate-shaped, 3 to 10 ounce, red, full flavored fruits. Released in 1941.

#### **Pearson Improved (3402101) {CNG}**

80 days, determinate — Adapted for semi-arid regions. Fruits are red, 7 ounce, flattened-globe, beautifully smooth skinned and tasty. Good home and market gardens. Introduced in 1942.

#### **Précocibec (3402301) {CNG}**

73 days, determinate — Tolerant of cool spring nights, early and productive. Good choice as a home canning tomato. Introduced in 1974.

#### **Pritchard (aka Scarlet Topper) (3401181) {CNG}**

90 days, semi-determinate — Productive, compact plants with scarlet red, globe shaped, 5 to 10 ounce mild flavored fruits. Released in 1926.

#### **Prue (3402031) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Leaves are wispy and droopy. Very productive. Red, great flavored fruits are an elongated heart shape with a bump or nipple on the blossom end. An old family heirloom.

#### **Red Stuffer (3400651) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Very prolific. Red-orange, 3 to 4 celled fruit. The center seed cluster, similar to that of a bell pepper, is easily removed. Ideal for using as an edible container.

#### **Russian Red (3401561) {CNG}**

75 days, tree-type — Bred in New Zealand and released in 1949. Commercially it was not popular

as the fruit was "too small." It became the most popular New Zealand home garden variety. Very hardy, reaches about five feet high. Fruits are small, juicy, red and great flavored.

#### Rutgers (3400171)

75 days, indeterminate — Fruits are 6 ounce, bright red; globular, slightly flattened with smooth, thick walls that are crack resistant. Released in 1934, it is a cross between 'J.T.D.' and 'Marglobe'. Good for slicing and cooking.

**3400171 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.45**

**3400172 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.25**

**3400173 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.25**

#### Sakhariny Pudovichok (3403041) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Siberian variety whose name loosely means "Sugar Pounder" or "Ton of Sugar." Regular leaf plants with beefsteak-type, red, 4 to 20 ounce, very juicy and flavorful fruits.

#### Salsa (3400451) {CNG}

70 days, determinate — Early, solid, meaty but juicy, globe-shaped red fruits that weigh 6 ounces.

#### Santiam (3401911) {CNG}

75 days, determinate — Early and large-fruited. Good fruit set under cool temperatures of western Oregon. Great for slicing. Good tart flavor. No seeds in the first fruits.

#### Siberia (3400181) {CNG}

50 days, determinate — Early, bright red fruits weighing up to 5 ounces. Capable of setting fruits at 38°F. However, it is still not frost hardy. Rumored to have been smuggled out of the Soviet Union in 1975.

#### Silvery Fir Tree (3402711) {CNG}

73 days, determinate — Compact plants with lacy, delicate, unusual leaves. Benefits from support. Fruits are red, oblate, 4 to 10 ounce, meaty and have an excellent flavor. Russian heirloom.

#### Special Turkish (3401571) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Meaty, large (13 to 17 ounce), oblate-shaped, tasty, pink slicing tomato. Collected in Turkey in the early 1970s.

#### Starfire (3402121) {CNG}

70 days, determinate — Bred at Morden Experimental Farm in Manitoba and released in 1963. Here in Oregon it is one of the most prolific and healthy looking varieties we grow. Fruits are oblate shaped and bright-red color.

#### Stick (aka Curl) (3402041) {CNG}

65 days, indeterminate — Interesting plants with unique, tight clusters that look like pom-poms. Fruits are globe shaped, red, up to 3 inches on stalks that look like sticks and can reach up to about six feet high under the right conditions.

#### Stupice (3400661) {CNG}

50 days, indeterminate — Potato-leaf, four foot tall plants loaded with clusters of 2 inch diameter fruits. Very early, great flavor. Heavy yields all season. Introduced to the U.S. from Czechoslovakia in about 1976. Pronounced "stu-peek-a."

#### Super Sioux (aka Super Lakota)

70 days, indeterminate — A good choice for hot, dry locations and sets fruit well in high temperatures. Red, globe-shaped, thick walled and fleshy fruits have a nice old-time tart flavor. Good for home garden, processing and early fresh market.

**3402131 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.45**

**3402132 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.25**

**3402133 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.25**

#### Tabletalk, Burpee's (3401321) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf, compact bush-type plant but not determinate. Deep globe fruit with solid meaty interior, medium sized (4 to 6 ounce) red fruits. Crack resistant. Similar to 'Marglobe' from which it originated as a single-plant selection. Released about 1941.

#### Tait's Trucker's Delight (3403051) {CNG}

86 days, indeterminate — An old Southern variety. Regular leaf plants with red, 2 to 10 ounce, globe to elongated-globe shaped fruits. Released by George Tait & Sons Seed Co., It has not been commercially available for several decades.

#### Thorobred Trucker's Delight (3403061) {CNG}

91 days, indeterminate — Another old Southern variety from George Tait & Sons Seed Co. Regular leaf plants with red, 2 to 10 ounce, globe to elongated-globe shaped fruits. It has not been commercially available for several decades.

#### Uralskiy Ranniy (3402321) {CNG}

51 days, determinate — Russian for "Early from the Urals." Extremely early, Russian variety. Enormous amounts of red, globe-shaped, smooth skin, mild flavor, 1 to 6 ounce fruits, borne in clusters of 6 to 10.

#### Variegated (aka Splash of Cream) (3401951)

{CNG} 95 days, indeterminate — This is a very unique variety. We have seen a lot of tomatoes but this is the first tomato variety that we have seen that is variegated. The fruits are small (two to five ounces) and red at maturity. Very productive.

#### Victory (3400701) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Our original seed came from a seed saver in Sweden. The red fruits are two-celled, smooth skinned, very juicy and sweet, nearly globe-shaped bearing of clusters of 8 to 10 fruits weighing 1 to 3 ounces each.

#### Wayahead (3401961) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — We believe that this is the old variety, also known as 'Hudson Valley' or 'Potato-leaved Earlianana' sold by S. M. Isbell & Company of Jackson, MS. Smooth, tasty, small (2 to 8 ounce) red fruit.

#### Willamette (3400681) {CNG}

70 days, determinate — Bred in the early 1960s by Dr. J. R. Baggett of OSU. Fruits are 3½ to 7 ounce, unusually smooth, globe to deep globe shaped with small stem and blossom scars, good color and solidity. Resistant to radial cracking. Adapted to the western valleys of the U.S. and Canada, New York, and Michigan.

Good for you for reading this far!!!

**Yubileyny Tarasenko (3402331) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Vigorous, very prolific plant with red, 2 to 5 ounce, pointed fruits. Bred by the famous Ukrainian plant breeder Fyodor Tarasenko who released it in 1987. It's named to honor his 75<sup>th</sup> jubilee. Sent in by Andrey Baranovski of Minsk.

**Zleovo (3402741) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — The regular leaf plants are productive. The fruits are borne in clusters, small in size (weighing two to four ounces), red in color, globe-shaped and taste excellent.



**Pink, Purple & Black Fruited**

**Alpha Pink (3402781) {CNG}**

69 days, indeterminate — Prolific plants with beautiful, smooth-skinned, pink, 14 ounce, oblate, mild fruit. Introduced in 1915.

**Anna Maria's Heart (3402201) {CNG}**

83 days, indeterminate — Sent to us by Carolyn Male who received it from Scott Hamilton of Germany. An heirloom of his wife's family that originated in Russia. Named after his wife. Pink, 4 to 16 ounce, heart-shaped fruits.

**Anna Russian (3400541) {CNG}**

87 days, indeterminate — Productive, regular leaf plants. Oxheart shaped, meaty, 3 to 6 ounce, pink with light green shouldered fruits.

**Black Krim (3400211)**

80 days, indeterminate — Sweet, mild, rich flavor, 12 ounce, brownish-purple to maroon colored fruit with green shoulders.

**Bradley (3400221)**

80 days, semi-determinate — Short plants with dense foliage cover when staked and pruned. Pink fruit with green shoulders in the 7-ounce range, excellent fresh market quality. Fusarium wilt resistant but can crack. Released in 1961.

**Brandywine, Pink (3400231) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Potato-leaf foliage with very large, oblate-shaped, reddish, pink fruits averaging 16 to 24 ounces each. Exceptional flavor, gourmet quality.

**Brandywine, Sudduth (3401311) {CNG}**

80 days, indeterminate — Potato-leaf plants produce pink, oblate, large (14 to 36 ounce) fruits. Excellent flavor. Sudduth family heirloom.

**Caspian Pink (3400241) {CNG}**

80 days, indeterminate — Reportedly an heirloom discovered in Russia by a Petoseed Co. employee shortly after the Cold War ended. It has large, oblate, pink fruits weighing up to 11 ounces. The flavor is mild and sweet.

**Cherokee Purple (3400251)**

80 days, indeterminate — Fruits are large (12 to 16 ounces), dark pink with dark purple shoulders. Excellent complex flavor, slightly sweet aftertaste. Introduced by Craig LeHoullier who received it

from J. D. Green of TN. At least 100 years old and reportedly grown by the Cherokee Indians.

**Cooper's Special (3402581) {CNG}**

90 days, semi-determinate — Plants have good leaf coverage. Beautiful, pink, globe-shaped, 3 to 9 ounce, smooth skin, fruits. Released in 1923.

**Cosner (3402601) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants with dark pink, 8 to 12 ounce, good flavored fruits. Generally an elongated-globe shape, sometimes developing into a classic heart shape.

**Curry (3401771) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — An old family heirloom. The regular leaf plants produce large, pink, delicious, beefsteak-type fruits.

**Dester (3402911) {CNG}**

92 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants with pink, 6 to 24 ounce, beefsteak-type, oblate shaped fruits. It is an excellent, tasty slicing tomato. An old family heirloom from Germany.

**Dinner Plate (3402921) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf variety that produces large (up to 24 ounce), pink, heart-shaped fruits that when sliced, have the potential of covering a dinner plate.

**Dots Delight (3402151) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — A rare heirloom. The fruits are nice, large, pink fruits. The plants are sturdy and potato leaf.

**Early Bird (3401361) {CNG}**

80 days, indeterminate — A nice, tart flavored, pink tomato weighing up to 15 ounces. Released by Johnson & Stokes of Philadelphia in 1899.

**Early Detroit (3402551) {CNG}**

67 days, indeterminate — Firm and juicy, beautifully bright-pink, two to four ounce, globe-shaped fruits with a good flavor and a sweet aftertaste. Released by Ferry Seed Co. in 1909.

**Early Detroit No. 17 (3402751) {CNG}**

70 days, indeterminate — Pink, globe to oblate shaped, 2 to 5 ounce fruits with firm flesh but reasonably juicy and with a good flavor and a slightly sweet finish.

**Eva Purple Ball (3401071) {CNG}**

75 days, indeterminate — Reportedly from the Black Forest region of Germany in the late 1800s. The fruits are smooth, uniformly globe shaped, about 6 ounces, and deep pink in color. Excellent taste. Good canning variety. Very prolific.

**Ferris Wheel (3401091) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Pink, juicy, mild and slightly sweet. The largest fruit in our grow out weighed 32 ounces! Some fruit as small as 8 ounces but a pound is typical. Released by the John A. Salzer Seed Co. in about 1907.

**Fioletovy Krugly (3402241) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — This Russian variety's name means "Purple Round" in English. Plants have beautiful grayish foliage. Fruits are globe-

shaped, dark purple, grow in clusters of six fruits. Excellent meaty texture and sweet flavor.

#### **Fish Lake Oxheart (3402641) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — A productive, regular leaf type with scarlet, heart-shaped, 12 to 16 ounce fruits. Excellent flavor.

#### **Fordhook First, Burpee's (3400991) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Good flavored, pink fruits, up to six ounces. Released about 1894.

#### **German Johnson (3400261) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants. The beefsteak-type fruits reach up to a pound, are meaty, reddish-pink, and are mild but flavorful. A great slicing tomato for burgers and sandwiches.

#### **Giant Belgium Pink (3400271) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Sweet fruits averaging 1 to 2 pounds. Dark pink fruit with smooth ends. Low acid, mild flavor.

#### **Giroc (3402961) {CNG}**

82 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants produce 18 to 24 ounce, pink, beefsteak-type fruits. An excellent slicing variety, it is a Romanian variety introduced to American seed savers by Geza Korbely of Hungary.

#### **Globe, Burpee's (3400881) {CNG}**

78 days, indeterminate — Likely a selection of 'Livingston's Globe'. Heavy yielding, vigorous, pink fruits are globular, smooth and very solid; good quality. An AAS® winner in 1936.

#### **Glovel (3402861) {CNG}**

75 days, indeterminate — Vigorous and productive. Fruits are pink, 4 to 16 ounces, firm, and mild in flavor. Reportedly wilt-resistant.

#### **Grandpa Charlie (3401801) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Potato leaf plants produce up to one pound, pink fruits that are mildly tart and full flavored. A family heirloom.

#### **Indian Stripe (3401381) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Productive, compact plants with oblate shaped fruits. Similar to Cherokee Purple's dusky rose color but not as dark on the shoulders and with some occasional green striping. Flavor is best when fully ripe.

#### **Jimmy Joe (3401401) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Juicy but firm. Large (6 to 20 ounce) pink, globe to flattened-globe in shape fruits on regular leaf plants.

#### **Kosovo (3401421) {CNG}**

75 days, indeterminate — Slightly willowy growth, 6 to 8 feet high, pink, fleshy, slicer-type fruit. Heart, double-heart, and large flat shaped fruit all on the same plant averaging 1 to 2 pounds in weight. Very tasty. Very early for such large fruits.

#### **Lincoln-Adams (3402531) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Potato leaf plants with pink, oblate, mild flavored, 8 to 16 ounce fruits. Quite attractive. An old Kentucky family heirloom.

**Tomatoes are definitely a specialty of ours.**

#### **Louisiana All Season (3402851) {CNG}**

89 days, indeterminate — Productive plants with oblate, 4 to 16 ounce, pink fruits. Bred to set fruit under higher temperatures and to be resistant to Fusarium Wilt. Released in 1950.

#### **Louisiana Dixie (3401111) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Vigorous and resistant to fusarium wilt and cracking. Globe-shaped, slightly flattened, pink fruits. Released in 1936.

#### **Louisiana Gulf State (3401441) {CNG}**

78 days, indeterminate — Developed by Dr. Julian C. Miller, LA AES in Baton Rouge and released by Reuter Seed Co. in 1936. Described as a "highly refined selection of the famous 'Gulf State Market'." High yielding, vigorous, uniform, disease resistant and tasty. Fruits average 8 to 12 ounces, globe to flattened-globe in shape.

#### **Marianna's Peace (3401021) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Family heirloom from Czechoslovakia. Potato leaf foliage. Deep reddish pink fruits weigh around a pound; good sweet to acid flavor balance. Very meaty with few seeds.

#### **Marvelosa (3402571) {CNG}**

83 days, indeterminate — Productive plants. Pink, 4 to 8 ounce, smooth, meaty, globular to slightly oblate fruits that ripen uniformly. Once popular with Southern truck growers. Released in 1924.

#### **Mexico (3400631) {CNG}**

80 days, indeterminate — Plants grow very tall provide good amounts of 1 to 2 pound, dark pink fruits. Makes a good, thick juice. Not watery.

#### **Mildglobe, Hastings (3400951) {CNG}**

75 days, indeterminate — Fruits are pink, 6 to 12 ounce, flattened-globe shaped, mild flavored with a hint of sweetness. Plants are large, stout and vigorous. Fruit set is moderate to heavy. Introduced by the Hastings Seed Co. in 1942.

#### **Mikarda Sweet (3401481) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — One of the original Russian varieties offered by High Altitude Seed in 1990. Very unusual pink, elongated fruit having excellent flavor atypical of paste types.

#### **Monarch (aka Buist's Monarch) (3401501)**

**{CNG}** 80 days, indeterminate — Pink, 8 to 18 ounce, oblate in shape fruits. Quite interesting, complex and tasty. Tart, but not sour, with subtle sweet undertones and lingering aftertastes.

#### **Mortgage Lifter (aka Radiator Charlie's Mortgage Lifter) (3400141) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Pink, over a pound and one of the best flavored beefsteaks available. The legend is that it was bred by Mr. M. C. Byles (aka Radiator Charlie) of Logan, WV. It is said that he then sold plants for one dollar each and paid off his mortgage in six years.

#### **Mortgage Lifter Pale Leaf (3401511) {CNG}**

86 days, indeterminate — Unusual, chartreuse colored pale foliage (similar to 'Livingston's Honor Bright') with standard 'Mortgage Lifter' fruit. The fruits are large, pink and deliciously flavored.

#### New King (3401681) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Beautiful, large (up to one pound), smooth skinned, pink, flattened globe shaped fruits. Similar to 'Ponderosa'.

#### Paul Robeson (3403021) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Old Russian variety. Regular leaf plants. Large (up to 20 ounce), beefsteak-type, maroon-black shouldered fruits that are sweet, very juicy and flavorful. Introduced to America in the mid-1990s by Marina Danilenko.

#### Peak of Perfection (3401151) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Smooth, globe-shaped, 6 to 8 ounce, pink, and nice flavored fruits. Introduced by the John A. Salzer Seed Company of La Crosse, Wisconsin in about 1927.

#### Pink Accordion (3401161) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Interesting, pleated shaped, 5 to 10 ounce fruits. What is surprising is that they are a good flavored slicing tomato.

#### Pinkshipper (3401171) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Fruits are smooth, globular, pink, mild tasting and an excellent slicing tomato. Resistant to fusarium wilt. Released by the USDA in 1957.

#### Ponderosa

88 days, indeterminate — Large, purplish-pink fruit, excellent mild flavor, for slicing and canning, 12 ounces to 2 pounds in clusters of 3 to 5 fruits, with small seed cavities. Plants are late-maturing, heavy yielding, require staking. Released by Peter Henderson in 1891.

**3400291 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.45**

**3400292 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.25**

**3400293 — 1 gram (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.25**

#### Prudens Purple (3400641) {CNG}

70 days, indeterminate — Potato leaf variety with delicious, large, 12 to 16 ounce fruit with dark pink skin and crimson flesh.

#### Redfield Beauty (3401761) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Reportedly a selection of Livingston's Beauty. Beautiful, smooth, oblate-shaped, 6 to 12 ounce pink fruits. Excellent flavor, mild but slightly tart. Good slicing variety.

#### Rozovy Gigant (3402311) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Russian for "Pink Giant." The plants are compact producing large, pink, flattened, fruits weighing up to forty ounces!

#### Rozovy Izumnyi (3403031) {CNG}

86 days, indeterminate — Means "Pink Raisin-like" in English. Regular leaf plants with pink, 3 to 12 ounce, beefsteak-type fruits. Excellent, sweet, slicing variety. From seed collector Tamara Yaschenko of Biysk, Siberia, Russia in 2006.

#### Special Turkish (3401571) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Good taste, meaty, large (13 to 17 ounce), oblate-shaped, pink slicing tomato. Sent to us by M. Christensen of OR who was given seeds in 1972 from a co-worker who got them from friends who had collected them while serving in Turkey in the Peace Corps.

#### Tennessee Britches (3401931) {CNG}

95 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants, good leaf coverage, produce huge (up to 40 ounce), pink fruits. Rare heirloom.

#### Tennessee Heirloom (3401621) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — A really good potato leaf variety with meaty, large (up to 2 pounds), pink fruits. Excellent slicer with great taste. From Phillip Meadows of Middle Tennessee whose family has been growing it for over a century.

#### Traveler (3400201) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Some seed companies have begun erroneously calling this variety by the name "Arkansas Traveler". Released by the University of Arkansas in 1970. Mild flavor, 6 ounce, pink colored fruits. Bred for the Southern U.S. but has done well for us here in Oregon.

#### Traveler 76 (3400301) {CNG}

78 days, indeterminate — Released by the University of Arkansas in 1976. Fruits are dark pink when mature, 6 ounce with a good flavor. Heat and drought resistant. Better fruit size and increased crack resistance over 'Traveler'.

#### Trucker's Favorite, Burpee's (3401631) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Originated in Burlington County, New Jersey and released by Burpee before 1899. Six to 12 ounce, pink, globe-shaped fruits, with a fair resistance to cracking. Nice taste and keeps producing right up until frost.

#### True Black Brandywine (3403091) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — The oblate fruits have shoulders with a dusky, dark mahogany color that bleeds deeply into its flesh.

#### Valena Pink (3401601) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — A personal family heirloom introduced in 2005. Large, pink fruits, great flavor, meaty, yet juicy. Potato leaf variety given to us in 1999 by Denise's Grandpa Valena who got the seeds from family in Italy. Asked how long the family had been growing it in the old country, we got the vague reply, "forever."

#### Wood's Famous Brimmer (3401581) {CNG}

76 days, indeterminate — Released by T. W. Wood & Sons Seed Co. before 1924. The pink, flattened-globe shaped fruits average 12 ounces but can reach over 2 pounds.



#### Orange, Yellow, Green & White Fruited

#### Anna Banana Russian (3402051) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Bright yellow to orange version of 'Anna Russian' Heart shaped, delicious, up to 13 ounce fruit with a slight pink blush inside.

#### Aunt Ruby's German Green (3400551) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — From Ruby Arnold of Greenville, TN. Beefsteak fruits are 5 inches in diameter by 4 inches deep and weigh one pound or more. Sweet juicy flesh, refreshing spicy flavor.

### Azoychka (3401281) {CNG}

60 days, indeterminate — This is a variety brought from Russia and made available through SSE in 1995. It is a regular leaf plant, quite early, good sized (5 to 8 ounces) oblate shaped, yellow (not golden or orange) fruit with bright yellow interiors and a nice tart taste. Not the typical sweet or fruity flavor people associate with yellow varieties.

### Banana Legs (3400311) {CNG}

75 days, determinate — Similar in shape and color to a small banana. Very prolific plants with meaty fruits averaging 1½ inches in diameter by 4 inches in length with a nice, low acid flavor.

### Big Rainbow (3400561) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Huge, ribbed, golden fruits with streaks of red-tones running through the flesh, some weigh up to 2 pounds. Subject to cracks and cat-facing but has a superb flavor.

### Brandywine Yellow (3400321) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Fuzzy, potato leafed vines produce large fruits, weighing up to 2 pounds. The tomatoes have an excellent flavor and creamy texture.

### Cherokee Green (3401341) {CNG}

86 days, indeterminate — Similar to Cherokee Purple in plant habit, fruit shape, size and flavor, except that their interiors ripen bright green with the skin taking on a yellowish hue when ripe.

### Dixie Golden Giant (3401341) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Large plants with sweet, fruity flavored, 1 to 2 pound, clear lemon-yellow fruits, some have a pink blossom end blush.

### Faribo Golden Heart (3401081) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Fruits are 3 to 6 ounces, globe-shaped (not heart-shaped) and golden orange. Good flavor, juicy, thick walls with few seeds. Flavored like a red tomato (slightly tart) and not sweet or mild as the color might suggest. Released by the Farmer Seed Co. in about 1955.

**Garden Peach (aka Yellow Peach) (3400591) {CNG}** 90 days, indeterminate — Produces fruit that weigh from 1 to 3 ounces and have fuzzy skin, like a peach. The fruits store well and have a good, mild flavor. A very old tomato variety dating to the late 1800s.

### German Yellow Stripe (3401791) {CNG}

78 days, indeterminate — Bi-colored (yellow marbled with red), weigh up to 40 ounces, beefsteak-type fruit. Juicy, sweet, and mild with nice, complex aftertastes. Old KY family heirloom.

### Golden Accordion (3402971) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Fruits are golden-orange, up to 20 ounce, deeply ribbed, oblate shaped fruits. Identical in every way except for color to 'Pink Accordion'. They were quite stable in our grow out, but since it is a relatively new variety, some variability may randomly appear.

### Golden Bison (3400931) {CNG}

59 days, determinate — Compact, productive, very early, plants. Fruits are globe-shaped, golden-

yellow some having a slight blush on the blossom end. Sweet, juicy, mild flavor. Introduced in 1932.

### Green Giant (3401991) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — A potato leaf plant with large (up to 32 ounce), oblate-shaped fruits. The fruits are green with a slight yellowish tinge on the blossom end when at the eating stage.

### Green Zebra (3400941) {CNG}

85 days, determinate — Fruits are yellow-green with dark green vertical stripes, 1½ to 2½ inches in diameter, 2 to 3 ounces with emerald-green flesh. Mild flavored but not bland (fruity, tart, sweet). Get soft as they turn from green to yellow. Productive. Released 1983 by Tater Mater Seed.

### Hillbilly (3400331) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — The fruits are large, up to one pound, orange-yellow with red streaks in color and mild tasting.

### Improved Colossal Yellow (3401641) {CNG}

95 days, indeterminate — Released by the Burgess Seed and Plant Co., Galesburg, MI in 1948. The result of several generations of breeding for a superior specimen of Yellow Ponderosa. Fruits are smooth and very large.

### Isbell's Golden Colossal (3401391) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Produces oblate-shaped, large (up to 20 ounce), bright yellow fruit with some blossom-end blushing that are mild and sweet in flavor. Listed in 1915.

### J. Walsh (3402421) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Elongated, almost egg-shaped, bright, light yellow, 1 to 3 ounce fruits. Very sweet, mild and tasty. From New Zealand.

### Jubilee (aka Burpee's Jubilee)

80 days, indeterminate — Fruit is bright orange, solid, 8 ounce, smooth, sweet, with meaty flesh that is not acidic. Plants are short-stemmed and sturdy. Makes beautiful juice. Released in 1943.

3400331 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.45

3400332 — ¼ gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.25

3400333 — 1 gm (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.25

### Kellogg's Breakfast (3401411) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Orange, up to 20 ounce, oblate shaped, beefsteak-type fruit, with a wonderful flavor. Kellogg family heirloom.

### Lillian's Yellow Heirloom (3401431) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Potato leaf plants with oblate, up to 20 ounce, bright yellow fruit with pale yellow interiors and very few seeds. Great, rich, complex flavors that are a bit unusual for yellow-fruited tomato varieties. TN family heirloom.

### Little Lucky (3401001) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Potato leaf plants, beautiful, golden-yellow fruits with a blossom end blush that radiates into the flesh. Complex flavor - juicy, tangy, sweet. A stabilized cross from Craig LeHoullier. Introduced by us in 2004.

### Lucky Cross (3401011) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Beautiful bi-colored, large (16 to 20 ounces) fruits with some ribbing at

the shoulders on potato leaf plants. Juicy, fruity, similar in flavor to 'Little Lucky' but selected for oblate shape and larger size. A 2004 Victory Seed Company introduction.

#### **Mountain Gold (3400361) {CNG}**

80 days, determinate — The compact plants are productive with beautiful orange, smooth skinned, up to 14 ounce, disease resistant, fruits. A modern OP market variety released in 1991.

#### **Mr. Stripey (3400371)**

80 days, indeterminate — Yellow beefsteak-type fruit with red-streaked flesh. The flavorful fruits can weigh up to 3 pounds!

#### **Old German (3400381) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — The fruits are large, often weighing more than one pound, bicolored, golden yellow, striped with pink and red going through to the core. Delicious.

#### **Old-Timey Yellow (3401871) {CNG}**

95 days, indeterminate — Attractive plants yield large (up to 24 oz.), golden-orange fruit. Rare family heirloom.

#### **Orange Heirloom (3401881) {CNG}**

80 to 90 days, indeterminate — A Sherman family heirloom from the mountains of North Carolina. Deep orange, beefsteak-type fruits are 12 to 16 ounces with a great flavor. Nice slicing tomato.

#### **Orange King (3401541) {CNG}**

85 days, semi-determinate — Bred by A. F. Yeager, University of NH. Released about 1943. A beautiful, compact plant. Tastes like a good red tomato - mild but tart - not sweet like you might expect. The fruits are 4 to 11 ounces, oblate-shaped, and a bright orange color inside and out. The juice looks like orange juice.

#### **Orange Minsk (3402291) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Orange beefsteak-type fruits are huge (up to 36 ounces). Less juice than other beefsteak types. Very meaty. Belorussian heirloom sent to us by seed saver, Andrey Baranovski of Minsk.

#### **Orange Tree (3401891) {CNG}**

90 days, tree-type — Interesting orange colored, medium sized, flattened-globe shaped fruit on compact plants.

#### **Orange-1 (3402181) {CNG}**

80 days, semi-determinate — Productive with fruits that are beautiful, smooth orange skinned, globe to slightly flattened shaped, 2 to 8 ounce, and good flavored. Belarusian variety sent to us by seed saver, Andrey Baranovski of Minsk.

#### **Paw Paw (3402681) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants with large (up to two pounds), bi-color, oblate-shaped, beefsteak-type fruits of excellent flavor and quality. Old West Virginian heirloom from Randy Sine.

#### **Pineapple (3400391) {CNG}**

75 days, indeterminate — The fruits are orange with pink striping and weigh up to 16 ounces. An heirloom from the Ohio area. Great foliage cover.

#### **Podorok Fei (3402691) {CNG}**

95 days, determinate — Russian variety whose name means "Gift of the Fairy." Compact, prolific plants produce 4 to 7 ounce, heart-shape, orange fruits. High in beta carotene. A nice slicing tomato.

#### **Primrose Gage (3401721) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate - Foliage is a grayish blue-green. The primrose-yellow fruit are about the size of a golf ball, with soft, almost velvety skin. It has a distinct, sharp, sweet flavor.

#### **Striped Cavern (3401191) {CNG}**

75 days, indeterminate — An interesting variety based solely on the shape, color and hollow attributes of the fruit. Not a lot of flavor but they do make a nice, edible container for various recipes calling for stuffing tomatoes or bell-peppers. Similar to Red and Yellow Stuffer tomatoes.

#### **Sunray (3400401) {CNG}**

75 days, indeterminate — Golden-orange fruit, deep-globular shaped, uniform size, up to 7 ounce in size. Sweet, solid, meaty, very mild in flavor. Good fusarium resistance. Does well in most parts of the U.S. Released in 1950.

#### **Taylor Lacy Leaf (3402021) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Potato leaf plants produce large fruit that are white to pale-yellow when ripe and ready to eat. A good slicing tomato.

#### **Tiger Tom (3400191) {CNG}**

70 days, indeterminate — This has become a favorite in our kitchen garden. One of the first to ripen in our garden. The juicy fruits average about 6 ounces and have yellow-orange stripes on red-orange skin. Very good, sharp yet sweet, flavor.

#### **White Wonder (3400411) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Fruits are yellowish-white inside and out when mature, up to 1 to 2 pounds, mild, very sweet flavored on bushy, leafy plants. Good for slicing and canning.

#### **Yellow Ailsa Craig (3401201) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Fruits are yellow, globe-shaped, juicy, sweet, and weigh 2 to 3 ounces.

#### **Yellow Lemon (3401211) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — The regular leaf plants produce fruit that are yellow, globe-shaped, juicy, sweet, weigh 2 to 4 ounces and grow in clusters.

#### **Yellow Stuffer (3400691) {CNG}**

80 days, indeterminate — Unique bell pepper shaped fruit with large open centers that are ribbed, green shouldered and weighing between 4 to 8 ounces. Excellent as stuffing tomatoes.

#### **Zolotoe Serdtse (3403071) {CNG}**

75 days, indeterminate — Russian variety whose name means "Gold Heart" or "Heart of Gold." Productive, compact, regular leaf plants bear golden-orange, 3 to 8 ounce, elongated-heart fruit.

#### **Zolotoy Zapas (3403081) {CNG}**

90 days, semi-determinate — Regular leaf plants; orange, 3 to 11 ounce, oblate-shaped fruits. The later season fruits tend to be more elongated and heart-shaped. Excellent, all-purpose variety.

## Paste Types

### Amish Paste (3400421) {CNG}

74 days, indeterminate — Bright red, flavorful, plum-shaped, weigh 8 ounces, mild flavored, great for canning, sauces and even fresh slicing. A bit juicier and seedier than true paste types.

### Burning Spear (3402431) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Vibrant dark-orange color, elongated with some fruits exhibiting a pointed and reddish blush on the tips. Beautiful and excellent tasting.

### Heidi (3402411) {CNG}

90 days, semi-determinate — Elongated, red, thin-skinned, thick-walled, meaty, weigh 3 ounces. Unlike typical bland tasting paste tomatoes, 'Heidi' has an excellent, full, rich flavor. Great for sauces.

### Howard German (3402981) {CNG}

93 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants produce red, 3 to 9 ounce, paste-type tomatoes. Fruits vary from elongated pear shaped to ones that look like frying peppers. The flesh is dry, meaty and tasty. Excellent for sauce and paste. An old, pre-1900s heirloom variety.

### Italian Gold (3402651) {CNG}

90 days, determinate — Compact, regular leaf plants. Beautiful golden-orange, 5 ounce fruits borne in clusters of about six. Meaty, sweet and excellent for paste and sauces.

### Libby's Pride (3402461) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Productive, regular leaf plants. Fruits are up to 5 inches long, red, meaty, few seeds, and often with a pronounced protrusion on the blossom end. From Campobasso, Italy.

### Mama Leone (3402281) {CNG}

85 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf plants, good yields of 2 to 6 ounce red fruits. From Dr. Carolyn Male who said that it was, "first listed in the SSE Yearbook in 2005." Italian heirloom.

### Napoli (3400431) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Italian paste-type. Fruits are a beautiful red color, about three ounces in weight and pear shaped.

### Orange Banana (3401131) {CNG}

52 days, indeterminate — Interesting, deep orange color which is rare in paste-type tomatoes. Nice flavored, great in salsa.

### Oroma (3401711) {CNG}

80 days, determinate — Released by Oregon State University in 1993. An early maturing paste tomato, with firm fruit that are easy to pick and peel. Keeps well on and off plant.

### Roma VF

75 days, semi-determinate — Fruits are plum-shaped, 2 ounce, ideal for paste or puree. It is verticillium and fusarium wilt resistant. Adapted for the United States and Canada. Introduced in 1963.

3400441 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.45

3400442 — 1/4 gram (~85 seeds) — \$ 5.25

3400443 — 1 gm (~340 seeds) — \$ 15.25

### San Marzano (3402701) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Red, 5 ounce fruits that are elongated in shape, meaty and tasty. Grown for centuries in Italy. The basis of a very protected sauce and paste industry.

### Sarnowski Polish Plum (3402451) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — Red, mostly elongated in shape with pointy blossom ends. Meaty, 5 to 8 ounce, great taste for sauces, processing and fresh eating.

### Saucy (3401731) {CNG}

85 days, determinate — Released by Oregon State University in 1993. Early maturing, very compact determinate plants, with blocky, plum shaped fruits. Easy to pick and peel. Keeps well on and off the plant.

### Sausage (3400461) {CNG}

75 days, indeterminate — This will be an interesting addition to your tomato collection. The fruits are unusually shaped, as the name implies, and can grow up to 6 inches long. The flavorful meat is excellent for catsup or sauces.

### Schiavone Italian Paste (3402511) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Very nice, bright red, meaty and tasty fruits with few seeds. Productive plants with dense foliage. Italian heirloom.

### Speckled Roman (3402721) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Regular leaf, productive plants. Elongated, pointed, red streaked with orange, weigh 3 to 6 ounces with a good flavor.

### Tony's Italian Paste (3402471) {CNG}

90 days, indeterminate — Plum-shaped with points on their ends, 4 to 6 ounce, red, thick skinned, meaty and tasty. An excellent multipurpose variety.



## Small Fruited Varieties

### Bi-color Cherry (3401901) {CNG}

80 days, indeterminate — Small, globe-shaped, yellow and red bi-color fruits. Excellent juicy and sweet flavor. Tastes like 'Big Rainbow' but in bite-sized tomatoes.

### Black Cherry (3401301) {CNG}

65 days, indeterminate — A new variety that is very productive with cherry shaped fruits that have the dark, purplish coloring of 'Cherokee Purple'. Flavor is wonderful, very rich and sweet.

### Coyote (3401351) {CNG}

50 days, indeterminate — Tiny cherry tomato. Ripens its prolific crop to an ivory, translucent yellow color, shading to darker yellow at the shoulders. Flavor is superb.

### Durmitor (3402811) {CNG}

83 days, indeterminate — Productive vines with beautiful, smooth-skinned, red, 1/2 to 2 ounce, globe-shaped, cherry type fruits. Serbian heirloom.

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<http://www.pinterest.com/VictorySeeds>

#### **Green Doctors (3402261) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — A very good tasting cherry tomato with fruits that are green, under an ounce, round and very tasty. Named in honor of Drs. Carolyn Male and Amy Goldman.

#### **Green Grape (3400721) {CNG}**

65 days, determinate — Compact bush with globe-shaped, 1½ inch, green-yellow fruits borne in clusters of 4 to 12. Green flesh and excellent flavor. Introduced by Tom Wagner in 1986.

#### **Gold Nugget (3400711) {CNG}**

55 days, determinate — Released by Oregon State University and perfectly suited for the Maritime Northwest. Golden colored, globular, one inch, cherry-type, early, compact plants.

#### **Katinka Cherry (3401751) {CNG}**

69 days, indeterminate — Amazingly productive; golden-orange fruits. We received this variety from heirloom tomato collector Craig LeHoullier who received it from Reinhard Kraft of Germany who tells us it was a Russian release.

#### **Kimberly (3401651) {CNG}**

69 days, indeterminate — Very early, red, potato leaf, cherry tomato. Mild, juicy, two to three celled. Tastes more like a full sized red tomato than a standard cherry-type.

#### **Large German Cherry (3401661) {CNG}**

70 days, indeterminate — Released by Oregon State University. Early, large cherry-type fruit with a good sweet taste. Plants are productive and exhibit good crack resistance.

#### **Lime Green Salad (3401671) {CNG}**

85 days, determinate — Compact plants produce 2 to 6 ounce, globe-shaped, green fruits that are mildly sweet with a slightly tart after taste, very juicy. The inside flesh is lime green.

#### **Principe Borghese (3400481) {CNG}**

75 days, determinate — Italian heirloom variety very popular in Italy and California for splitting in half and sun drying. They maintain color and flavor well. The plants produce heavy yields of small, red plum-shaped fruits and will benefit from support such as caging.

#### **Red Grape (3400731) {CNG}**

60 days, semi-determinate — Bright red, weigh about an ounce, smaller than most cherry tomatoes (½ by ¾ inches). Perfect for snacking, salads and garnish plates.

#### **Red Pear**

70 days, indeterminate — Similar to 'Yellow Pear', this small, red, pear-shaped variety makes a very nice salad garnish. The plants will sprawl so support is recommended. Predates 1800.

**3400511 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.45**

**3400512 — ¼ gram (100 seeds) — \$ 5.25**

#### **Royal Red Cherry (3400981) {CNG}**

70 days, indeterminate — Prolific, nearly perfectly globe-shaped, brilliant red, and weigh in the two to three ounce range.

#### **Small Red Cherry**

65 days, indeterminate — Pinkish-red fruits are oval and have full flavor. Plants are fairly compact and great for home gardens and hanging planters.

**3400501 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.45**

**3400502 — ¼ gram (100 seeds) — \$ 5.25**

#### **Tiny Tim**

45 days, dwarf — Only grows 10 to 12 inches tall and 14 inches across. A heavy yielder with clusters of fine flavored fruit. Does well as a potted plant.

**3400521 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.45**

**3400522 — ¼ gram (100 seeds) — \$ 5.25**

#### **Yellow Pear**

78 days, indeterminate — Similar in description to the 'Red Pear'. Documented as a pre-1800 variety. Yellow pear shape, firm skinned, nice flavor, 1½ inch long fruit. Good in salads, sauces or by themselves. Fairly cold tolerant.

**3400531 — 20 seeds — \$ 2.45**

**3400532 — ¼ gram (100 seeds) — \$ 5.25**

#### **Yellow Plum (3400741) {CNG}**

70 days, indeterminate — A very old variety. The plants are large and open with small oval fruit, 1 by 1½ inches that taste mild and sweet. There are typically 8 to 10 fruits per cluster. Some late fruits develop a slight neck. Very productive.

### *A. W. Livingston Tomato Varieties*



Alexander W. Livingston (1821-1898) was a pioneering seedsman best known for developing tomato varieties in the late 19<sup>th</sup> Century. Although tomatoes had been cultivated throughout the world, it was his introductions that helped to develop the tomato into a commercially viable crop.

When Livingston began his work to improve the tomato, his goal was to produce fruits that were smooth skinned, uniform in size and having better flavor than what was available. After many attempts at hybridization, he instead began a process of selecting seed from tomato plants exhibiting specific traits. It was using this selection process that he discovered a plant bearing perfect fruits. After five years of testing, the tomatoes became fleshier and larger. In 1870, A.W. Livingston introduced the 'Paragon'.

Prior to his work, tomatoes were commonly ribbed, hard cored, and often hollow. Livingston and his company introduced thirty-one varieties.

Our goal, partnering with seed banks and other collectors, has been to locate as many of his introductions as possible. We grow out each sample to verify that they match the original descriptions, and only then reintroduce them to home gardeners.

The following list of Livingston tomato varieties is the culmination of nearly two decades of work.

**Beauty (3400791) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Introduced in **1886**. Livingston stated, "The greatest of all Purple-Colored Home Market Sorts. Strong Grower, Very Productive. Large, Smooth and Early." 4 to 8 ounce fruits.

**Buckeye State (3402211) {CNG}**

83 days, indeterminate — Introduced in **1893**. Large, pink, oblate-shaped fruits weighing up to 24 ounces each.

**Dwarf Stone (3400841) {CNG}**

85 days, tree-type — Introduced in **1902**. Very productive, compact plants with sparse rugose foliage. The 6 to 9 ounce smooth fruit ripen evenly.

**Favorite (3400781) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Introduced in **1883**. The fruits are 6 to 10 ounces, smooth, with exceptional flavor and color. Originally developed for canneries as they withstood shipping over long distances and had desirable market qualities.

**Giant Oxheart (3402171) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Introduced in **1930**. Fruits are pink, large (up to 3 pounds), smooth, thick, tender and almost seedless. They have a delicious, mild flavor. Excellent table qualities.

**Globe (3400851) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Introduced in **1897**. A good producer of excellently flavored pink fruit. Can reach up to 13 ounces, 6 ounce fruits are average. It is a cross between Livingston's 'New Stone' and the 'Ponderosa'.

**Gold Ball (3400811) {CNG}**

70 days, indeterminate — Introduced in **1892**. Beautiful canary-yellow fruits are about 1½ inches in diameter, borne in clusters, with thick flesh. Fine for preserves.

**Golden Queen (3400771) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Introduced in **1882**. The 1918 Livingston catalog describes it as, "Queen of all the Yellows. Of superior flavor, it is solid, always smooth, entirely free from ridges, large in size, ripens early. Fine for slicing." Their 1933 catalog adds, "Rich golden yellow skin with a tinge of pink on the blossom side." They are a beautiful, 4 to 6 ounce tomato.

**Gulf State Market, Livingston's Strain (3400811) {CNG}**

80 days, indeterminate — Introduced in **1921** for harvesting in the immature state for shipping to distant markets. As its name implies, it was intended for the regions "touching the Gulf of Mexico." Pink, 20 ounce, mild flavored fruits.

**Honor Bright (3400821) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Introduced in **1897**. A. W. stated that 'Honor Bright' was, "a sport found in a field of Stone tomatoes in 1894." Quite unique, exhibiting yellowish-green, regular leafed foliage, cream colored flowers, medium sized fruits that turn from green to white to yellow to orange to red. The color change is an unusual show.

**Ideal (3402081) {CNG}**

75 days, indeterminate — Introduced in **1930**. Globe shaped, 3 to 9 ounce, bright red, firm flesh. Livingston stated, "Fruit clusters are set closely on stalk, making increased yield under glass."

**Magnus (3400831) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Introduced in **1900**. Potato leafed plants produce 6 to 8 ounce oblate, pink fruit. Perfect, uniform and attractive form. The flesh is very firm with an excellent taste. Robust with short joints, sets clusters closer together than most varieties. Broad foliage helps resist sunburn.

**Main Crop Pink (3400861) {CNG}**

70 days, indeterminate — Introduced in **1941**. The 1942 Livingston's catalog stated, "Same type as our Beauty but the fruits average somewhat larger and are deeper through. Fine for picking green before frost to color up in storage." Fruits average about 6 ounces but can reach twenty.

**Marvelous (aka Marhio) (3402761) {CNG}**

70 days, semi-determinate — Released in **1935**. Medium sized (4 to 8 ounce), smooth, meaty, and globular to slightly oblate in shape.

**Ohio Red (3401221) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — Introduced in **1929**. Elongated to flattened-globe shaped red fruits weighing 4 to 12 ounces.

**Paragon (3400761) {CNG}**

75 days, indeterminate — Released in **1870** as Livingston's first introduction, a product of careful selection and stabilization. Said to be the first perfectly uniform, smooth tomato ever introduced in the U.S., if not the world. Fruits are glossy, deep-red, ripen mid-season.

**Perfection (3400751) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Introduced in **1880**. The skin is tough, smooth, a bright-red sort of excellent quality. Keeps its size to the end of the season and is excellent for either market or home use.

**Potato Leaf (3402561) {CNG}**

80 days, indeterminate — Introduced in **1887**, they stated, "For growing in heavy soils and hot climates, known since 1887, good market and home variety." Fruits are red, flattened-globe shaped and reach about 4 ounces. For processing and canning.

**Rosy Morn (3401611) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Introduced in **1923**. The 1933 catalog states, "An early, bright rosy pink variety, coming into bearing close up to Earliana. It is smooth, and the very solid, fleshy fruits ripen evenly and are surprisingly free from cracks about the stem. It is a very fine slicing sort, being of mild and delicious flavor."

**Stone (3400801) {CNG}**

85 days, indeterminate — Introduced in **1889**. Livingston's original specimen was obtained from a market grower near Columbus, Ohio. It produces thick, smooth, solid, scarlet-red fruit shaped like Beauty and Favorite.

"Grow plants with a past" - Victory Seeds®

### **Yellow Oxheart (3402731) {CNG}**

90 days, indeterminate — The plants are wispy and the oxheart-shaped fruits are rather variable in size ranging from 8 ounces to well over one pound. Introduced in 1929.



## **Other Tomato Relatives**

### **Garden Huckleberry (3390021) {CNG}**

(*Solanum melanocerasum*) 80 days — Plants reach 3 feet in height and produce hundreds of  $\frac{1}{2}$  to  $\frac{3}{4}$  inch dark purple, almost black, fruit. Harvest when they turn from glossy to dull. Used for pies, preserves or either canned or frozen.

**Red Currant Tomato (3390051) {CNG}** (*Solanum pimpinellifolium*) 70 to 80 days — Very productive, sprawling plants that yield lots of  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch fruit that are flavorful, tangy, and interesting in salads & preserves. Up to 10% of these plants may produce golden-yellow fruit.

**Ted's Pink Currant Tomato (3390081) {CNG}** (*Solanum pimpinellifolium*) 76 days — Sprawling plants are very productive with beautiful pink,  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch, sweet and mild fruits that are interesting in salads and for preserves.

### **Morado (Purple) Tomatillo (3390061)**

(*Physalis philadelphica*) 70 days — Identical to 'Toma Verde' in structure except that the plants and leaves have purplish veins. The obvious difference is that the fruits ripen to dark purple.

### **Mountain Pima Tomatillo (3390091) {CNG}**

(*Physalis philadelphica*) 70 days — Productive. The greenish-yellow to purple fruits are smaller than other tomatillos, averaging between  $\frac{1}{2}$  to  $\frac{3}{4}$  inches in diameter. Named for the Mt. Pima region of Mexico from where they originated.

### **Toma Verde Tomatillo (3390011)**

(*Physalis philadelphica*) 70 days — Very popular, but sometimes rare in the supermarket. The 2 to 3 ounce fruits are used in salsa or picante dishes. Harvest when green before turning yellow.



## **Turnips**

(*Brassica rapa*)

(Approximately 125 seeds per  $\frac{1}{2}$  gram)

Turnips have been used as animal fodder for centuries and started becoming popular as a table vegetable in the 17<sup>th</sup> Century. They can grow under most conditions, including cold weather and many varieties have tender, edible tops that make a welcome fresh winter green.

Rooting varieties are enjoyed peeled as a raw, fresh vegetable or boiled and mashed with a little butter, salt and pepper.

### **Golden Ball**

55 days — Amber gold skin and amber flesh, excellent eating quality. Both the tops and roots of this variety can be eaten.

3500051 —  $\frac{1}{2}$  gram — \$ 1.75

### **Nabo Roxo Comprido**

40 to 80 days — Early (40 days) maturing variety when grown for a spring harvest or late maturing (80 days) when grown for a fall harvest. Roots are long and white with purple tops.

3500061 —  $\frac{1}{2}$  gram — \$ 1.75

### **Purple Top White Globe**

52 days — The globe shaped roots are bright purple on the upper part and white below. Grows 4 to 5 inches in diameter but best when harvested a little smaller.

3500011 —  $\frac{1}{2}$  gram — \$ 1.75

### **Seven Top**

50 days — A pre-1800 variety is primarily used only for its greens. The roots are generally tough, woody and inedible which can be used for animal fodder. Very popular as a winter annual for spring greens in the Southern U.S.

3500021 —  $\frac{1}{2}$  gram — \$ 1.75

### **Shogoin (Japanese Foliage)**

30 to 70 days — Used for both its tops and roots. Greens are harvested at 30 days; roots at 70 days, shaped like a wooden top, pure white, 2 to 4 inches in diameter and very tender and mild flavored. Thrives in hot, dry weather.

3500031 —  $\frac{1}{2}$  gram — \$ 1.75

### **White Egg (Snowball)**

60 days — A fast growing, egg-shaped turnip. The root partially develops above the ground. The flesh is mild, sweet, tender and fine-grained.

3500041 —  $\frac{1}{2}$  gram — \$ 1.75



## **Watermelons**

(See listings under Melons)



## **Seeds for Sustenance**

### **Soy and Other Grain Seeds**

As GMO traits become common in commercial grain crops, preserving heritage grain varieties has become a priority. Check our site for the most recent developments and availabilities.

### **Amaranth, Red Garnet (*Amaranthus cruentus*)**

90 to 120 days — Beautiful maroonish-red plants with fuchsia-red flower heads. Young leaves make a nice addition to green salads. Mature leaves are cooked tasting similar to spinach. As a "pseudo-grain," it contains many amino acids and nutrients. Can be eaten raw, sprouted, toasted, or ground into flour. About 1000 seeds/gm.

1001011 — 3½ grams — \$ 2.95

1001012 — 7 grams — \$ 5.30

**Chia (*Salvia hispanica*)** Cultivated for nearly 5,000 years. Nutritionally dense, Aztec warriors ate chia seeds in preparation for battle. A tender annual. About 700 seeds/gm.

4000501 — 3½ grams — \$ 1.95

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**Quinoa, Brightest Brilliant Rainbow {OSSI}**  
(*Chenopodium quinoa*) 90 to 120 days — Beautiful seed heads in pink, red, orange, burgundy, yellow, white and green colors. The seeds are harvested and used as a grain and leaves eaten as greens. About 280 seeds/gm.

3600011 — 1 gram — \$ 2.75  
3600013 — 7 grams — \$ 5.30

**Quinoa, Chadmo [NEW]**

(*Chenopodium quinoa*) 100 days — Originated on Chiloé, a small island off of the coast of Chile; does well at lower elevations. Produces light-brown seed. About 280 seeds/gm.

3600111 — 1 gram — \$ 2.75  
3600113 — 7 grams — \$ 5.30

**Quinoa, Red Faro**

(*Chenopodium quinoa*) 100 days — Reaches about five feet in height; attractive, reddish-pink foliage with cream-colored seed heads. A nice ornamental for the back of flowerbeds. Very productive. About 280 seeds/gm.

3600101 — 1 gram — \$ 2.75  
3600103 — 7 grams — \$ 5.30

**Sorghum, Mixed Colors Broom Corn**

(*Sorghum bicolor*) 110 days — Grows similar to corn but the seed heads are on the plant tops in place of a tassel. The straw of the tops are used for crafts and brooms. Grows 4 to 5 feet tall. Mix can include gold, red-bronze, brown, black, burgundy, and white/cream colors. About 300 seeds / ¼ oz.

3140021 — ¼ ounce — \$ 2.75

**Sorghum, Red Broom Corn**

(*Sorghum bicolor*) 100 days — Very attractive. Can be used for broom making or in decorations such as wreaths, swags, bird feeders, dried arrangements, or added to fresh flower arrangements. The red seed heads are especially pretty in Christmas florals. About 300 seeds / ¼ oz.

3140301 — ¼ ounce — \$ 2.75

**Sorghum, Texas Black Amber Molasses**

(*Sorghum bicolor*) 105 days — Plants grow 8 to 12 feet tall with seeds that are beautiful, rich, shiny and black-coated. Heirloom from the Waco, TX area. Historically used for silage and making molasses. Attractive and a good choice for crafts and centerpieces. About 300 seeds / ¼ oz.

3140331 — ¼ ounce — \$ 2.75

**Soybean, Aoya {CNG} (*Glycine max*)**

105 days — Pods average three large, green beans each. They have a buttery, sweet flavor and are perfect for edamame. About 58 seeds/packet.

3300611 — ½ ounce — \$ 2.95

**Soybean, Black Jet {CNG} (*Glycine max*)**

90 days — Early maturing, productive and do well in Northern climates. Erect in habit and reach about 2 feet. Beans have thin, black skins and a great flavor. About 50 seeds/packet.

3300441 — ½ ounce — \$ 2.95

**Soybean, Midori Giant {CNG} (*Glycine max*)**  
75 to 100 days — Matures evenly for easy harvest. Pods contain two to three large beans. Excellent for edamame. About 45 seeds/packet.

3301361 — ½ ounce — \$ 2.95

**Soybean, Envy {CNG} (*Glycine max*)**

80 days — Early and suited for shorter season climates. Erect plants reach about 2 feet tall with pods containing 2 to 3 green seeds. Can be enjoyed fresh-shelled, dried or as edamame. About 65 seeds/packet.

3300471 — ½ ounce — \$ 2.95

## Herb Seeds

**Anise (*Pimpinella anisum*)**

The seeds have a strong licorice flavor and are slightly sweet when chewed. Commonly used in breads. Annual.

4000021 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

**Arugula (*Eruca sativa*)**

This spicy herb is a common salad green in Europe and increasingly so here. It thrives in cool weather so plant early. Annual.

4000401 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

**Balm, Lemon (*Melissa officinalis*)**

A tea made from the leaves is pleasant tasting and has calming and carminative properties. Perennial. Zones 5 to 9.

4000031 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

**Basil**

(Several varieties are available. See page 5.)

**Borage (*Borago officinalis*)**

Self-sows and returns year after year in most areas. Grows 2 to 3 feet tall and is covered with blue, star-shaped, edible flowers from June to August. Annual.

4000061 — 2 grams — \$ 1.75

**Caraway (*Carum carvi*)**

The seeds are used as a flavoring for rye bread, sauerkraut, sausage, cheese, and soups. Its origin lies in Northern and Central Europe as well as parts of Asia and is believed to be the longest used spice in Europe. Biennial. Zones 5 to 8.

4000421 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

**Catnip (*Nepeta cataria*)**

A bushy, 2 to 3 foot high plant. One whiff and your cats will be hooked. They will not be able to control themselves and will likely wallow your plant to death. Placing some form of protection around your plants is a good idea. The leaves are used to make a calming tea. Perennial. Zones 3 to 9.

4000071 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

**Chamomile, German (*Matricaria recutita*)**

This low growing, 4 to 8 inch, plant with white flowers, makes a lovely ground cover. Annual.

4000081 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75

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**Chamomile, Roman** (*Chamaemelum nobile*)

Unlike German Chamomile, Roman Chamomile is a perennial and will do well in Zones 4-10. After plants mature, you can propagate more by dividing the roots in the fall.

**4000451 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75**

**Chervil, Curled** (*Anthriscus cerefolium*)

Sometimes referred to as "gourmet parsley," its flavor is delicate in comparison. Popular in France, where it is added to omelets, soups and salads. It is also used to season poultry, seafood, and young vegetables. Annual.

**4000441 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75**

**Chicory** (*Cichorium intybus*)

Roots are dried, roasted and used as a coffee amendment or substitute. A native of the British Isles but naturalized worldwide. It flowers at 2 to 3 feet tall. Chicory, with sugar beet and rye, was used as an ingredient of the East German Mischkaffee (mixed coffee), introduced during the 'coffee crisis' of 1976 to 1979. Some beer brewers use roasted chicory to impart a rich flavor to their stouts. Perennial. Zones 3 to 9.

**4000091 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75**

**Chives** (*Allium schoenoprasum*)

Used as a flavoring but probably more common minced up as a garnish. Perennial. Zones 3 to 9.

**4000101 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75**

**Chives, Garlic** (*Allium tuberosum*)

Also known as Chinese leeks, they are excellent in stir-fry. Larger than standard chives with a mild garlic flavor. Perennial. Zones 3 to 9.

**4000111 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75**

**Coriander / Cilantro** (*Coriandrum sativum*)

Seeds are used to flavor for meats, pickles, sausages, and sauces. In this (seed) form, the spice is known as coriander. Leaves are used fresh in soups, salads and salsas as a fresh, green seasoning, called cilantro. Annual.

**4000121 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75**

**Cumin** (*Cuminum cyminum*)

Low growing, about six inches tall, has dark green leaves and reddish flowers. The seeds are collected and dried and used whole or powdered to add some "heat" to recipes. Annual.

**4000131 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75**

**Dill** (*Anethum graveolens*)

Dill is used as a culinary herb. Fine, tender parts are finely chopped and added to sauces. Also used fresh in pickling. Seeds and leaves are also used dried as a seasoning. Annual.

**Bouquet Dill      4000151 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75**

**Dukat Dill      4000531 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75**

**Mammoth Dill      4000141 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75**

**Echinacea / Purple Coneflower**

(*Echinacea purpurea*) This variety is the true wild form of echinacea. Although well known and quite popular for its medicinal properties, it is also a wonderful addition to your flower garden.

Perennial. Zones 3 to 10.

**4000171 — 2 grams — \$ 2.25**

**Fennel, Florence** (*Foeniculum vulgare dulce*)

65 to 100 days — Sown directly in the garden in spring and harvested in the fall, the bulbs have a sweet celery flavor with a hint of anise. The bulbs can be baked or boiled in soups or stews and can also be used raw in green salads. Leaves and stalks are also useful for flavoring. If you live in an area with mild winters, plant in the summer to enjoy winter harvests. Perennial. Zones 6 to 11.

**4000181 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75**

**Fenugreek** (*Trigonella foenum-graecum*)

Significant in many cultures as a culinary herb (leaves), spice (seeds) as well as historically for its medicinal properties. The leaves and sprouts are also eaten as vegetables. In India, it is popular for pickles. Carefully toasting the seeds at lower temperatures both enhances the flavor and tends to reduce their bitterness. Annual.

**4000491 — 2 grams — \$ 1.75**

**Oregano** (*Origanum vulgare*)

Standard kitchen garden herb is commonly used as a spice in Mexican and Italian dishes. The plant grows fairly tall, has pink flowers and spreads by underground runners. It can be used fresh but is generally used after drying to add a warm spicy flavor to a recipe. Perennial. Zones 5 to 9.

**4000231 — 1/10 gram — \$ 1.85**

**Parsley** (See listings in vegetable section.)**Sage** (*Salvia officinalis*)

Sage has well known culinary uses and medicinal properties. Attractive landscape plant. Perennial. Zones 5 to 9.

**4000301 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75**

**Summer Savory** (*Satureja hortensis*)

Repels insects in the gardens which makes it a candidate for companion plantings. Used as a peppery flavoring for salads, soups, stuffing, sausage, and gravy. Surface sow as it requires light to germinate. Annual.

**4000341 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75**

**Thyme, Creeping** (Mother of Thyme)

(*Thymus serpyllum*) This low growing (up to 6 inches) plant is often planted between the stones or bricks in garden paths for its beauty and sweet aroma. Perennial. Zones 4 to 9.

**4000361 — 1/10 gram — \$ 1.95**

**Thyme, Garden** (*Thymus vulgaris*)

Used as a seasoning, it is said to help in the digestion of fatty foods. As a medicinal, it was used for its antiseptic properties as a gargle, and in a tea as a cough remedy and digestive aid. Grows to 18 inches. Perennial. Zones 4 to 9.

**4000351 — 1/10 gram — \$ 1.95**

**Yarrow, Gold** (*Achillea filipendulina*)

Its botanical name derives from the ancient story of how Achilles, during the Trojan War, used the leaves of the plant to stop the bleeding of his fellow soldiers. Can reach 24 inches tall. Plant in a location that receives full sun and has well-drained soil. Perennial. Zones 3 to 9.

**4000371 — 1/10 gram — \$ 1.95**

**Yarrow, White (*Achillea millefolium*)**

Somewhat sprawling plant. Can reach 24 inches tall. Plant in a location that receives full sun and has well-drained soil. Nicely fills empty spaces around shrubbery, attracts butterflies, is attractive as a dried flower. Historically was used for its medicinal properties. Perennial. Zones 3 to 11.

4000461 — 1/10 gram — \$ 1.95



## Flower Seeds

**African Marigold 'Crackerjack Mix'**

(*Tagetes erecta*) [Approx. 280 seeds/gram] Robust plants, reaching 3 to 4 feet tall with solitary flowers that are 2 to 5 inches across. The flowers are yellow to orange with leaves that are finely divided and strongly scented. Native of Mexico and Central America, naturalized in many warm regions. Prefers full sun, dry to moderate moisture. Very popular as cut flowers and garden plants. Annual

1000821 — 1/4 gram — \$ 1.75

**Baby Blue Eyes (*Nemophila menziesii*)**

[Approx. 500 seeds/gram] A hardy annual native to California, but is easily grown throughout the United States. They grow 4 to 6 inches tall and will cover an 8 to 12 inch area at maturity. The dainty, cup-shaped, sky blue flowers bloom throughout the spring and into summer. They prefer a location that is partially shady but will tolerate full sun in cooler climates if not allowed to dry out. Annual.

1000271 — 1/4 gram — \$ 1.75

**Bird's-Foot Trefoil (*Lotus corniculatus*)**

[Approx. 820 seeds/gram] Yellow flowers, blooms in summer, 12 to 24 inches tall, prefers a sunny, dry location. Perennial.

2000121 — 1/4 gram — \$ 1.75

**Blanketflower (*Gaillardia aristata*)**

[Approx. 350 seeds/gram] Collected near the Lewis & Clark Pass in Montana on July 7, 1806. Blossoms are yellow and red. Blooms from summer into autumn. Thrives in dry soil in full sun. Grows 18 to 30 inches in height. Perennial. Zones 3 to 8.

2000251 — 1/4 gram — \$ 1.75

**Chinese Forget-Me-Nots**

(*Cynoglossum amabile*)

[Approx. 180 seeds/gram] Hardy, blooms well into fall, has pretty little dark blue flowers, and grows in sun or shade, dry or moist locations. 18 to 24 inches. Annual.

1000041 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75

**Dwarf Candytuft (*Iberis umbellata*)**

[Approx. 400 seeds/gram] Native to the Mediterranean region, it is grown as an annual in most of North America. Flowers are white, tinged with pink or purple. The flower heads, made up of many tiny flowers, will bloom within weeks from germinating. Perennial. Zones 3 to 9.

1000981 — 1/2 gram — \$ 1.85

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**Dwarf Columbine (*Aquilegia vulgaris*)**

[Approx. 700 seeds/gram] Blooms are in hues of red, violet and blues appearing from spring into summer. Thrives in moist soil in sun or partial shade. Grows 10 to 18 inches in height. Perennial. Zones 3 to 8.

2000241 — 1/4 gram — \$ 2.25

**Dwarf Godetia (*Clarkia amoena*)**

[Approx. 2500 seeds/gram] Grows up to 14 inches tall with very showy clusters of lavender and pink flowers with bright red centers. Prefer full sun to light shade. Best sown in fall in hot desert and coastal areas, in spring elsewhere just as soil starts to warm up. Does not germinate well in hot temperatures. A very good cut flower. Annual.

1000771 — 1/10 gram — \$ 1.75

**Cornflower (Bachelor Buttons)**

(*Centaurea cyanus*) [Approx. 200 seeds/gram] Excellent for beds, borders and for cut flowers. It is hardy and blooms in the early summer if planted in early spring. Prefers sunny, well-drained locations. Grows to 36 inches. Annual.

1000011 — 1/2 gram — \$ 1.75

**Cosmos (*Cosmos bipinnatus*)**

[Approx. 180 seeds/gram] Grows 36 inches tall but can reach up to 6 feet. Plant in an appropriate location such as the back of a flower bed. You may need to stake and tie. Blooms from summer into the fall, and prefers partially sunny, dry locations. Flowers are white, pink and crimson. Annual.

1000131 — 1/2 gram — \$ 1.75

**Daisy, Gloriosa (*Rudbeckia hirta*)**

[Approx. 3600 seeds/gram] Although typically planted as an annual, conditions may cause it to act as a biennial or perennial. Plant in areas that receive partial sun in dry or moist soil. Blooms from summer into the fall. Flowers are reddish-colored in the center blending to yellow at the tips.

1000181 — 1/4 gram — \$ 1.75

**Daisy, Ox-Eye (*Chrysanthemum leucanthemum*)**

[Approx. 1600 seeds/gram] White blossoms. Blooms in the Summer. Prefers full sun and moist soil. Will grow 18 to 30 inches tall. Perennial.

2000211 — 1/4 gram — \$ 1.75

**Daisy, Painted (*Chrysanthemum carinatum*)**

[Approx. 400 seeds/gram] Painted Daisies can live in full or partial sun in either dry or moist areas. Will grow 18 to 36 inches in height. Will bloom in summer into fall. Blossoms are colored white, yellow, red and purple. Annual.

1000141 — 1/4 gram — \$ 1.75

**Daisy, Shasta (*Chrysanthemum maximum*)**

[Approx. 950 seeds/gram] White blossoms. Blooms in the summer. Prefers full sun and moist soil. Will grow 16 to 24 inches tall. Perennial.

2000221 — 1/4 gram — \$ 1.75

**Flax, Blue (*Linum perenne lewisii*)**

[Approx. 650 seeds/gram] Sow in May through July for small sky-blue flowers the following spring. Grows 12 to 36 inches. Perennial. Zones 4 to 9.

2000141 — 1/4 gram — \$ 1.75

**Forget-Me-Not (*Myosotis sylvatica*)**

[Approx. 1500 seeds/gram] It is great for borders, blooms early, and reseeds freely. It can act as either a biennial or a short-lived perennial. Prefers partial shade and moist soil. Small blue blossoms spring through summer.

**1000221 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75**

**Four-O'Clocks (*Mirabilis jalapa*)**

[Approx. 10 seeds/gram] This heirloom will bring back memories of grandma's house. The fragrant, trumpet-shaped flowers open in the late afternoon. A tender perennial and grown as an annual in colder climates. Bushy, 12 to 36 inches tall.

**2000151 — 2 grams — \$ 2.25**

**Foxglove (*Digitalis purpurea*)**

[Approx. 10,000 seeds/gram] Prefers rich, moist soil in partial to full shade. Best if sown directly into the garden as soon as the soil warms to 55°F. Grows up to 4 feet tall. Can be biennial or short-lived perennial depending on the climate. Zones 4 to 8.

**2000171 — 1/10 gram — \$ 1.95**

**Love-in-a-Mist (*Nigella damascena*)**

[Approx. 200 seeds/gram] Plants are branched, 18 to 24 inches tall with leaves that are finely divided and thread-like. The flowers are blue, pink and white, borne at the ends of stems. Native to the Mediterranean and western Asia. Annual.

**1000811 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75**

**Johnny Jump-Up (*Viola cornuta*)**

[Approx. 800 seeds/gram] An old time favorite. Small flowers that look like miniature pansies. Perennial.

**2000161 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.85**

**Morning Glory, Grandpa Ott's**

(*Ipomoea purpurea*) [Approx. 20 seeds/gram] Deep purple flowers with a red star in the throat. Bloom from mid-summer into the fall on vines that can grow to 25 feet. Annual.

**1000091 — 1 gram — \$ 2.30**

**Morning Glory, Heavenly Blue (*Ipomoea tricolor*)**

[Approx. 20 seeds/gram] Bright blue shading which gets lighter towards the center. Annual.

**1000101 — 1 gram — \$ 2.30**

**Plains Coreopsis (*Coreopsis tinctoria*)**

[Approx. 350 seeds/packet] Plants reach 12 to 36 inches tall, producing masses of flowers, ranging in color from deep red and bronze to bright yellow with red centers. Blooms in about 70 days. Annual. [See cover photo.]

**1000791 — 1/10 gram — \$ 1.75**

**Poppy, California (*Papaver rhoes*)**

[Approx. 600 seeds/gram] California's state flower. Common throughout the western U.S. Grows 8 to 12 inches tall, shades of orange colors. Perennial.

**2000111 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75**

**Poppy, Red Corn (*Papaver rhoes*)**

[Approx. 500 seeds/gram] Prefers partial sun and dry soil. Bright red flowers bloom in the summer. Plants grow 12 to 30 inches. Annual.

**1000241 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75**

**Primrose, Common Evening**

(*Oenothera biennis*) [Approx. 1900 seeds/gram] Blooms in the summer, yellow flowers, likes sunny, dry locations. 24 to 60 inches tall. Perennial.

**2000201 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.95**

**Rose Balsam (*Impatiens balsamina*)**

[Approx. 100 seeds/gram] Plants are branching, reaching 12 to 18 inches in height with leaves that are long and toothed. Mostly double-blooms in rose, salmon, white, scarlet and violet. Annual.

**1000241 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75**

**Siberian Wallflower (*Cheiranthus allionii*)**

[Approx. 720 seeds/gram] Plants grow up to 18 inches tall. Flowers are fragrant and bright orange blooming from late April to early June. A native to North, central and eastern Europe. Perennial.

**2000321 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.75**

**Sunflower, Annual 'Autumn Beauty' (*Helianthus annuus*)** [Approx. 20 seeds/gram] The petals are a bright yellow color. Can be grown in dry or moist soil in a sunny location. Will grow 40 to 60 inches tall and bloom in the summer and into fall. Annual.

**1000171 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75**

**Sunflower, Annual 'Evening Sun' (*Helianthus annuus*)** [Approx. 20 seeds/gram] A beautiful variety that can reach 7 feet in height with blooms in shades including yellow, crimson, burgundy, bronze and rust. Annual.

**1000171 — 1 gram — \$ 2.25**

**Sunflower, Annual 'Lemon Queen' (*Helianthus annuus*)** [Approx. 20 seeds/gram] The petals are blends of red, orange and yellow. Can be grown in dry or moist soil in a sunny location. Will grow 40 to 60 inches tall and bloom in the summer and into fall. Annual.

**1000691 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75**

**Sunflower, Annual 'Sungold' (*Helianthus annuus*)** [Approx. 20 seeds/gram] Dwarf variety growing to 36 inches tall. The flowerheads are unusual looking - like a pom-pom. Good for pollinating insects and cut flowers for both home and market. Annual.

**1000951 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75**

**Sunflower, Annual 'Velvet Queen' (*Helianthus annuus*)** [Approx. 20 seeds/gram] Petals are pale to deep mahogany-red with dark centers. Can be grown in dry or moist soil in a sunny location. Grows up to 60 inches and blooms in the summer and into fall. Annual.

**1000941 — 1 gram — \$ 1.75**

**Sunflower, Mexican (*Tithonia rotundifolia*)**

[Approx. 45 seeds/packet] A wildflower native to Mexico and Central America. Plants are erect, can reach 6 feet tall. Flowers are bright orange, four inches wide with multiple flower heads per stem. Attractive to pollinating insects. Heat and drought tolerant. Makes a great cut flower. Annual.

**1000861 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75**

Many additional varieties, plus tons of photos, can be found on our website at:  
[VictorySeeds.com](http://VictorySeeds.com)

**Sweet William Catchfly** (*Silene armeria*)  
[Approx. 3000 seeds/gram] A native to central and southern Europe. Grows 16 to 22 inches tall and displays its pink blooms in the summer. Annual.  
**1000121 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75**

**Sweet William Pinks** (*Dianthus barbatus*)  
[Approx. 900 seeds/gram] Blossoms are mixed in reds, whites and pinks. Prefers full sun and will thrive in both dry and moist soils. Grows to 24 inches tall. One of the oldest garden plants. A short-lived perennial. USDA zones 3-9.  
**2000261 — ¼ gram — \$ 1.95**

**Sweetpea, Royal Family Mix** (*Lathyrus odoratus*)  
[Approx. 30 seeds/gram] Fragrant blossoms that are red, salmon, pink, white, lavender, and purple in color. They bloom all summer long and prefer locations in full sun. Thrive if watered and kept dead-headed. Annual.

**1000251 — 3 grams — \$ 2.25**

**Zinnia, Lilliput Mix** (*Zinnia elegans*)  
[Approx. 190 seeds/gram] Beautiful little (1 inch diameter) double flowers are great for cutting as the stems are 8 to 10 inches long. Begin blooming early and last all summer. Reach about 1½ feet high and make a nice border planting. Annual.  
**1000191 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75**

**Zinnia, Thumbelina Mix** (*Zinnia elegans*)  
[Approx. 190 seeds/gram] This zinnia mix has flowers that bloom in pink, red, orange, yellow, and white from mid-summer into late fall. Attractive to bees, butterflies and birds. Also is great as a cut flower. Plants reach about 24 inches. Annual.

**1001001 — ½ gram — \$ 1.75**



## Heirloom Tobacco Seed

Tobacco is a magnificent plant with beautiful flowers making them attractive in flower beds. In no way do we encourage people to abuse any form of tobacco product. Visit our web site for more information and many more varieties.

**Bonanza {CNG}**  
(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) A flue-cured type of tobacco historically used for cigarette and pipe blends. A post-1880 introduction that is very hardy.  
**1001211 — about 100 seeds — \$ 2.95**

**Catterton {CNG}**  
(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) "Maryland-type," historically used for pipe, cigar and cigarette blending. Resists black root rot. Ready for harvesting 7 to 10 days earlier than typical medium broadleaf varieties.  
**1001061 — about 100 seeds — \$ 2.95**

**Connecticut Broadleaf (aka East Hartford Broadleaf) {CNG}** (*Nicotiana tabacum L*) Leaves are broad, strong, thin, elastic, silky, have small fibers, a sweetish taste, and cure light in color. Larger leaves are used as cigar wrappers, filler, blending and binder leaves.

**1001071 — about 100 seeds — \$ 2.95**

For garden & seed related info, visit [www.WebGrower.com](http://www.WebGrower.com)

**Flowering Tobacco {CNG}**  
(*Nicotiana sylvestris*) Their flower heads reach about 5 feet, so they are typically planted in the back of the bed. Blooms July through September. The beautiful white flowers are trumpet-shaped and a nice source of evening fragrance.

**1000261 — about 100 seeds — \$ 2.95**

**Golden Burley {CNG}**  
(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) Historically used for plug tobacco, cigarette and pipe blending, as well as for blending material for cigar filler. The plants are attractive, upright, compact with beautiful flowers.  
**1001051 — about 100 seeds — \$ 2.95**

**Greenwood {CNG}**  
(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) Also known as 'Little Wood', it is a flue cured type that has been historically used as a chew, snuff and cigarette blending tobacco. Single stalk, uniform and erect.  
**1000741 — about 100 seeds — \$ 2.95**

**Isleta Pueblo {CNG}**  
(*Nicotiana rustica*) Fast growing, matures early, and reaches five feet. Has thick, waxy, dark green leaves. Does very well in cool, damp weather. Believed to have originated from the Pueblo region of New Mexico. Air cures to medium-brown in color and is high in nicotine.

**1001111 — about 100 seeds — \$ 2.95**

**Keller {CNG}**  
(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) Keller is a "Maryland-type" tobacco historically grown for pipe and cigarette tobacco blends. Also used as cigar filler.  
**1001221 — about 100 seeds — \$ 2.95**

**Kelly Burley {CNG}**  
(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) Historically used as a plug tobacco, for cigarette, pipe blends, and cigar filler. Plants have medium sized leaves that grow open, upright and ripen uniformly.  
**1000751 — about 100 seeds — \$ 2.95**

**Lizard Tail Orinoco {CNG}**  
(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) A flue-cured type grown historically for pipe and cigarette blends as well as for cigar filler and chewing tobacco. Leaves are medium-sized and heavy bodied.  
**1001231 — about 100 seeds — \$ 2.95**

**Mohawk {CNG}**  
(*Nicotiana rustica*) Reportedly high in nicotine and was not used for habitual smoking. Reaches three feet, are vigorous and fairly hardy. The abundant, pale-yellow blossoms bloom all day and make an interesting choice as an ornamental annual.  
**1000721 — about 100 seeds — \$ 2.95**

**Samsun {CNG}**  
(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) A Turkish-type tobacco that has been historically used as a cigarette and pipe blending tobacco. Interesting plant and leaf structure. Single stalk, uniform and erect.  
**1000911 — about 100 seeds — \$ 2.95**

**Virginia Bright Leaf {CNG}**  
(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) A flue cured tobacco that was primarily used for cigarette and pipe blends. Became popular in the early 1800s as demand for

milder and more aromatic products arose.  
**1000891 — about 100 seeds — \$ 2.95**

**Wild Tobacco (aka Sacred or Shaman) {CNG}**  
(*Nicotiana rustica*) Due to high amounts of nicotine, not intended for smoking. The plants are very compact, reaching about 2 feet tall, with prolific yellow blooms.

**1000681 — about 100 seeds — \$ 2.95**

**Yellow Mammoth {CNG}**

(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) A high yielding, rapid grower with very large leaves. A multipurpose flue-cured type of tobacco historically used for pipe and cigarette blending. An old, pre-1880 variety.

**1000671 — about 100 seeds — \$ 2.95**

**Zimmer Spanish {CNG}**

(*Nicotiana tabacum L*) Dating to pre-1880. The suckered plants reach 4 feet producing 14 to 20 quality leaves per plant. Leaves have good body, elasticity, and small veins. Historically used as cigar filler, binder and wrappers.

**1001241 — about 100 seeds — \$ 2.95**

## About "Organic" and "Certified Naturally Grown"



Our farm has been home to our family for six generations. It is sacred to us and we consider ourselves blessed to be the stewards of this piece of the Earth.

We have farmed and gardened using organic and sustainable methods even before the grassroots movement of the 70s and 80s became popular. However, when the National Organic Program was implemented in 2002, farmers like us that once proudly referred to themselves as "organic" were no longer allowed to use the "O-word" unless we became USDA Certified Organic.

Favoring large multi-national corporations, the costs associated with certification — both in terms of time and money — is simply too great of a burden for many small farmers to bear.

As an alternative, we have chosen to become "Certified Naturally Grown." Certified Naturally Grown (CNG) was created to address the challenges that smaller, diversified organic farms face. Please support CNG farms!

To learn more about CNG, as well as about our gardening and farming philosophies, please visit our farm's web site at:

[www.DuntonFarms.com](http://www.DuntonFarms.com)

**Please Drop Us A Note**  
As a small company we value your input and love to hear from our gardening friends!

## Ordering Information, Policies & Warranties

### Ordering Online

Our website offers the fastest, most efficient and secure method of placing an order. Updated on nearly a daily basis, it more accurately reflects availabilities than a printed catalog possibly can.

### Payment Terms

Full payment in U.S. dollars is due before orders are filled. We accept money orders and checks. Cash sent through the mail is a risky practice. While cash and money orders are processed immediately, checks can take up to three weeks to clear. Returned checks are turned over to an agency and incur additional fees. Credit card orders can **only** be placed from our web site.

### Prices

Prices in this catalog are good for the Spring and Summer 2017 season but subject to availability. We do our best to offer our high quality Victory Seeds® at the lowest possible prices. You will still find cheaper seed packets on discount racks at your local big box stores, but please consider the selection, quantity, storage conditions, country of origin, and who you are supporting before making your purchase decision.

### Business Hours

As you probably have already gleaned, we live and work here on the farm. Some days we open at 8:00 am, but others not until 9:00 am. Once in awhile, we may start as early as 7:00 am or as late as noon. Closing time is about 5:30 pm. Although suppertime is at 6:00 pm., we often are back to work until midnight to 3:00 am. Lately we have been here just about all the time, except when we are someplace else. And then we feel guilty that we should be here then too. So depending on the time of year, we may be in the office, in the seed room filling orders or out in the fields. **Please use email to contact us.**

### Contacting Us

We are a small organization and not able to justify staffing the phones. Electronic mail is the most efficient way for us to handle general communications. Our email address is:

[info@victoryseeds.com](mailto:info@victoryseeds.com)

## Victory Seed Company

P.O. Box 192  
Molalla, Oregon 97038  
Phone & Fax: (503) 829-3126  
[www.VictorySeeds.com](http://www.VictorySeeds.com)

### Delivery

We typically fulfill and mail orders within one to three business days using the U.S. Postal Service. If you include an email address with your order, we will send you status updates.

### Backorder Policy

If we cannot fulfill any portion of your order, we issue refunds for those items. No backorders.

## **International Sales**

Due to varying postal rates and import regulations, special rates and conditions apply. Please contact us prior to ordering.

## **Return of Merchandise**

We cannot accept returned seed packages. For quality reasons, they are destroyed and frankly, we could not maintain our low prices absorbing such losses. Prior authorization is required before returns are accepted and a refund of the value of the item, minus a 30% restocking fee, applied. Unauthorized returns will be refused. No returns will be accepted after 10 days from time of shipping. Special orders cannot be returned.

## **Descriptions and Illustrations**

Descriptions and seed counts in this catalog are based on observations, grower's reports and other trial or experimental situations. Although accurate, we cannot predict final results under your specific growing conditions. Any reference to medicinal properties is included for historical and informational purposes only and should in no way be construed as medical advice.

## **Our Warranty and Limitation of Liability**

In lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied we warrant that the seeds which we sell are as described and within recognized tolerances. As is standard in the seed trade, our liability is limited to the amount of the purchase price of the seeds under all circumstances and regardless of the nature, cause or extent of the loss, and as a condition to any liability on our part. By ordering from us, you acknowledge and agree to this limited warranty.

## **Germination Standards**

Our seeds are tested to ensure that they meet or exceed the germination standards set by the Federal Seed Act and by the Oregon Department of Agriculture when they leave our farm.

## **Privacy**

We believe that privacy is the foundation on which all other personal freedoms are built. We do not share information except as necessary for fulfilling your order or as required by law.

## **Help Us Conserve Resources**

If you are receiving duplicates of our catalog, please share them with your gardening friends or family and let us know so we can correct our list.

## **Copyright & Trademarks**

All content, design, text, graphics, etc., copyright ©2017, the Victory Seed Company, all rights reserved. Any use, including reproduction, modification, distribution, or republication, without prior written permission is strictly prohibited.

Victory Seeds®, the victoryseeds.com™ registered domain name and the "Winged-V" logo, are trademarks of the Victory Seed Company.

## **Why Heirloom and Open-pollinated Seeds?**

Modern agricultural methods are production oriented. Plants with predictable characteristics and uniform maturity are breeding goals.

Hybrids are developed to exploit traits beneficial to mechanical harvesting, handling and shipping while traits related to taste and nutrition become secondary and are often sacrificed.

As home gardeners and small market growers, we do not need to be limited to these same commercial hybrids. We have the ability to choose varieties that taste great, are interesting looking, and ripen over a longer period of time.

Additionally, corporate greed has threatened thousands of years of agricultural history. By moving away from classical plant breeding techniques and towards unstable hybrids and genetic engineering, our planet's biodiversity is being threatened.

We believe that this technology is not necessary or beneficial to our world. The marketing promises of biotechnology "*feeding the world*" or "*reducing chemical use*" has never occurred. By throwing out the rhetoric and spin, and reading annual reports of the companies promoting genetic modification, it is obvious that financial gain is their motivation.

Because of this, *we will not knowingly offer for sale any seed that has been genetically modified through laboratory practices*. We will continue to offer only standard, open-pollinated seed varieties.

In this era of consolidation and mega-mergers among seed, pharmaceutical and chemical companies, the Victory Seed Company remains a small, independent, farm-based, family owned and operated, preservation organization.

Our farm is located in the beautiful Willamette Valley of Oregon. This soil has sustained our family for six generations — through world wars, global economic collapse, societal unrest, and natural disasters. We believe that with proper stewardship, the farm will continue to provide sustenance for many more generations.

We wish you the best of gardening success and encourage your use of heirloom seeds and natural, healthy gardening practices.

## **WEBSITE NEWS**

Updated on almost a daily basis, you will find news, gardening and seed saving information, as well as products that were too new or too few to make it into this printed catalog.

**[www.VictorySeeds.com](http://www.VictorySeeds.com)**

Are you an avid gardener and supporter of Victory Seeds® variety preservation work? Are you looking to take that support to the next level? From "Trial Gardeners" to "Guardians" to "Mentors" to "Growers," we have opportunities for all skill levels. Visit: [www.VictorySeeds.com/growers\\_net/](http://www.VictorySeeds.com/growers_net/) for more information.

# Victory Seed Co. Growing Guide

(These figures are approximate and to be used as a guide.)

| Vegetable              | Seeds Per Gram (typical) | Row Feet per Packet | Planting Distance In Row After Thinning or Transplanting | Planting Distance Between Rows | Planting Depth | Approx. Days To Germination | Optimal Soil Temp in degrees F | Yield per 100 Foot Row |
|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| Artichoke & Cardoon    | 15-20                    | 25'                 | 36"                                                      | 48"                            | 1/2"           | 10-14                       | 75                             | 30+ Flowers or stalks  |
| Asparagus              | 30                       | 25-50'              | 12"                                                      | 48"                            | 1/2"           | 21                          | 77                             | 100s of Spears!        |
| Beans, Bush            | 25-100/oz.               | 10-25'              | 4-6"                                                     | 18"                            | 1"             | 8-16                        | 80                             | 30-40 lbs.             |
| Beans, Pole            | 25-100/oz.               | 10-25'              | 6-8"                                                     | 36"                            | 1"             | 8-16                        | 80                             | 30-40 lbs.             |
| Beets                  | 50-80                    | 15'                 | 2-4"                                                     | 12-30"                         | 3/4-1"         | 8                           | 75                             | 100 lbs.               |
| Broccoli               | 250-350                  | 20-30'              | 12-24"                                                   | 18-36"                         | 1/2"           | 10                          | 80                             | 75 lbs                 |
| Brussel Sprouts        | 150-200                  | 20'                 | 18"                                                      | 24"                            | 1/2"           | 10                          | 80                             | 55 lbs.                |
| Cabbage                | 150-200                  | 30'                 | 12-24"                                                   | 24-36"                         | 1/2"           | 10                          | 80                             | 60 heads               |
| Cabbage, Chinese       | 150-200                  | 30'                 | 12-24"                                                   | 24-36"                         | 1/2"           | 10                          | 80                             | 60 heads               |
| Cantaloupe & Muskmelon | 25-35                    | 5-10 hills          | 6'                                                       | 5-6'                           | 1-2"           | 7                           | 70                             | 50-110 lbs.            |
| Carrots                | 650-700                  | 25'                 | 1-3"                                                     | 16-30"                         | 1/2"           | 8                           | 77                             | 50-100 lbs.            |
| Cauliflower            | 220-280                  | 25-50'              | 14-24"                                                   | 24-36"                         | 1/2"           | 10                          | 80                             | 60 heads               |
| Celery & Celeryac      | 900                      | 25'                 | 6-12"                                                    | 18-40"                         | 1/8"           | 21                          | 70                             | 100 plants             |
| Collards               | 250-300                  | 50'                 | 12-24"                                                   | 24-36"                         | 1/4"           | 10                          | 80                             | 75 lbs.                |
| Corn                   | 65-150/oz.               | 50-100'             | 6-10"                                                    | 30"                            | 1-1 1/2"       | 7-10                        | 75                             | 100 ears               |
| Cucumber               | 25-30                    | 5-10 hills          | 4-12"                                                    | 36-72"                         | 1-2"           | 7                           | 80                             | 100 lbs.               |
| Eggplant               | 100                      | 50-100'             | 18-30"                                                   | 24-48"                         | 1/4-1/2"       | 10                          | 75                             | 100 lbs.               |
| Endive & Chicory       | 400-450                  | 50-100'             | 8-12"                                                    | 18-24"                         | 1/2"           | 10                          | 60                             | 80 heads               |
| Kale                   | 250-300                  | 40'                 | 18-24"                                                   | 24-36"                         | 1/2"           | 10                          | 80                             | 75 lbs.                |
| Kohlrabi               | 450-500                  | 40'                 | 4"                                                       | 18"                            | 1/2-1"         | 5-12                        | 75                             | 75 lbs.                |
| Leek                   | 350                      | 50-75'              | 2"                                                       | 18"                            | 1/2"           | 7-15                        | 75                             | 100 stalks             |
| Lettuce                | 500-600                  | 25-75'              | 8-15"                                                    | 12-24"                         | 1/4"           | 7                           | 77                             | 50 lbs.                |
| Mustard                | 350-450                  | 50'                 | 5-10"                                                    | 12-36"                         | 1/4"           | 9                           | 80                             | 50 lbs.                |
| Okra                   | 14-17                    | 10-20'              | 8-24"                                                    | 42-60"                         | 1"             | 10                          | 86                             | 100s of Pods           |
| Onions                 | 200                      | 25'                 | 2-4"                                                     | 12-36"                         | 1/2-1/2"       | 6-12                        | 75                             | 30-50 lbs.             |
| Parsley                | 325                      | 15'                 | 4-12"                                                    | 12-36"                         | 1/4"           | 21                          | 65                             | 30 lbs.                |
| Pepper                 | 100-120                  | 50'                 | 12-24"                                                   | 18-36"                         | 1/4-1/2"       | 10                          | 70                             | 50 lbs.                |
| Pumpkin                | 3-15                     | 2-4 hills           | 36-60"                                                   | 72-96"                         | 1/2-1"         | 7                           | 80                             | 100s of Pounds         |
| Radish                 | 75                       | 10-15'              | 1/2-1"                                                   | 8-18"                          | 1/4-1/2"       | 6                           | 85                             | 200 Radishes           |
| Rhubarb                | 60                       | 10'                 | 4"                                                       | 4"                             | 1/4-1/2"       | 5-20                        | 65                             | 100 lbs.               |
| Spinach                | 80                       | 10'                 | 2-6"                                                     | 12-36"                         | 1/2-1"         | 8                           | 77                             | 40 lbs.                |
| Squash, Summer         | 7-15                     | 4-6 hills           | 36-48"                                                   | 36-48"                         | 1-2"           | 7                           | 80                             | 200 lbs.               |
| Squash, Winter         | 4-15                     | 4-6 hills           | 48-72"                                                   | 72-96"                         | 1-2"           | 7                           | 80                             | 200 lbs.               |
| Swiss Chard            | 50                       | 10'                 | 10"                                                      | 18"                            | 1/2-1"         | 7-10                        | 77                             | 40 lbs.                |
| Tomato                 | 200-400                  | 20-25'              | 24-72"                                                   | 36-84"                         | 1/4-1/2"       | 8                           | 85                             | 100 lbs.               |
| Turnip                 | 250-300                  | 10-15'              | 2-6"                                                     | 12-36"                         | 1/4-1/2"       | 7                           | 77                             | 50 lbs.                |
| Watermelon             | 7-20                     | 3-5 hills           | 24-36"                                                   | 72-96"                         | 1/2-1"         | 8                           | 90                             | 50-100 lbs.            |

## Web Only Items

Although our seed annual has a great selection of rare and hard to find heirloom seeds, printed space is limited. Visit our web site for additional varieties as well as the following:

**Books** - As we come across good deals, we list them on the site. We have new, publisher over runs, used, and occasionally rare out of print titles to choose from.

**Garden Kits & Collections** - Our kits and collections are groupings of seeds with a common theme. They make great gifts or are a cost effective way of starting an heirloom garden.

**Personalized Seed Packets** - Ideal for wedding favors, bridal showers, birth announcements, birthday parties, memorials, holiday greeting card inserts, sales & marketing promotions, public relation campaigns, incentives and any other special event you want to commemorate. We are flexible on designs and affordable!

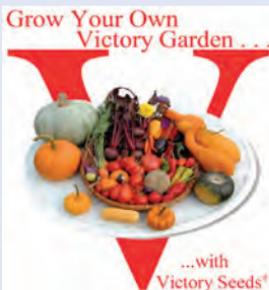
**Red Worms, Worm Bins & Supplies** - Worms are great for converting your kitchen waste into a high quality plant food. Even apartment dwellers can join in.

**Rare Seeds** - Many varieties are grown by hand, in smaller quantities, and not printed in our catalog.

**Wildflower Mixes** - Mixes of annual and perennial flowers formulated with specific growing regions and applications in mind.

### Victory Garden Kits™

*Includes everything you need to start your own Victory Garden.*



Throughout history, Victory Gardens have been sown during times of war as a way for folks to both feed their families and to aid in the war effort.

Planting a "Victory Garden" has more personal significance in our time. Whatever your reason may be — stretching your grocery budget and saving money, growing pure food for your family's table or declaring independence from the corporate food chain — planting a garden makes sense.

Contained in a decorative gift bag are tried and true varieties suitable for planting a Victory Garden in a wide range of climates. Great as gifts or as a cost effective way of starting an heirloom Victory Garden.

#### Victory Garden Starter Kit™ Includes:

- 'Blue Lake 274' Bush Beans
- 'Detroit Dark Red' Beets
- 'Red Cored Chantenay' Carrots
- 'Homemade Pickles' Cucumber
- 'Green Salad Bowl' Lettuce
- 'Evergreen Bunching' Onion
- 'French Breakfast' Radish
- 'Grey Zucchini' Summer Squash
- Brochure about Victory Gardening
- Clyde's Garden Planner

9000084 — \$ 14.95

#### Victory Garden Kit™ Includes:

- **Everything in the "Starter Kit" plus:**
- 'Glory of Enkhuizen' Cabbage
- 'Improved Golden Bantam' Corn
- 'Iroquois' Melon
- 'All American' Parsnip
- 'Oregon Giant' Pea
- 'Bloomsdale Longstanding' Spinach
- 'Fordhook Giant' Swiss Chard
- 'Ace 55' Tomato
- 'Purple Top White Globe' Turnip

9000094 — \$ 34.95

### "Keep In Touch"

We love to stay connected with our gardening friends and wish we could chat over the garden gate with all of you. Here are some of the 21<sup>st</sup> Century equivalents:

[facebook.com/VictorySeeds](http://facebook.com/VictorySeeds)  
[twitter.com/VictorySeeds](http://twitter.com/VictorySeeds)  
[pinterest.com/VictorySeeds](http://pinterest.com/VictorySeeds)  
[instagram.com/VictorySeeds](http://instagram.com/VictorySeeds)  
[youtube.com/VictorySeeds](http://youtube.com/VictorySeeds)

### Preserving Family Heirloom Seeds

This is the cornerstone of our mission. We work with families to make sure that the legacy of their agrarian ancestors is not lost to time.

If you are caring for a variety that has been in your family for generations, or one that you otherwise feel is worth preserving, we welcome seed submissions. Please contact us for more information at [info@victoryseeds.com](mailto:info@victoryseeds.com).

**The Open Source Seed Initiative (OSSI) Pledge** - <http://osseeds.org> - "You have the freedom to use these OSSI-Pledged seeds in any way you choose. In return, you pledge not to restrict others' use of these seeds or their derivatives by patents or other means, and to include this Pledge with any transfer of these seeds or their derivatives." Additional information provided with purchase of OSSI seeds.



VICTORY SEED COMPANY  
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